

United States Department of Agriculture

FY2016 HPAI Response

Mortality Composting: Carbon Sources for Windrow Construction May 9, 2016

Please note: These procedures may be revised as the situation develops; this is a list of generally acceptable carbon sources for windrow composting of HPAI related mortalities. The carbon source resource needs for the premises, i.e. quantity and type, should be determined by a compost Subject Matter Expert and will depend on site-specific (typically poultry house-specific) conditions and circumstances.

Suitable carbon sources:

- Wood chips about 2" or less in size
- Wood shavings
- Yard/brush trimmings 2" or less in size
- Partially composted leaf and yard waste (still hot)
- Sawdust (not used alone)
- Chopped hay/straw
- Chopped corn stover
- Oat/Sunflower hulls
- Dry mammalian manure
- Ground pallets (2" or less) if fasteners have been removed
- Class A Biosolids, in accordance with local and state requirements for land application
- Other material listed in APHIS
 Composting Protocol or as
 recommended by APHIS-recognized
 Subject Matter Expert and approved
 for use on agricultural land by the
 state





Chopped corn stover





Oat hulls

Materials <u>not</u> suitable within a carbon source:

- Rocks
- Glass
- Plastic
- Large logs/branches
- Grass clippings >5%
- Ground construction and demolition debris (CDD)
- Regulated pests (Emerald ash borer, etc.)
- Rubber
- Metal/baling wire
- Chemicals
- Concrete
- Painted/pressure treated wood
- Soil/sand
- Carbon source with free liquid or excessive leachate

Mixed wood with logs/large lumber pieces







Construction demolition debris

Wood chips with rocks/gravel