Dairy Products Intended for Animal Consumption Exported to South Korea

Dairy products, including pet food containing no animal origin ingredients other than dairy, exported to Korea from foot-and-mouth free countries (such as the United States), do not require a government issued health certificate.

Rather, one of the following is required (note treatment schedules must be documented*):

- A. The materials were treated at 72°C for 15 seconds or longer or treated at equivalent or higher levels; or
- B. The material was UHT/HTST/LTLT treated, treated at 57-68°C for at least 15 seconds and then matured (limited to cheese), or fermented using lactic acid bacteria, etc.; or
- C. The material is packed in a shelf-stable container, e.g. canned or bottled; or
- D. The material is dried and imported in passenger baggage.
- * The treatment schedule can be verified in one of the following 3 ways:
- (1) a health certificate issued by the government agency responsible for animal quarantine services of the exporting country (producing country)
- (2) a heat treatment certificate or manufacturing process of the given product that has either been verified by or been issued by the government of the exporting country (including a local government).
- (3) A notarized verification document issued by manufacturer (signed by the representative of company) of the exporting country.

NOTE: The above does NOT apply to dairy for human consumption. Effective July 1, 2021, all dairy products intended for human consumption must be certified by USDA's Agricultural Marketing Service. Exporters may find more information on AMS' website at: https://www.ams.usda.gov/services/imports-exports/dairy-exports.