

**U.S. ORIGIN HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR
EXPORT OF HORSES TO TAIWAN FROM THE UNITED STATES**

I. MINISTRY: United States Department of Agriculture

II. AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

III. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNOR/EXPORTER:

IV. NAME AND ADDRESS OF AREA/FARM OF ORIGIN:

V. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE/IMPORTER:

VI. TOTAL NUMBER OF HORSES IN SHIPMENT:

VII. ANIMAL INFORMATION:

Animal ID Number or Markings	Species	Age	Sex	Description

**If additional data is necessary, an enclosed list must contain the above data with signature and seal of the official veterinarian and be inseparably attached to the health certificate.*

VIII. CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS:

1. The United States is free of glanders, African horse sickness (AHS) as recognized by the central competent authority of Taiwan.
2. The United States is free of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (VEE) for the previous 2 years.
3. The horses originate from States or zones where vesicular stomatitis has not occurred in the previous year.
4. The farm/stabling premises have experienced no cases of rabies, dourine, equine encephalomyelitis (eastern, western), equine infectious anemia, equine influenza, epizootic lymphangitis and equine piroplasmosis in the last year; and Hendra virus, Nipah virus encephalitis, contagious equine metritis, horse pox, equine viral arteritis, strangles, pseudoglanders, equine rhinopneumonitis, Japanese encephalitis, surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*) and anthrax have not occurred during the 6 months prior to export.
5. The horses have been isolated for at least 28 days immediately prior to export, from _____mm/dd/yy to _____mm/dd/yy, under the supervision of a USDA-accredited veterinarian in an approved facility where mosquito repellent measures have been implemented.
6. West Nile fever: The horses meet one of the following (cross-out the 2 unused options):
 - (a) Uses of inactivated vaccine against West Nile fever twice at interval of 21 to 42 days, and the second vaccination being taken within 30 to 60 days prior to export.
First dose on _____(dd/mm/yy) with _____(vaccine type)
Second dose on _____(dd/mm/yy) with _____(vaccine type)
 - OR
 - (b) Vaccination against West Nile fever annually _____(previous vaccine; dd/mm/yy) with inactivated vaccine _____(vaccine type); and an inactivated booster vaccine being given within 30 to 60 days prior to export on _____(dd/mm/yy) with _____(vaccine type).
 - OR
 - (c) The horses originated from farms where West Nile fever has not occurred at least during the past 6 months, and were subject to the IgM capture enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (MAC-ELISA) test with negative results during pre-export quarantine _____(sampling date; dd/mm/yy), _____(testing date; dd/mm/yy) and laboratory name:_____.
7. The horses have not been vaccinated against Africa horse sickness.

8. The horses have been treated for internal and external parasites with _____
 (product name) at _____ (dose) at least 10 days prior to shipment
 _____ (mm/dd/yy).
9. The horses were inspected and showed no clinical evidence of any communicable
 disease during pre-export isolation.

IX. TEST REQUIREMENTS:

The horses for export to Taiwan have been tested negative to the following diseases during the 28 day USDA-approved export isolation. All tests were performed at laboratories acceptable to USDA, the laboratory name should be indicated.

	Test Method Used	Name of Laboratory	Date of Sample Collection	Test Result	Date of Test Result
Equine infectious anemia (Agar-gel immunodiffusion (Coggins) test <u>or</u> ELISA)					
Equine piroplasmiasis (Complement fixation (CF) test <u>or</u> indirect fluorescent antibody test OR ELISA)					
Vesicular stomatitis (SN test <u>or</u> ELISA <u>or</u> CFT)					
Contagious equine metritis (<i>Not required for hysterectomized mares or geldings</i>)	Bacterial culture of reproductive organs				
Equine viral arteritis	Serum neutralization (SN) test				

6. List the kinds of vaccines administered and dates given prior to export (for as long a time period as is available).

X. OTHER INFORMATION:

1. All equipment, containers, and vehicles used for transportation of the horses shall be cleaned and disinfected with a USDA-approved disinfectant.
2. The horses have not been transhipped through countries or zones where glanders and African horse sickness (AHS) is known to occur.
3. No feed, fodder, bedding or other animals shall be supplementary loaded during transportation.

Name of Issuing Authorized Veterinarian

Name of Endorsing Federal Veterinarian

Signature of Issuing Authorized Veterinarian

Signature of Endorsing Federal Veterinarian

Date

Date