

**Veterinary Health Certificate for Importation of Intact Horses Into The United States  
From Contagious Equine Metritis-affected Regions Requiring a Three Day Quarantine**

**Veterinary Authority**

**Date Of Issue**

**Health Certificate Number**

**1. Consignor:**

**Name**

**Address**

**Country**

**2. Consignee in the United States:**

**Name**

**Address**

**Country**

**3. Country Of Origin/ISO code:**

**4. State Of Origin:**

**5. Premise/Farm Of Origin:**

**Name**

**Address**

**6. Port Of Embarkation/ Entry Point/ Border Port:**

**7. Estimated Date Of Shipment:**

**8. Means Of Transport:**

**9. Place of Destination:**

**10. Description: \*Registered Name/Breed/Color/Sex/Distinctive Markings:**

**\*Clear identifications must accompany this certificate: photographs, microchip, and/or a silhouette indicating markings. A passport identifying the horse may be attached to this certificate provided that the passport number is included.**

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This is to certify that on \_\_\_\_\_ (date), I examined the horse identified above:

I. The horse was in the country of export for the last 60 days immediately preceding exportation to the United States<sup>1</sup>. If residing in the country for less than 60 days, the horse is accompanied by a like health certificate issued by a salaried veterinary officer of the national government of each country in which the horse has been during the 60 days immediately preceding shipment to the United States, with the residency dates spent in each country specified<sup>2</sup>;

Has been inspected and found to be free of contagious diseases and, insofar as can be determined, not exposed to communicable diseases immediately preceding exportation, or if applicable, during the indicated period of residency in any of the countries listed;

Has not been vaccinated with a live, attenuated or inactivated vaccine during the 14 days immediately preceding exportation;

Has not been on premises where African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, surra, epizootic lymphangitis, ulcerative lymphangitis, equine piroplasmiasis, equine infectious anemia (EIA), contagious equine metritis (CEM), vesicular stomatitis, or Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has occurred during the 60 days in the countries where the horse has resided immediately preceding exportation, nor have these diseases occurred on any adjoining premises during the same period of time;

Has been examined and found to be free of ectoparasites.

II. Contagious Equine Metritis

For horses less than 731 days of age:

Has never been used for breeding, either live or artificial.

For all intact males over 731 days of age and intact males under 731 days of age which have been used for breeding:

On \_\_\_\_\_ (date and time), specimens (4) were collected from the mucosal surface of the prepuce, the urethral sinus, the distal urethra and the fossa glandis (including the diverticulum of the fossa glandis).

The date of sampling is within 30 days of export but not less than 21 days following treatment if treated for CEM.

For all females over 731 days of age and females under 731 days of age which have been used for breeding:

On \_\_\_\_\_ (date and time), specimens (3) were collected from the mucosal surface of the clitoral fossa, clitoral sinuses, and if the mare is not pregnant, the distal cervix or endometrium.

The date of sampling is within 30 days of export but not less than 21 days following treatment if treated for CEM.

All specimens were received and plated within 48 hours of collection by a laboratory approved by the national veterinary service of the region of export to perform bacteriological tests for CEM.

Name of Laboratory Used \_\_\_\_\_

Collection Date and Time \_\_\_\_\_

Result \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Veterinary Authority	Date Of Issue	Certificate Number
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The horse described on the health certificate must not have been used for natural breeding, for the collection of semen for artificial insemination in the case of stallions, or for artificial insemination in the case of mares, from the time the specimens were collected through the date of export.

1. Either the horse has never cultured positive for the CEM organism

OR

2. The horse cultured positive on \_\_\_\_\_ (date), and was treated for CEM in a manner approved by the national veterinary service of the region of export using \_\_\_\_\_ (describe protocol). The horse was cultured again at least 21 days after the treatment was completed, and cultured negative on \_\_\_\_\_ (date).

Notes:

<sup>1</sup>The health certificate from the final country that the horse resides in immediately prior to export must be endorsed by the examining veterinarian and the salaried veterinary officer of the national government of the country of export or can be endorsed solely by the salaried veterinary officer of the national government of the exporting country if they are also the examining veterinarian.

<sup>2</sup>If the horse is residing in a European Union member state other than the member state of export during the 60 days immediately preceding shipment to the United States, then the horse can be accompanied by a like health certificate issued by an examining veterinarian of each member state, with the residency dates spent in each member state specified.

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Signature of Examining Veterinarian: \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Salaried Veterinary Officer of the National Government:

\_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

*Original wet-ink signatures are required.*