

United States Department of Agriculture

Marketing and Regulatory Programs Yianni Lagos, CEO

Soil Culture Solutions, LLC (d/b/a Soilcea) 3802 Spectrum Blvd, Suite 157 Tampa, FL 33612

RSR number 23-132-02rsr

Animal Plant Health Inspection Service

RE: Regulatory Status Review of sweet orange developed using genetic engineering for decreased production of two host targets of *Candidatus* Liberibacter asiaticus effector proteins.

Biotechnology Regulatory Services

Dear Mr. Lagos

4700 River Road Riverdale MD 20737 Thank you for your letter dated May 11, 2023, requesting a Regulatory Status Review (RSR) for sweet orange developed using genetic engineering (modified sweet orange). In your letter, you described that the sweet orange was modified to impart resistance to citrus greening via decreased production of two host targets of *Candidatus* Liberibacter asiaticus effector proteins.

The Plant Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. §§ 7701 et seq.) provides USDA authority to oversee the detection, control, eradication, suppression, prevention, or retardation of the spread of plant pests to protect agriculture, environment, and the economy of the United States. USDA, through the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), regulates the "Movement of Organisms Modified or Produced through Genetic Engineering" as described in 7 CFR part 340.

Consistent with 7 CFR 340.4, APHIS reviewed your modified sweet orange to determine whether it is subject to the regulations in 7 CFR part 340. Specifically, APHIS reviewed the modified sweet orange to determine whether there is a plausible pathway by which the sweet orange, or any sexually compatible relatives, would pose an increased plant pest risk relative to the plant pest risk posed by an appropriate sweet orange comparator. Based on information you provided, publicly available resources, and APHIS' familiarity with sweet orange and knowledge of the trait, phenotype, and mechanism of action, APHIS considered the (1) biology of nonmodified sweet orange and its sexually compatible relatives; (2) the trait and mechanism-of-action of the modification; and (3) the effect of the trait and mechanism-of-action on the (a) distribution, density, or development of the plant and its sexually compatible relatives, (b) production, creation, or enhancement of a plant pest or a reservoir for a plant pest, (c) harm to non-target organisms beneficial to agriculture, and (d) weedy impacts of the plant. APHIS did not identify any plausible pathway by which your modified sweet orange, or any sexually compatible relatives, would pose an increased plant pest risk relative to comparator sweet orange plants. APHIS has determined your sweet orange is unlikely to pose an increased plant pest risk relative to its comparators. Once APHIS determines that a plant product is unlikely to pose an increased plant pest risk relative to its comparator, and, thus, is not a plant pest or a plant that requires regulation because it is capable of introducing or disseminating a plant pest, APHIS has no authority to regulate it under 7 CFR part 340. Accordingly, your sweet orange is not subject to the regulations under 7 CFR part 340. APHIS' determination that this modified plant is not subject to the regulations extends to any progeny of the modified plant that is derived from crosses with other non-modified plants or other modified plants that are also not subject to the regulations in 7 CFR part 340.

Please be advised that APHIS' decision applies to the sweet orange developed using genetic engineering exactly as described in your letter. If at any time you become aware of any information that may affect our review of your modified sweet orange, including, for example, new information that shows the trait, phenotype, or mechanism of action is different than described in your letter, you must contact APHIS for further review of the plant at RSRrequests@usda.gov.

Please be advised that your plant product, while not regulated under 7 CFR part 340, may be subject to APHIS Plant Protection and Quarantine (PPQ) permit and/or quarantine requirements. For further information, you may contact the PPQ general number for such inquiries at 877-770-5990. Your plant product may also be subject to other regulatory authorities such as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Please contact EPA and FDA to enquire about the regulatory status of your product.

Sincerely,

Brz

Bernadette Juarez
APHIS Deputy Administrator
Biotechnology Regulatory Services
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service
U.S. Department of Agriculture

September 26, 2024