

# **Summary of Studies Supporting USDA Product Licensure**

Establishment Name	Boehringer Ingelheim Animal Health USA Inc.
USDA Vet Biologics Establishment Number	124
Product Code	4865.24
True Name	Encephalomyelitis Vaccine, Eastern & Western, Killed Virus, Tetanus Toxoid
Tradename(s) / Distributor or Subsidiary (if different from manufacturer)	Vetera EWT - No distributor specified
Date of Compilation Summary	February 06, 2019

Disclaimer: Do not use the following studies to compare one product to another. Slight differences in study design and execution can render the comparisons meaningless.

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Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Clostridium tetanus
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against Clostridium tetanus
<b>Product Administration</b>	One dose, administered intramuscularly
Study Animals	10 guinea pigs (10 vaccinates)
<b>Challenge Description</b>	Not applicable
Interval observed after	Not applicable
challenge	
Results	Vaccinate serum samples were collected and pooled, then tested for antitoxin content by indirect Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay.  A satisfactory value which met the requirements per 9 CFR 113.114(c) was achieved.
<b>USDA Approval Date</b>	May 1, 2008

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Study Type	Efficacy					
Pertaining to	Eastern equine encephalomyelitis					
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against Eastern equine					
	encephalomyelitis					
<b>Product Administration</b>	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 14 to 21 days apart					
Study Animals	12 guinea pigs (10 vaccinates, 2 controls)					
<b>Challenge Description</b>	Not applicable					
Interval observed after	Not applicable					
challenge						
Results	Serum samples were tested by a plaque reduction, serum neutralization test, 14 to 21 days after the second injection.  Vaccinates and controls were evaluated in terms of Eastern equine encephalomyelitis per the criteria in 9 CFR 113.207(b) and the requirements were met.					
<b>USDA Approval Date</b>	May 1, 2008					

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Study Type	Efficacy					
Pertaining to	Western equine encephalomyelitis					
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against Western equine					
	encephalomyelitis					
<b>Product Administration</b>	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 14 to 21 days apart					
Study Animals	12 guinea pigs (10 vaccinates, 2 controls)					
<b>Challenge Description</b>	Not applicable					
Interval observed after	Not applicable					
challenge						
Results	Serum samples were tested by a plaque reduction, serum neutralization test, 14 to 21 days after the second injection.  Vaccinates and controls were evaluated in terms of Western equine encephalomyelitis per the criteria in 9 CFR 113.207(b) and the requirements were met.					
<b>USDA Approval Date</b>	May 1, 2008					

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Study Type	Safety
Pertaining to	All fractions
Study Purpose	To demonstrate safety in pregnant mares under field conditions at
	two different test sites
Product	Two intramuscular doses, given 16-28 days apart. 54 pregnant mares
Administration	were injected with placebo and 325 pregnant mares were vaccinated
	with test product.
<b>Study Animals</b>	Three hundred seventy-nine pregnant mares at two locations were
	included in the study. The mares were confirmed to be pregnant by
	serum hormonal evaluation on the day of the first vaccination.
Challenge	Not applicable
Description	
Interval observed	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> trimester: Mares observed immediately after vaccination
after vaccination	and daily for overall health and for abortion. Resulting foals were
	observed daily for 7 days following birth.
	3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester: Mares observed immediately after vaccination and
	daily for overall health and for abortion. Resulting foals were
	observed daily for 30 days following birth.
Results	Results shown on next page

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## Results

## Study 2013-PM-1009

North Dakota Site:

Group	Vaccinated	Confirmed	Foals	Parturition
		Pregnant		Rate
1st trimester/	143	127	114	90%
product				
1st trimester/	59	54	49	91%
placebo				
2 <sup>nd</sup> trimester/	6	6	6	100%
product				
3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester/	140	117	117	100%
product				
Total –	348	304	286	94%
all animals				
Total –	289	250	237	95%
product only				
Total –	59	54	49	91%
placebo only				

#### Study 2013-PM-1009

#### Misssouri Site:

Group	Vaccinated	Confirmed Pregnant	Foals	Parturition Rate
2011 3 <sup>rd</sup>	5	5	5	100%
trimester				
2012 1st	1	1	1	100%
trimester				
2012 2 <sup>nd</sup>	53	43	39	91%
trimester				
2012 3 <sup>rd</sup>	26	26	25	96%
trimester				
Total –	85	75	70	93%
product				

## Study 2014-PM-1009

#### North Dakota Site:

Group	Vaccinated	Confirmed Pregnant	Foaled	Parturition Rate	Foals Survived to End of
					Observation Period
2 <sup>nd</sup> trimester vaccinated	52	52	52	100%	51*
3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester vaccinated	69	69	67**	97.1%	67

<sup>\*</sup>Lost foal affirmed by study cooperator to be due to causes other than vaccination.

All other foals were normal and healthy

## **USDA Approval Date**

September 12, 2014

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<sup>\*\*</sup>One mare died due to causes other than vaccination, as affirmed by study cooperator.

Study Type	Safety	Safety					
Pertaining to	All fractions						
<b>Study Purpose</b>	To demonstrate safety under field conditions						
Product	Two doses,	administered	intramuscularl	y approxi	mately 3	- 4 weeks	apart
Administration							
Study Animals			8 foals 3 month	s of age a	and 52 foa	als 5 mont	hs of age
Challenge	Not applica	ble					
Description							
Interval	Not applica	ble					
observed after							
challenge							
Results			least daily follo	owing eac	ch vaccina	ation, until	
	resolution o	f any observe	eu reactions.				
	There were	no systemic	reactions observ	ed at any	of the si	tes. Two f	oals and
	one horse d	ied from caus	ses affirmed by	licensee i	not attribu	ated to vac	cination.
	Adverse eve	ents were lim	ited to transient	. non-pai	nful swel	lings at the	e injection
		olved withou		, <b>F</b>			
	Local inject	ion site react	ions are summa	rized held	ow across	the four	rites.
	Local inject	ion site react			inates		
		<b>7</b> 5 4 1	N 1 06		ransient		oer Of
		Total	Number Of		on Site		mal
	Site	Number Of	Vaccinates Administered	Swe	lling	Vacci	inates
		Vaccinates	2 doses	After	After	After 1st	After
		v decimates	2 doses	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	dose	2 <sup>nd</sup> dose
	North			dose	dose		
	Dakota	378	378	4	0	374	378
	California	43	43	4	3	39	40
	Missouri	292	290	0	0	292	290
	Texas	170	169	6	1	164	168
	Total	883	880	14 (1.6%)	4 (0.5%)	869 (98.4%)	876 (99.5%)
	Results from	n each site ar	e summarized o	on the foll	lowing pa	iges.	

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#### North Dakota Site:

Summary	Number Of Vaccinates	Number Of Vaccinates Administered	Transient	tes With t Injection welling		Of Normal inates
Age	vaccinates	2 doses	After 1st dose	After 2 <sup>nd</sup> dose	After 1st dose	After 2 <sup>nd</sup> dose
2-4 months	179	179	0	0	179	179
5-7 months	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
8-11 months	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1-5 years*	121	121	2	0	119	121
6-15 years*	78	78	2	0	76	78
>16 years	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total	378	378	4	0	374	378

<sup>\*</sup>Swellings were 3cm in size observed 1-3 days post vaccination that resolved within 3 days.

#### California Site:

Summary	Number Of Vaccinates	Number Of Vaccinates Administered	Vaccinates With Transient Injection Site Swelling			Of Normal inates
Age		2 doses	After 1st dose	After 2 <sup>nd</sup> dose	After 1st dose	After 2 <sup>nd</sup> dose
2-4 months*	7	7	0	2	7	5
5-7 months**	1	1	1	0	0	1
8-11 months	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1-5 years***	19	19	2	0	17	19
6-15 years****	15	15	1	1	14	14
>16 years	1	1	0	0	1	1
Total	43	43	4	3	39	40

<sup>\*</sup>Swellings were 3cm in size observed within hours post vaccination that resolved within several hours.

\*\*Swelling was 3cm in size observed immediately post vaccination that resolved within several hours.

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<sup>\*\*\*1</sup> horse had a swelling 1cm in size observed immediately post vaccination that resolved within several hours. 1 horse had a swelling observed on day 1 that increased in size to 9cm on day 3 post vaccination and resolved by day 5.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Same horse had a swelling after each vaccination that resolved within 3 weeks. Size after the first vaccination was 24cm. Size after the second vaccination was 10cm.

Missouri Site:						
Summary	Number Of	Number Of Vaccinates	Transien	ites With t Injection welling		Of Normal inates
Age	Vaccinates	Administered 2 doses	After 1st	After 2 <sup>nd</sup>	After 1st	After 2 <sup>nd</sup>
Age		2 doses	dose	dose	dose	dose
2-4 months	33	32	0	0	33	32
5-7 months	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
8-11 months	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1-5 years	225	224	0	0	225	224
6-15 years	32	32	0	0	32	32
>16 years	2	2	0	0	2	2
Total	292	290	0	0	292	290

## Texas Site:

Summary	Number Of Vaccinates	Number Of Vaccinates Administered 2 doses	Vaccinates With Transient Injection Site Swelling		Number Of Normal Vaccinates	
Age			After 1st	After 2 <sup>nd</sup>	After 1st	After 2 <sup>nd</sup>
			dose	dose	dose	dose
2-4 months	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5-7 months	52	51	1	1	51	50
8-11 months	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1-5 years	114	114	5	0	109	114
6-15 years	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
>16 years	4	4	0	0	4	4
Total	170	169	6*	1**	164	168

<sup>\*</sup>Swellings were <1.5cm were observed 4-7 days post vaccination and resolved within 6 days.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Swelling was 5cm observed 1 day post vaccination that resolved within 2 days.

USDA	November 1, 2010	
<b>Approval Date</b>		

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