

PART 2

Section A

MODEL 1 – Model health certificate for imports of consignments of ova and embryos of animals of the equine species collected or produced in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC after 30 September 2014 and dispatched by an approved embryo collection or production team of origin of the ova or embryos

COUNTRY		Veterinary certificate to EU		
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.		I.2. Certificate reference No I.2.a.	
			I.3. Central competent authority	
			I.4. Local competent authority	
	I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.		I.6. Person responsible for the load in EU Name Address Postal code Tel.	
	I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code
	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code
	I.11. Place of origin Name Address Postal code Embryo team <input type="checkbox"/> Approval number		I.12. Place of destination Name Address Postal code Holding <input type="checkbox"/> Embryo team <input type="checkbox"/> Approval number	
	I.13. Place of loading		I.14. Date of departure	
	I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane <input type="checkbox"/> Ship <input type="checkbox"/> Railway wagon <input type="checkbox"/> Road vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Identification Documentary references		I.16. Entry BIP in EU I.17.	
	I.18. Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code) 05 11 99 85	
		I.20. Quantity		
I.21.		I.22. Number of packages		
I.23. Seal/Container No		I.24.		
I.25. Commodities certified for: Artificial reproduction <input type="checkbox"/>				
I.26. For transit through EU to third country <input type="checkbox"/> Third country ISO code		I.27. For import or admission into EU <input type="checkbox"/>		
I.28. Identification of the commodities Species (Scientific name) Category Donor identity Date of collection Quantity				

COUNTRY **Equine ova/embryos**

II.	Health information	II.a.	Certificate reference No	II.b.	
I, the undersigned, official veterinarian, of the exporting country ⁽²⁾ hereby <i>(name of exporting country)</i>					
certify that:					
II.1. The ova ⁽¹⁾ /embryos ⁽¹⁾ described above:					
II.1.2. were collected ⁽¹⁾ /produced ⁽¹⁾ by the team ⁽³⁾ described in Box I.11, which has been approved and supervised in accordance with Chapter I(III) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC ⁽⁴⁾ and is subject to inspection by an official veterinarian at least once every calendar year;					
II.1.3. were collected ⁽¹⁾ /produced ⁽¹⁾ , processed and stored in accordance with the requirements of Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;					
II.1.4. were collected at a place separated from other parts of the premises or holding which is in good repair and was cleaned and disinfected prior to the collection;					
II.1.5. were examined, processed and packed in laboratory facilities which are not situated in a zone subject to prohibition or quarantine measures as set out in Box II.1.6, in a section which is separated from the section for storing equipment and materials used in contact with donor animals and from the area where the donor animals are handled;					
II.1.6. come from donor mares which:					
II.1.6.1. were continuously resident for a period of 3 months (or since entry if they were directly imported from a Member State of the Union during the 3-month period) in the exporting country or, in the case of regionalisation in accordance with Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC ⁽⁵⁾ , in that part of the territory of the exporting country which was during that period					
— not considered to be infected with African horse sickness in accordance with Article 5(2)(a) and (b) of Directive 2009/156/EC,					
— free from Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 2 years,					
— free from glanders and dourine for a period of at least 6 months;					
⁽¹⁾ either	II.1.6.2.	originated from a country of export which was on the day of collection free from vesicular stomatitis (VS) for a period of at least 6 months;]			
⁽¹⁾ or	II.1.6.2.	were subjected to a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis (VS) carried out with a negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 32 or a VS ELISA carried out with a negative result in accordance with the relevant Chapter of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE on a blood sample taken on ⁽⁶⁾ within 30 days prior to the collection of the ova ⁽¹⁾ /embryos ⁽¹⁾ ;			
⁽¹⁾ either	II.1.6.3.	during a period of the past 30 days prior to the date of the collection were located in holdings under veterinary supervision which fulfilled from the day of the collection of the ova ⁽¹⁾ /embryos ⁽¹⁾ until the date of their dispatch the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/EC, and in particular:]			

Part II: Certification

COUNTRY		Equine ova/embryos
II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference No II.b.
(1) or	<p>II.1.6.3. during a period of the past 30 days prior to the date of the collection were located in holdings under veterinary supervision which fulfilled from the day of the collection of the ova (1)/embryos (1) until, in the case of frozen ova (1)/embryos (1), the period of 30 days mandatory storage at approved premises elapsed the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/EC, and in particular:]</p> <p>(1) either II.1.6.3.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below not all the animals of species susceptible to that disease located in the holding were slaughtered or killed and the holding has been free:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — from any type of equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 6 months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered, — from equine infectious anaemia for at least the period required to obtain a negative result in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins tests) carried out on samples taken after the infected animals were slaughtered on two occasions 3 months apart from each of the remaining equidae, — from vesicular stomatitis for a period of at least 6 months from the last recorded case, — from rabies for a period of at least 1 month from the last recorded case, — from anthrax for a period of at least 15 days from the last recorded case,] 	
(1) or	<p>II.1.6.3.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below all the animals of species susceptible to that disease located in the holding were slaughtered or killed and the premises disinfected, the holding was free for a period of at least 30 days from any type of equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis and rabies or a period of at least 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;]</p>	
II.1.6.4.	<p>during a period of the past 30 days prior to the collection the ova (1)/embryos (1) were kept in holdings each of them having been free from clinical signs of contagious equine metritis for a period of at least 60 days;</p>	
II.1.6.5.	<p>were not used for natural breeding during a period of at least 30 days prior to the date of the collection of the ova (1)/embryos (1) and between the date of the first samples referred to in points II.1.6.6.1. and II.1.6.6.2. and the date of the collection of the ova (1)/embryos (1);</p>	
II.1.6.6.	<p>have undergone the tests, which meet at least the requirements of the relevant Chapters of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE, carried out in a laboratory which is recognised by the competent authority and has the tests referred to hereinafter included in its accreditation equivalent to that provided for in Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 (7), as follows:</p> <p>(8) II.1.6.6.1. for equine infectious anaemia (EIA), an agar-gel immuno-diffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) or an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) with a negative result carried out on a blood sample taken on (6), being not less than 14 days following the date of commencement of the period referred to in point II.1.6.5, and the test was last carried out on a blood sample taken on (6); being not more than 90 days prior to the date of the collection of the ova (1)/embryos (1) intended for imports into the Union;]</p> <p>II.1.6.6.2. for contagious equine metritis (CEM), an agent identification test carried out with a negative result on at least two specimens (swabs) taken during the period referred to in point II.1.6.5. from at least the mucosal surfaces of the clitoral fossa and the clitoral sinuses of the donor mare</p>	

COUNTRY		Equine ova/embryos	
II.	Health information	II.a.	Certificate reference No
	(¹) <i>either</i> [II.1.6.6.2.1.	on two occasions with an interval of not less than 7 days on (⁶) and on (⁶), in the case of isolation of <i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i> after cultivation under microaerophilic conditions for a period of at least 7 days, set up within 24 hours after taking the specimens from the donor animal, or 48 hours where the specimens are kept cool during transport,]	II.b.
	(¹) <i>and/or</i> [II.1.6.6.2.2.	on one occasion on (⁶), in the case of detection of genome of <i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i> by a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or real-time PCR, carried out within 48 hours after taking the specimens from the donor animal,]	
	The samples referred to in points II.1.6.6.2.1 and II.1.6.6.2.2 were in no case taken earlier than 7 days (systemic treatment) or 21 days (local treatment) after antimicrobial treatment of the donor stallion and were placed in transport medium with activated charcoal, such as Amies medium, before dispatch to the laboratory.		
II.1.6.7.	to the best of my knowledge and as far as I could ascertain, were not in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease during the period of 15 days immediately preceding the collection;		
II.1.6.8.	on the day of the collection of the ova (¹)/embryos (¹) did not show clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease;		
II.1.7.	were collected (¹)/produced (¹) after the date on which the embryo collection (¹)/production (¹) team described in Box I.11 was approved by the competent authority of the exporting country;		
II.1.8.	were processed and stored under approved conditions for a period of at least 30 days immediately after their collection (¹)/production (¹) and transported under conditions which satisfy the terms laid down in Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;		
II.2.	The embryos described above were conceived by artificial insemination (¹)/as a result of <i>in vitro</i> fertilisation (¹) using semen meeting the requirements of Directive 92/65/EEC and coming from semen collection centres approved in accordance with Article 11(2) or 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC (⁹) and located respectively in a Member State of the Union or in a third country or parts of the territory of a third country listed in columns 2 and 4 of Annex I to Decision 2004/211/EC from which the import of equine semen collected from registered horses, registered equidae or equidae for breeding and production is authorised in accordance with Article 4 of Decision 2004/211/EC and indicated in columns 11, 12 and 13 of Annex I thereto (¹⁰)(¹¹);		
(¹²) [II.3.	The ova used for <i>in vitro</i> production of the embryos described above comply with the requirements of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC and in particular the requirements set up in points II.1.1 to II.1.8 of this certificate.]		
Notes			
Part I:			
Box I.11:	The place of origin shall correspond to the embryo collection team or embryo production team by which the ova/embryos were collected/produced, processed, stored and approved in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC and listed on the Commission website: http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_ova/equine/index_en.htm		
Box I.22:	The number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers.		
Box I.23:	The identification of container and seal number shall be indicated.		
Box I.28:	The category: specify if <i>in vivo</i> derived embryos, <i>in vivo</i> derived ova, <i>in vivo</i> produced embryos or micro-manipulated embryos. The donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal. The date of collection shall be indicate in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy.		

COUNTRY		Equine ova/embryos	
II.	Health information	II.a.	Certificate reference No
		II.b.	
Part II:			
<p>(¹) Delete as appropriate.</p> <p>(²) Only third countries or parts of the territory of third countries listed in columns 2 and 4 of Annex I to Commission Decision 2004/211/EC of 6 January 2004 establishing the list of third countries and parts of territory thereof from which Member States authorise imports of live equidae and semen, ova and embryos of the equine species, and amending Decisions 93/195/EEC and 94/63/EC (OJ L 73, 11.3.2004, p. 1) respectively from which permanent imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production are also authorised and as indicated in column 14 in Annex I to that Decision.</p> <p>(³) Only approved embryo collection teams and embryo production teams listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission website: http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_ova/equine/index_en.htm</p> <p>(⁴) Council Directive 92/65/EEC of 13 July 1992 laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A (I) to Directive 90/425/EEC (OJ L 268, 14.9.1992, p. 54).</p> <p>(⁵) Council Directive 2009/156/EC of 30 November 2009 on animal health conditions governing the movement and importation from third countries of equidae (OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1).</p> <p>(⁶) Insert date. (follow Guidance in Part II of the Notes).</p> <p>(⁷) Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules (OJ L 165, 30.4.2004, p. 1).</p> <p>(⁸) The agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equidae which have continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland has remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equidae and their semen, ova and embryos have been introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the ova or embryos were collected and the semen was used for fertilisation.</p> <p>(⁹) Only approved semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article 11(4) or 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission websites: http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/approved_establishments/establishments_vet_field_en.htm; http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_ova/equine/index_en.htm</p> <p>(¹⁰) Imports of equine semen are authorised from third countries listed in column 2 of Annex I to Decision 2004/211/EC provided that the semen was collected in the part of the territory of the third country detailed in column 4 from a donor stallion of the category of equidae positively indicated in column 11, 12 or 13 of that Annex.</p> <p>(¹¹) Does not apply to ova.</p> <p>(¹²) Delete if none of the embryos in the consignment was produced by <i>in vitro</i> fertilisation of ova.</p> <p>— The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.</p>			
Official veterinarian			
Name (in capital letters):		Qualification and title:	
Date:		Signature:	
Stamp:			