

Veterinary Health Certificate for Export of Cattle for Breeding from the United States of America to the State of Kuwait		
Veterinary Authority UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	Date Of Issue	
1. Consignor:		2. Consignee:
3. Country Of Origin: USA	4. State Of Origin:	
5. Country Of Destination: Kuwait	6. Zone Of Destination: *****	
7. Place Of Origin:	8. Port Of Embarkation / Border Crossing:	
9. Estimated Date Of Shipment:	10. Means Of Transport:	
11. ***** *****	12. CITES Permit Number: *****	
13. Description Of Commodity: Cattle	14. Date Of Inspection:	
15. Total Quantity:	16. Additional Information:	
17. Total Number Of Packages/Containers:		
18. Identification / Seal Numbers:		
19. Commodities Intended Use:	20. Type Of Admission:	
21. Identification Of Commodities:		
(See next page) ***** ***** *****		

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21. Identification Of Commodities: Continued

Breed	Age	Sex	Official Identification

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Certification Statements:

I, the undersigned USDA Accredited Veterinarian, certify that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

1. The animals were examined today and showed no clinical signs of infections and contagious diseases.
2. The United States is free from Crimean Congo hemorrhagic fever, heartwater, lumpy skin disease, old world and new world screwworm, Rift valley fever, trypanosomosis, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, foot and mouth disease, hemorrhagic septicemia, and bovine babesiosis.
3. Theileriosis: The animals were kept for the 35 days prior to shipment in an establishment where no case of Theileria was reported during the preceding two years, and showed no clinical signs of infection with Theileria and no infestation of ticks at the time of inspection. Cattle for export were tested negative for both microscopic examination (Giemsa-stained smears) and PCR agent identification tests for Theileriosis during isolation.
4. Anthrax: The animals were kept for the 20 days prior to shipment in an establishment where no case of anthrax was reported during that period.
5. Bluetongue (BTV):
[0] The animals were protected from vectors for at least 28 days prior to shipment and during transportation to the port of embarkation, and were tested with negative results for bluetongue virus antibodies during pre-export isolation. If an animal had positive results for bluetongue virus antibodies, the animal was tested for bluetongue virus agent with negative results prior to export.
[0] The animals were protected from vectors for at least 14 days prior to shipment and during transportation to the port of embarkation, and were tested with negative results for bluetongue virus agent during pre-export isolation.
6. Bovine genital campylobacteriosis:
[0] The animals are virgin heifers or males that have never been used for natural breeding.
[0] The animals originate from a herd in which no case of bovine genital campylobacteriosis has been reported during the 12 months prior to shipment.
[0] For animals which have been mated, the culture of vaginal mucus or preputial specimens for the presence of the causal agent of bovine genital campylobacteriosis was negative.
7. Bovine anaplasmosis: The animals were tested for bovine anaplasmosis with negative results during the 30 days prior to shipment; and were treated with an acaricide and, if necessary, a repellent against biting insects prior to shipment and were completely free of ticks.

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8. Brucellosis:

[O] The animals originate from a herd free from brucellosis and all sexually mature animals for export were tested for brucellosis with negative results within 30 days prior to shipment.

[O] The animals originate from a herd not qualified free from brucellosis in which no case of brucellosis has been reported during the 12 months prior to shipment; and the animals were isolated for 30 days prior to shipment and all animals for export were tested for brucellosis with negative results; in post-parturient females, the test was carried out at least 30 days after giving birth.

9. Bovine spongiform encephalopathy: The United States is recognized by the World Organization for Animal Health (WOAH) as a country having a negligible risk status for bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE).

10. Enzootic bovine leukosis (EBL): The animals originate from a herd free of clinical cases of enzootic bovine leukosis for at least 24 months prior to shipment; and the animals were tested twice for enzootic bovine leukosis with negative results, with at least 30 days between the tests and the second test conducted during pre-export isolation.

11. Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis / infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV): The animals were vaccinated with an inactivated virus vaccine not less than one month and not more than six months prior to shipment.

12. Bovine viral diarrhea (BVD): The animals were vaccinated for BVD not less than one month and not more than six months prior to shipment.

13. Paratuberculosis: The animals originate from a herd free of clinical cases of paratuberculosis for at least 12 months prior to shipment; and the animals were tested for paratuberculosis by either ELISA or PCR with negative results within 30 days prior to shipment.

14. Rabies: The animals originate from an establishment where there has been no case of rabies for at least 12 months prior to shipment.

15. Mycobacterium tuberculosis (TB) complex: The animals originate from a herd free from tuberculosis and have been tested for tuberculosis with negative results within 30 days prior to shipment.

16. Trichomonosis:

[O] The animals are virgin heifers or males that have never been used for natural breeding.

[O] The animals originate from a herd in which no case of trichomonosis has been reported during the 12 months prior to shipment.

[O] For animals which have been mated, direct microscopic examination and culture of vaginal mucus or preputial specimens for the presence of the causal agent

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of trichomonosis were negative.

17. Vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV): The animals were tested for vesicular stomatitis with negative results within 30 days prior to shipment.

18. The animals do not come from an area under veterinary restriction due to an outbreak of an infectious disease; and must not be animals which have been culled under a national program to control and eradicate a contagious or infectious disease.

19. Cattle selected for export were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants was effectively enforced.

20. The animals were treated with products effective against external and internal parasites, including liver fluke.

21. The animals originate from a herd in which no other WOAHA-listed diseases affecting cattle have been reported during the past 1 month prior to shipment.

22. The animals were kept in an export isolation facility approved by a USDA Accredited Veterinarian for at least 21 days prior to shipment.

23. The animals will be sent directly from the export isolation facility without coming into contact with other animals or being unloaded in an area under quarantine restriction due to infectious diseases of cattle.

The certificate is valid for ten days from the date of loading. In case of export by sea, the validity of the certificate will be extended by the duration of the journey.

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Test Table

All of the following tests were conducted during pre-export isolation (unless otherwise noted) and resulted in negative findings.

Official Identification	Theileriosis Test Date(s)	Bluetongue Test Date(s)	EBL First Test Date(s) (may occur prior to entering pre-export isolation)	EBL Second Test Date(s) (must be at least 30 days after EBL First Test Date, and during pre-export isolation)

Test Table

All of the following tests were conducted within 30 days prior to shipment and resulted in negative findings.

Official Identification	Bovine Anaplasmosis Test Date(s)	Brucellosis Test Date(s)	Paratuberculosis Test Date(s)	TB Test Date(s)	VSV Test Date(s)

Test Table (not required for virgin heifers or males that have never been used for natural breeding)

All of the following tests were conducted during pre-export isolation on animals that have been used for natural mating and resulted in negative findings.

Official Identification	Bovine Genital Campylobacteriosis Test Date(s)	Trichomonosis Test Date(s)

Name of Accredited Veterinarian	Name of USDA Veterinarian
Signature of Accredited Veterinarian	Signature of USDA Veterinarian
Date	Date