Breadcrumb

- 1. <u>Home</u>
- 2. Print
- 3. Pdf
- 4. Node
- 5. Entity Print

HRDG 4550 - Premium Pay - Section A

Last Modified:

Subchapter 4550 Premium Pay Section A - Introduction to Premium Pay

- Definition
- Authority
- How Do Supervisors Determine an Employee's FLSA Status?
- <u>What Do "Nonexempt" and "Exempt" Mean on the SF-50B, Notification of</u> <u>Personnel Action?</u>

Return to 4550 Table of Contents

Definition	Premium pay is compensation for overtime, night, Sunday, and/or holiday work.
Authority	Human Resources recommends that the authority to approve overtime (and other premium pay as applicable) pay be delegated to the level of supervision that has the authority to approve time and attendance reports and to take other personnel actions such as hiring and promoting employees. If this level of delegation does not meet specific program needs within MRP, agencies have the discretion to retain approval authority at higher levels.

You must determine your employee's Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) status before entitlement to premium pay can be computed.

How Do Supervisors Determine an Employee's FLSA Status?

Determine the FLSA status of your employee or position by reviewing:

- SF-50B, Notification of Personnel Action (block 35), and/or
- AD-332, Position Description Cover Sheet (block C.1).

What DoThe term "nonexempt" describes employees who are
covered by the overtime provisions of FLSA. These
employees also are entitled to other premium pay under
the provisions of Title 5, United States Code (U.S.C.).**the SF-50B,**
Notification of
Personnel Action?The term "exempt" describes employees who are not
covered by FLSA. Title 5 governs all premium pay
entitlements, including overtime, for exempt employees.

Back to 4550 Table of Contents

Print