

**Model health certificate for animal by-products to be used for purposes outside the feed chain
or for trade samples from non-EU countries
GBHC098X v3.1 October 2022**

Part I. Details of the dispatched consignment

I.1 Consignor Name: Address: Tel:				I.2 Certificate reference no.						
				I.2.a Not in use	I.3 Central competent authority APHIS-VS		I.4 Local competent authority			
I.5 Consignee Name: Address: Tel:				I.6 Person responsible for the load in Great Britain Name: Address: Tel:						
I.7 Country of origin		ISO code	I.8 Region of origin		Code	I.9 Country of destination		ISO code	I.10 Region of destination	Code
I.11 Place of origin Name: Approval number: Address: Name: Approval number: Address: Name: Approval number: Address:				I.12 Place of destination <input type="checkbox"/> Custom warehouse Name: Approval number: Address:						
I.13 Place of loading				I.14 Date of departure						
I.15 Means of transport <input type="checkbox"/> Aeroplane <input type="checkbox"/> Ship <input type="checkbox"/> Railway wagon <input type="checkbox"/> Road vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> Other Identification: Documentation references:				I.16 Entry BCP						
				I.17 Not in use						

Part II. Certification

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I have read and understood Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 and Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011 and in particular Chapter II of Annex XIV thereto, and certify that the animal by-products described above:

⁽¹⁾~~either~~ [are trade samples which consist of animal by-products intended for particular studies or analyses as referred to in the definition of trade samples in point 39 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011, that bear the label 'TRADE SAMPLE NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION'.]

⁽⁴⁾~~or~~ [satisfy the animal health requirements set out in point II.1.];

~~II.1~~ The animal by products described above

~~II.1.1~~ have been

⁽⁴⁾~~either~~ [(a) obtained from materials imported from a third country, territory or part thereof:⁽²⁾ authorised to export fresh meat to Great Britain;]

⁽⁴⁾~~and/or~~ [(b) obtained in the exporting third country, territory or part thereof.....⁽²⁾ from animals that either:

(i) have remained in that third country, territory or part thereof eligible to export fresh meat to Great Britain since birth or for a period of at least the preceding three months before the date of slaughter; and/or

(ii) were killed in the wild in that third country, territory or part thereof⁽³⁾;

⁽⁴⁾~~and/or~~ [(c) derived from eggs, milk, rodents, lagomorphs, or aquatic animals or terrestrial or aquatic invertebrates;]

⁽⁴⁾~~II.1.2~~ in the case of materials other than materials derived from eggs, milk, rodents, lagomorphs, wool grease, aquatic animals, terrestrial or aquatic invertebrates and unprocessed furs, have been obtained from animals:

⁽⁴⁾~~either~~ [(a) coming from holdings:

(i) where, for the following diseases for which the animals are susceptible, there has not been any case/outbreak of rinderpest, swine vesicular disease, Newcastle disease or highly pathogenic avian influenza during the period of the preceding 30 days, nor of classical or African swine fever during the period of the preceding 40 days; nor in the holdings situated in their vicinity within a 10 km radius, during the period of the preceding 30 days; and

(ii) where there has not been any case/outbreak of foot and mouth disease during the period of the preceding 60 days, nor in the holdings situated in their vicinity within a 25 km radius, during the period of the preceding 30 days; and

~~(b) — which:~~

~~(i) — were not killed to eradicate any epizootic disease;~~

~~(ii) — remained on their holdings of origin for a period of at least 40 days before the date of departure and which were transported directly to the slaughterhouse without contact with other animals which did not comply with the same health conditions;~~

~~(iii) — at the slaughterhouse, passed the ante-mortem health inspection during the period of 24 hours before the time of slaughter and showed no evidence of the diseases referred to above for which the animals are susceptible; and~~

~~(iv) — were handled in the slaughterhouse before and at the time of slaughter or killing in accordance with the relevant provisions of retained EU law and complied with requirements at least equivalent to those laid down in Chapters II and III of Council Regulation (EC) No 1099/2009]~~

~~⁽⁴⁾or [(a) — captured and killed in the wild in an area:~~

~~(i) — where within a 25 km radius there has been no case/outbreak of any of the following diseases for which the animals are susceptible: foot and mouth disease, rinderpest, Newcastle disease or highly pathogenic avian influenza during the period of the preceding 30 days nor of classical or African swine fever during the period of the preceding 40 days; and~~

~~(ii) — that is situated at a distance that exceeds 20 km from the borders separating another territory of a third country or part thereof, which is not authorised at these dates for the exportation of such material to Great Britain; and~~

~~(b) — which, after killing, were transported within a period of 12 hours for chilling either to a collection centre and immediately afterwards to a game establishment, or directly to a game establishment;]]~~

~~⁽⁴⁾II.1.3 in the case of materials other than materials derived from fish or invertebrates caught in the wild, have been obtained in an establishment around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of diseases referred to in point II.1.2 for which the animals are susceptible during a period of the preceding 30 days or, in the event of a case/outbreak of one of those diseases, the preparation of raw material for exportation to Great Britain was authorised only after the removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;]~~

~~II.1.4 — have been obtained and prepared without contact with other material which does not comply with the conditions required above, and it has been handled so as to avoid contamination with pathogenic agents;~~

~~II.1.5~~ have been packed in new packaging which prevents any leakage or in packaging which has been cleaned and disinfected before use and, in the case of consignments shipped other than via parcel post, in containers sealed under the responsibility of the competent authority, bearing the label indicating 'ANIMAL BY PRODUCTS ONLY FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF DERIVED PRODUCTS FOR USES OUTSIDE THE FEED CHAIN' and the name and address of the establishment of destination in Great Britain;

~~II.1.6~~ consist only of the following animal by-products:

~~⁽¹⁾either [carcasses and parts of animals slaughtered or, in the case of game, bodies or parts of animals killed which were deemed fit for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law until irreversibly declared as animal by-products for commercial reasons;]~~

~~⁽¹⁾and/or [carcasses and the following parts originating either from animals that were slaughtered in a slaughterhouse and were considered fit for slaughter for human consumption following an ante-mortem inspection or bodies and the following parts of animals from game killed for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law -:~~

~~(i) carcasses or bodies and parts of animals which were rejected as unfit for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law, but which did not show any signs of disease communicable to humans or animals;~~

~~(ii) heads of poultry;~~

~~(iii) hides and skins, including trimmings and splitting thereof, horns and feet, including the phalanges and the carpus and metacarpus bones, tarsus and metatarsus bones;~~

~~(iv) pig bristles;~~

~~(v) feathers;]~~

~~⁽¹⁾and/or [animal by-products from poultry and lagomorphs slaughtered on the farm as referred to in Article 13(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, which did not show any signs of disease communicable to humans or animals;]~~

~~⁽¹⁾and/or [blood of animals which did not show any signs of disease communicable through blood to humans or animals, obtained from animals that have been slaughtered in a slaughterhouse after having been considered fit for slaughter for human consumption following an ante-mortem inspection in accordance with retained EU law;]~~

~~⁽¹⁾and/or [animal by-products arising from the production of products intended for human consumption, including degreased bone, greaves and centrifuge or separator sludge from milk processing;]~~

- ~~(4) and/or [products of animal origin, or foodstuffs containing products of animal origin, which are no longer intended for human consumption for commercial reasons or due to problems of manufacturing or packaging defects or other defects from which no risk to public or animal health arises;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [petfood and feedingstuffs of animal origin, or feedingstuffs containing animal by-products or derived products, which are no longer intended for feeding for commercial reasons or due to problems of manufacturing or packaging defects or other defects from which no risk to public or animal health arises;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [blood, placenta, wool, feathers, hair, horns, hoof cuts and raw milk originating from live animals that did not show signs of any disease communicable through that product to humans or animals;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [aquatic animals, and parts of such animals, except sea mammals, which did not show any signs of diseases communicable to humans or animals;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [animal by-products from aquatic animals originating from establishments or plants manufacturing products for human consumption;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [the following material originating from animals which did not show any signs of disease communicable through that material to humans or animals:~~
- ~~(i) — shells from shellfish with soft tissue or flesh;~~
 - ~~(ii) — the following originating from terrestrial animals:
 - ~~— hatchery by-products;~~
 - ~~— eggs;~~
 - ~~— egg by-products, including egg shells;~~~~
 - ~~(iii) — day old chicks killed for commercial reasons;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [animal by-products from aquatic or terrestrial invertebrates, other than species pathogenic to humans or animals;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [animals and parts thereof of the zoological orders of Rodentia and Lagomorpha, except Category 1 material as referred to in Article 8(a)(iii), (iv) and (v) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 and Category 2 material as referred to in Article 9(a) to (g) of that Regulation;]~~
- ~~(4) and/or [furs originating from dead animals that did not show clinical signs of any disease communicable through that product to humans or animals;]~~

~~II.1.7 — have been deep frozen at the plant of origin or have been preserved in accordance with retained EU law in such a way that they will not spoil between the time of dispatch and the time of delivery to the plant of destination.~~

~~⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾II.1.8 — ⁽¹⁾⁽⁵⁾either II.1.8.1~~ The animal by-products in this consignment come from animals that have been obtained in the country, territory or part thereof referred to in point II.1.1, where vaccination programmes against foot and mouth disease are regularly carried out and officially controlled in domestic bovine animals.]]

~~⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾and/or II.1.8.2~~ The animal by-products in this consignment consist of animal by-products derived from offal or deboned meat.]]

~~⁽¹⁾⁽⁷⁾II.1.9~~ the animal by-products described above

~~⁽¹⁾either~~ [are derived from other ruminants than bovine, ovine or caprine animals.]]

~~⁽¹⁾⁽⁷⁾or~~ [are derived from bovine, ovine or caprine animals and does not contain and is not derived from:

~~⁽¹⁾either~~ [bovine, ovine and caprine materials other than those derived from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on gov.uk, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.]]

~~⁽¹⁾⁽⁷⁾or~~ [(a) specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council;

~~(b)~~ mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals, except from those animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on gov.uk, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, in which there has been no indigenous BSE case,

~~(c)~~ animal by-product or derived product obtained from bovine, ovine or caprine animals which have been killed, after stunning, by laceration of the central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity, except for those animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on gov.uk, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.]]]

~~II.1.10~~ the animal by-products described above:

~~⁽¹⁾either~~ [do not contain milk or milk products of ovine or caprine animal origin or is not intended for feed for farmed animals, other than fur animals.]]

~~⁽¹⁾or~~ [contain milk or milk products of ovine or caprine animal origin and is intended for feed for farmed animals, other than fur animals, and the milk or milk products:

~~(a)~~ are derived from ovine and caprine animals which have been kept continuously since birth in a country where the following conditions are fulfilled:

- ~~(i) — classical scrapie is compulsorily notifiable;~~
- ~~(ii) — an awareness, surveillance and monitoring system is in place for classical scrapie;~~
- ~~(iii) — official restrictions apply to holdings of ovine or caprine animals in the case of a suspicion of TSE or the confirmation of classical scrapie;~~
- ~~(iv) — ovine and caprine animals affected with classical scrapie are killed and destroyed;~~
- ~~(v) — the feeding to ovine and caprine animals of meat and bone meal or greaves, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH (formerly OIE)), of ruminant origin has been banned and effectively enforced in the whole country for a period of at least the preceding seven years;~~
- ~~(b) — originate from holdings where no official restrictions are imposed due to a suspicion of TSE;~~
- ~~(c) — originate from holdings where no case of classical scrapie has been diagnosed during the period of the preceding seven years or, following the confirmation of a case of classical scrapie:
 - ~~⁽⁴⁾ either [all ovine and caprine animals on the holding have been killed and destroyed or slaughtered, except for breeding rams of the ARR/ARR genotype, breeding ewes carrying at least one ARR allele and no VRQ allele and other ovine animals carrying at least one ARR allele;]~~
 - ~~⁽⁴⁾ or [all animals in which classical scrapie was confirmed have been killed and destroyed, and the holding has been subjected for a period of at least two years since the date of confirmation of the last classical scrapie case to intensified TSE monitoring, including testing with negative results for the presence of TSE in accordance with the laboratory methods set out in point 3.2 of Chapter C of Annex X to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, of all of the following animals which are over the age of 18 months, except ovine animals of the ARR/ARR genotype.
 - ~~— animals which have been slaughtered for human consumption; and~~
 - ~~— animals which have died or been killed on the holding but which were not killed in the framework of a disease eradication campaign.]]~~~~~~

Notes

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been retained in Great Britain (retained EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) and can be viewed on the UK legislation website (legislation.gov.uk).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

Part I:

- Box reference I.6: Person responsible for the consignment in Great Britain: this box is required to be filled in only if it is a certificate for a commodity to be transited through Great Britain; it may be filled in if the certificate is for a commodity that is to be imported into Great Britain.
- Box reference I.11: In the case of consignments for trade samples or analyses: indicate the name and address of the establishment only.
- Box reference I.11 and I.12: Approval number: the registration number of the establishment or plant, which has been issued by the competent authority.
- Box reference I.12: Place of destination: this box is to be filled in:
- products for the manufacture of derived products for uses outside the feed chain: only if it is a certificate for a transit commodity. Products in transit may only be stored in free zones, free warehouses and custom warehouses.
 - products for trade samples or analyses: the plant in Great Britain indicated in the authorisation of the competent authority where appropriate.
- Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In the case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the border control post of the point of entry into Great Britain.
- Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate Harmonized System (HS) code under the following headings: 04.01; 04.02; 04.03; 04.04; 04.08; 05.05; 05.06, 05.07; 05.11.91; 05.11.99, 23.01 or 30.01.
- Box reference I.23: For bulk containers, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) must be included.
- Box reference I.25: Technical use: any use other than feeding of farmed animals, other than fur animals, and the production or manufacturing of pet food.
- Box reference I.25: For the purposes of the certificate, 'technical use' includes use as a trade sample.
- Box reference I.26 and I.27: Fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.
- Box reference I.28:
- Products for the manufacture of derived products for uses outside the feed chain: Manufacturing plant: provide the veterinary control number of the approved establishment.
 - Products for the particular technological studies or analyses: the plant in Great Britain indicated in the authorisation of the competent authority where appropriate.
 - Species: select from the following: *Aves*, *Ruminantia*, *Suidae*, *Mammalia* other than *Ruminantia* or *Suidae*, *Pesca*, *Mollusca*, *Crustacea*, invertebrates other than *Mollusca* and *Crustacea*.

Part II:

- (1) Delete as appropriate.
- (2) The name and ISO code number of the exporting country as laid down in:

Animal by-products to be used for purposes outside the feed chain or for trade samples from non-EU countries GBHC098X

II.a. Certificate reference no.

n.b.

- a document relating to 'fresh meat of ungulates' published on gov.uk, in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010⁽⁸⁾

- a document relating to 'poultry and poultry products' published on gov.uk, in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 798/2008,⁽⁶⁾ and

- a document relating to 'meat of wild leporidae, certain wild land mammals and of farmed rabbits' published on gov.uk, in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 119/2009.⁽⁸⁾

In addition, the ISO code of territories and parts thereof referred to in the documents published in accordance with Regulations (EU) No 206/2010, (EC) No 798/2008 and (EC) No 119/2009 referred to in this note (where applicable for the susceptible species concerned) must be included where applicable.⁽⁸⁾

- (3) Only for countries from where the game meat intended for human consumption of the same animal species is authorised for importation into Great Britain.
- (4) Supplementary guarantees to be provided where the material of domestic ruminants originated in the territory of a South American or South African country or part thereof from where only matured and deboned fresh meat of domestic ruminants for human consumption is authorised for exportation to Great Britain. The whole masseter muscles of bovine animals, incised in accordance with the requirements of Article 19, paragraph 1(a) to (EU) Regulation 2019/627 are also permitted.
- (5) Only for certain South American countries.
- (6) Only for certain South American and South African countries.
- (7) A document relating to the 'Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) risk status' of approved trading partners published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, may be found here:

[Animal health status of countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk](#)

- (8) Documents relating to 'fresh meat of ungulates', 'poultry and poultry products' and 'meat of wild leporidae, certain wild land mammals and of farmed rabbits' for non-EU countries published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, may be found here:

[Non-EU countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk](#)

The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.

Note for the person responsible for the consignment in Great Britain: this certificate is only for veterinary purposes and must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border control post.

Official Veterinarian / Official Inspector

Name (in capital letters):

Qualification and title:

Date:

Signature:

Stamp: