IMPORT HEALTH REQUIREMENTS OF CANADA FOR HORSES FROM THE UNITED STATES OFAMERICA

The following are the health requirements for permanent and temporary exportation of horses from the United States of America to Canada. For actual shipment use the model health certificate provided. See other information for further details.

CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS

- 1. The animals were inspected by a veterinarian within 30 days prior to export and found to be healthy and free from evidence of communicable disease.
- 2. The animals were, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the issuing veterinarian, not exposed to any communicable disease within 60 days preceding the date of inspection. EITHER:
 - a. The animals have resided in the United States or Canada since birth; or,
 - b. The animals have met all of the import requirements of the United States and have resided in the United States for the past 60 days; or,
 - c. The animal has resided in the United States for less than 60 days and is accompanied by a health certificate from each country in which the horse has resided during the 60 days prior to entry into Canada.
- 3. The animals, at the time of the inspection, were found healthy and in a physical condition fit to be transported.
- 4. The exporter has been advised that any deterioration in health or physical condition of the animals that may render animals unfit for transport may result in the shipment to be refused entry to Canada.
- 5. A negative agar-gel immunodiffusion (Coggins) test or ELISA for equine infectious anemia within six (6) months prior to exportation is required. The test selected is identified in the commodity table. (Foals up to five months of age are exempt from the EIA requirement if they are imported into Canada at the same time as their dam and must be identified on the certificate of their dam or on a separate certificate of their own.)
- 6. The animals have not been on premises where *T.equigenitalis* has been isolated during the 60 days immediately preceding exportation to Canada or premises currently under quarantine or investigation for CEM. The females in the shipment have not been bred naturally to, or inseminated with semen from, a stallion positive for CEM, or a stallion resident upon positive premises or under quarantine or investigation for CEM. The animals showed no clinical signs of CEM on the day of inspection.
- 7. Regarding Vesicular stomatitis (VS), all states in which the animal(s) have resided in the past twenty-one (21) days were free from clinical and epidemiological evidence of vesicular stomatitis during the twenty-one (21) days immediately prior to export to Canada.
- 8. During the previous twenty-one (21) days, the animals in this shipment have not been in the State of Texas or NewMexico.
- NOTE 1: Horses originating from the states of New Mexico and Texas as well as Canadian horses returning to Canada from Texas or New Mexico will be able to enter Canada with an import permit issued by CFIA and the following additional certifications:
 - a) The animal(s) were inspected by a veterinarian within 15 days prior to export.

- b) The animal(s) were inspected for ticks and if necessary treated for ticks at the time of inspection.
- c) The animal(s) have not been on premises where equine piroplasmosis (clinical or serology) has occurred during the 60 days immediately prior to export, nor has this disease occurred on any adjoining premises during the same period of time.
- d) The animal(s) have tested negative to equine piroplasmosis using cELISA test during the 15 days prior to export.

Note to be included on the certification statements:

Fit to be transported means: that on the day of inspection, no animal has an infirmity, illness, injury or any other condition that could be aggravated when the animal is being transported and causing the animal to suffer.

TEST REQUIREMENTS

Negative agar-gel immunodiffusion (Coggins) test or ELISA for equine infectious anemia within 6 months prior to exportation. (No test is required for nursing foals up to 5 months of age exported with dam or for horses exported for immediate slaughter).

OTHER INFORMATION

IMPORTANT FOR HORSES RETURNING TO THE UNITED STATES: U.S. origin horses exported to Canada with a U.S. issued export health certificate (valid for 30 days from the date of inspection) may reenter the U.S. for an unlimited number of times during the 30 day period without an USDA Veterinary Services port inspection. The importer must present the original export health certificate to customs at a land border port of entry designated for animals from Canada.

IMPORTANT FOR HORSES TRANSITING CANADA TO ALASKA: CAUTION: Before you depart the United States and enter Canada, please make sure that your certificate will still be valid upon entry into Alaska. The certificate is valid 30 days after the date of inspection for export by the accredited veterinarian.

Canadian origin horses returning to Canada must comply with CFIA requirements. Requirements can found at: www.inspection.gc.ca/english/imp/airse.shtml

Individualized health certificates should be used for export of horses to Canada.

A single health certificate can be used for multiple-horse consignments IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS ARE MET:

- a. All horses must be from a single consignor, they must be consigned to the same destination, and they must come from the same premises of origin.
- b. All horses must have current EIA test charts, and these charts must be attached to the health certificate. These charts must have accurate drawn descriptions of the horse, adequate to unambiguously identify the animal and link it to the certificate
- c. All horses must be identified on the health certificate with a written description.

Note: All line-outs must be initialed

Veterinary Authority Date Of Issue Certificate Number UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE 1. Consignor: 2. Consignee: 3. Country Of Origin: 4. State Of Origin: **United States of America** 5. Country Of Destination: 6. Zone of Destination: Canada 7. Place Of Origin: 8. Port of Embarkation / Border Crossing: 9. Estimated Date Of Shipment: 10. Means Of Transport: 12. CITES Permit Number: 13. Description Of Commodity: 14. Date of Inspection Horses 15. Total Quantity: 16. Total Number Of Packages/Containers: 17. Additional Information: 18. Identification / Seal Numbers: *********** ******************** 19. Commodities Intended Use: 20. Type Of Admission: Permanent Temporary Competition/Racing Breeding/Rearing (includes pet horses and recreation use) 21. Identification Of Commodities: (See next page)

Veterinary Health Certificate for Export of Horses from the United States of America to Canada

Veterinary Health Certificate for Export of Horses from the United States of America to Canada

			is a
Veterinary Authority UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	Date Of Issue	Certificate Number	

21. Identification Of Commodities: Continued

Row	ID (may include microchip*)	Color	Breed	Age	Sex	Other ID/Tattoo	Head	Body	Limb LF	Limb RF	Limb LH	Limb RH	Add. Desc.	EIA Test Used	EIA Test Date**

^{*}Microchip is an option for ID entry, but is not required. **The date entered in the commodity table is the date the sample was drawn

Veterinary Health Certificate for Export of Horses from the United States of America to Canada

SEPARTMENT

veterinary nearth certificate for Exp	ort of horses from the office	u States of Affierica to Carlada	
Veterinary Authority	Date Of Issue	Certificate Number	
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Delete this page if no photos are attached, addit Commodity Images:	itional pages may be attache	d if space is needed.	
Row:#_ ID: Description:	I	ow:#_ D: escription:	
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Description:	ID:	scription:	

Veterinary Health Certificate for Export of Horses from the United States of America to Canada					
Veterinary Authority UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	Date Of Issue	Certificate Number			
Cortification Statements:					

additional acutifications.

Signature of Accredited Veterinarian

Date

- 1. The animals were inspected by a veterinarian within 30 days prior to export and found to be healthy and free from evidence of communicable disease.
- The animals were, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the issuing veterinarian, not exposed to any communicable disease within 60 days preceding the date of inspection. EITHER: (select one)
 - a. The animals have resided in the United States or Canada since birth; or,
 - The animals have met all of the import requirements of the United States and have resided in the United States b. for the past 60 days; or,
 - The animal has resided in the United States for less than 60 days and is accompanied by a health certificate c. from each country in which the horse has resided during the 60 days prior to entry into Canada
- The animals, at the time of the inspection, were found healthy and in a physical condition fit to be transported.
- The exporter has been advised that any deterioration in health or physical condition of the animals that may render animals unfit for transport may result in the shipment to be refused entry to Canada.
- A negative agar-gel immunodiffusion (Coggins) test or ELISA for equine infectious anemia within six (6) months prior to exportation is required. The test selected is identified in the commodity table (The date entered in the commodity table is the date the sample was drawn). (Foals up to five months of age are exempt from the EIA requirement if they are imported into Canada at the same time as their dam and must be identified on the certificate of their dam or on a separate certificate of their own.)
- The animals have not been on premises where T.equiquenitalis has been isolated during the 60 days immediately preceding exportation to Canada or premises currently under guarantine or investigation for CEM. The females in the shipment have not been bred naturally to, or inseminated with semen from, a stallion positive for CEM, or a stallion resident upon positive premises or under quarantine or investigation for CEM. The animals showed no clinical signs of CEM on the day of inspection.
- Regarding Vesicular stomatitis (VS), all states in which the animal(s) have resided in the past twenty-one (21) days were free from clinical and epidemiological evidence of vesicular stomatitis during the twenty-one (21) days immediately prior to export to Canada.

NOTE 1: Horses originating from the states of New Mexico and Texas as well as Canadian horses returning to Canada from Texas or New Mexico will be able to enter Canada with an import permit issued by CFIA and the following

- During the previous twenty-one (21) days, the animals in this shipment:
 - a. HAVE NOT been in the states of Texas or New Mexico.
 - HAVE been in the states of Texas or New Mexico (If B is selected, Note 1 below applies) h

auditional	Sertifications.
CF	TIA Permit #:
a. The	e animal(s) were inspected by a veterinarian within 15 days prior to export.
b. The	e animal(s) were inspected for ticks and if necessary treated for ticks at the time of inspection.
c. The	e animal(s) have not been on premises where equine piroplasmosis (clinical or serology) has occurred during the
60	days immediately prior to export, nor has this disease occurred on any adjoining premises during the same period
of t	time.
d. The	e animal(s) have tested negative to equine piroplasmosis using cELISA test during the 15 days prior to export.
Te	st date:
9. The horses of	covered by this certificate will re-enter the United States within 30 days of the date of inspection for
export to Car	
	covered by this certificate will transit Canada and enter the State of Alaska Y/N?
	covered by this certificate will enter a feedlot once in Canada Y/N?
	OR HORSES TRANSITING CANADA TO ALASKA, OR RETURNING TO LOWER 48***: CAUTION: Before you
	States and enter Canada, please make sure that your certificate will still be valid upon entry into Alaska or reentry
into lower 48. The	certificate is valid 30 days after the date of inspection (Box. 14 on Page 1 of this certificate) for export by the
accredited veterina	arian.
Note: Fit to be tran	resported means that, on the day of inspection, no animal has an infirmity, illness, injury or any other condition that
could be aggravate	ed when the animal is being transported, causing the animal to suffer. All line-outs must be initialed .
Name of USDA-Accredi	ited Veterinarian Name of USDA Veterinarian

Signature of USDA Veterinarian