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# Pet Travel From the United States to Slovenia

Last Modified:

## Electronic Signature **ACCEPTED**; Original Ink Endorsement **REQUIRED**

**For Accredited Veterinarians:** Electronic signature **ACCEPTED**

**For APHIS VMO:** Original ink endorsement **REQUIRED**

USDA-accredited veterinarians can electronically issue health certificates and use VEHCS (Veterinary Export Health Certification System) to submit them to USDA for endorsement.

**USDA must ink-sign and emboss the health certificate.**

What This Means for You

**Accredited Veterinarians:** Use the links below to access or get help with VEHCS. Learn more about [how to issue export health certificates](#).

**Animal Owners/Shippers:** You can arrange to have your health certificate returned by mail (a prepaid, preaddressed return label must be provided during

certificate submission). The endorsed health certificate—ink-signed and embossed—must accompany the animal(s) during shipment or travel.

[VEHCS Help](#) | [VEHCS Guide](#) (7.58 MB) | [VEHCS Login](#)

## **Electronic Signature and Digital Endorsement ACCEPTED**

**For Accredited Veterinarians:** Electronic signature ACCEPTED

**For APHIS VMO:** Digital endorsement ACCEPTED

USDA-accredited veterinarians can electronically issue health certificates and use VEHCS (Veterinary Export Health Certification System) to submit them to USDA for digital endorsement.

**USDA can digitally endorse the health certificate and return it electronically.**

### What This Means for You

**Accredited Veterinarians:** Use the links below to access or get help with VEHCS. Learn more about [how to issue export health certificates](#).

**Animal Owners/Shippers:** The endorsed health certificate can be printed out directly from VEHCS and does **not** have to be mailed back to you. The printed, endorsed health certificate must accompany the animal(s) during shipment or travel.

[VEHCS Help](#) | [VEHCS Guide](#) (7.58 MB) | [VEHCS Login](#)

## **Electronic Signature ACCEPTED; Digital Endorsement for SOME COMMODITIES ONLY**

**For Accredited Veterinarians:** Electronic signature ACCEPTED

**For APHIS VMO:** Digital endorsement for SOME COMMODITIES ONLY

USDA-accredited veterinarians can electronically issue health certificates and use VEHCS (Veterinary Export Health Certification System) to submit them to USDA for endorsement.

**Digital endorsement varies by species—see requirements on this page for details.** The health certificate either bears the original ink signature and embossed seal **or** digital signature/seal.

What This Means for You

**Accredited Veterinarians:** Use the links below to access or get help with VEHCS. Learn more about [how to issue export health certificates](#).

**Animal Owners/Shippers:** Digitally endorsed health certificates can be printed out directly from VEHCS. For non-digitally endorsed health certificates, you can arrange to have your health certificate returned by mail (a prepaid, preaddressed return label must be provided during certificate submission). A paper version of the endorsed health certificate must accompany the animal(s) during shipment or travel.

[VEHCS Help](#) | [VEHCS Guide](#) (7.58 MB) | [VEHCS Login](#)

## Travel Requirements Based on Pet Type

**Carefully read ALL of the requirements related to your pet on this page.**

- This page provides the most recent entry requirements and can change without notice.
- It is the responsibility of the veterinarian to make sure the pet has met all health requirements of the destination country before issuing a health certificate.
- Failure to meet the requirements may result in problems gaining certificate endorsement or difficulties upon arrival in the destination country.
- Health certificates must be legible, accurate, and complete.

# URGENT NOTIFICATION

New EU Commercial certificates for live animals are currently available in the EU [IRegs](#) webpage and [Pet Website](#) for Commercial Dogs, Cats, and Ferrets. Please use the 2025 certificates immediately. However, if any 2024 certificates are in transit or already endorsed, the EU will continue to accept them until January 11, 2026.

[Expand All](#)

## Dogs, Cats, and Ferrets

[Expand All](#)

### STEP 1: Meet the EU's Microchip and Rabies Vaccination Requirements

## Member States of the European Union (EU)

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Republic of Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden.

Northern Ireland is part of the United Kingdom (UK), but will continue to follow European Union (EU) requirements even though the UK is no longer part of the EU. Norway and Switzerland are **not** part of the EU but have adopted EU legislation for import of most species of live animals.

## Microchip

- Your pet must have a working microchip (also called a “transponder”) before getting its rabies vaccination for travel to the EU, and your veterinarian must always scan the microchip before giving your pet a rabies vaccination.

- If your pet does not yet have a microchip or has a microchip that doesn't work, ask your veterinarian to implant an ISO-compliant\* microchip.
- If your pet has a working microchip, but it is not ISO compliant,\* you will need to travel with your own scanner that can read the microchip OR have a second microchip implanted that is ISO compliant.\* Make sure both microchips are listed on the health certificate!

\*ISO-compliant microchip numbers are usually 15 digits long and meet specific international standards (ISO 11784 and ISO 11785). You can check ISO-compliance with the microchip manufacturer.

## Rabies Vaccination

Rabies Vaccine Requirements per EU 576/2013 Annex III

**Pets arriving in EU Member States that do not meet the EU's requirements may be refused entry or quarantined upon arrival at the owner's expense.**

- Rabies vaccines must be administered by an authorized veterinarian.
- **Vaccine Manufacturer Recommended Immunity Period**- All pets must **wait at least 21 days, or the time designated by the rabies vaccine manufacturer** prior to traveling to the port of entry. Some vaccine manufacturers recommend waiting 30 days for the pet to gain immunity. All owners or pet coordinators must ask the veterinarian to confirm the manufacturer's recommended timeframe and add it to the rabies certification to determine the appropriate rabies vaccine validity period.

### **“Primary” Rabies Vaccination:**

- The first rabies vaccination your pet gets *after* its microchip implantation or after *any lapse* in coverage is a “primary” rabies vaccination according to EU rules.
- For all pets vaccinated in the United States, a “primary” rabies vaccination is only valid for 1 year. Even if your pet is an adult animal and receives a 3-year vaccine, if it is a “primary” rabies vaccination according to EU rules, it is only valid for 1-year.

- Your pet must receive a booster rabies vaccination within 12 months from its primary vaccination. If your pet does not receive another rabies vaccination within 1-year of a “primary” rabies vaccination, it means the vaccination coverage lapsed and you must start over. Even if the vaccination coverage only lapses by a day, the next rabies vaccination is again considered a “primary” rabies vaccination, and it is only valid for 1-year.

### **“Booster” Rabies Vaccination:**

- If your pet *does* get its next rabies vaccination within 1-year of a “primary” rabies vaccination, this “booster” rabies vaccination can be valid for 1-3 years, according to the vaccine manufacturer’s instructions.
- Your pet can travel to the EU less than 21 days or designated immunity period after a “booster” rabies vaccination, but then the previous (primary) rabies vaccination must also be included on the health certificate.

### **Important Health Certificate Note**

**For PRIMARY rabies vaccination:** On the rabies vaccination table, under the header "Validity of vaccination" "from" the date entered should be at least 21 days (or applicable immunity period) after the primary vaccination was administered.

Date format: dd/mm/yyyy

- Example for vaccines with a 21-day immunity period  
Date of vaccination: 01/03/2019  
Validity of vaccination; From: 22/03/2019 To: 01/03/2020
- Example for vaccines with a 30-day immunity period  
Date of vaccination: 01/03/2019  
Validity of vaccination; From 31/03/2019 To: 01/03/2020

**For valid BOOSTER rabies vaccination:** On the rabies vaccination table, under the header "Validity of vaccination" "from" the date entered should be the date the booster was administered. Boosters are not required to wait for the immunity period if there is not lapse between the primary vaccine and the booster.

- Example: Date of vaccination: 01/03/2019  
Validity of vaccination From: 01/03/2019 To: 01/03/2022

| Transponder or tattoo           |   | Date of vaccination<br>[dd/mm/yyyy] | Name and manufacturer of vaccine | Batch number | Validity of vaccination |                    | Date of the blood sampling<br>[dd/mm/yyyy] |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Alphanumeric code of the animal | Date of implantation and/or reading <sup>(10)</sup><br>[dd/mm/yyyy] |                                     |                                  |              | From<br>[dd/mm/yyyy]    | To<br>[dd/mm/yyyy] |  |
|                                 |   |                                     |                                  |              |                         |                    |  |
|                                 |   |                                     |                                  |              |                         |                    |  |
|                                 |   |                                     |                                  |              |                         |                    |  |

**Note:** If your pet's most recent rabies vaccination before traveling to the EU is a "booster" rabies vaccination (rather than "primary"), you are responsible for providing all relevant rabies vaccination certificates to prove there was no lapse in coverage since the "primary" rabies vaccination.

## Reminder! Rabies Vaccinations do NOT count according to EU rules if:

- Your pet got the vaccination before it had a microchip; or
- Your pet got the vaccination without first having its microchip scanned.

Your pet should travel with all relevant rabies vaccination certificate(s), and it is **strongly** recommended the microchip number is recorded on all rabies vaccination certificate(s).

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If your pet is **less than 16 weeks old** and cannot meet the above requirements, [click here](#).

## Want to simplify your paperwork?

Ask your veterinarian to give your pet a 1-year rabies vaccination (*after scanning the microchip*) at least 21 days before your travel to the EU but less than one year before your travel date (for example, 3-6 months before travel date). That way, no matter the rabies vaccination history, you only need to keep up with one vaccination

certificate instead of several! Doing it this way also makes it easier for the [USDA endorsement office](#) to review, which means you get your endorsed certificate back faster.

## STEP 2: Have an Accredited Veterinarian or Military Veterinarian\* issue the EU Health Certificate

### Important

**The EU has two versions of the pet health certificate:** the "**non-commercial**" and the "**commercial**." Both health certificate versions require an Accredited Veterinarian to *issue* (complete, sign, and date) the health certificate and then USDA to *endorse* (countersign and emboss/stamp) the health certificate before your pet's travel. However, it is much easier to meet the timeframes for the "non-commercial" health certificate than the "commercial" health certificate, so keep this in mind when arranging your pet's travel.

### "Non-commercial" Health Certificate

- You should use the "non-commercial" health certificate if you or a *designated person\*\** is traveling within 5 days before or after your pet(s), **and** 5 or fewer pets are traveling.
- Though uncommon, you can also use the "non-commercial" for 6 or more pets traveling to the EU for specific events like competitions, exhibitions, or sporting events.
- The "non-commercial" health certificate is valid for 30 days *after* the Accredited Veterinarian issues it.
- The USDA must endorse the completed health certificate within ten days of arriving in the EU. See STEP 3 below for more information on the endorsement.

**Declaration:** The final page of the EU Health Certificate contains a Declaration that must be completed and signed by the pet owner or *designated person\*\** before the

pet travels to the EU. The Declaration *must* accompany the pet and health certificate to the EU.

- **Note:** You may use the “non-commercial” EU health certificate to travel within the EU for up to 4 months as long as your pet’s rabies vaccination does not expire. If you take your **dog** to **Finland, Malta, Ireland (including Northern Ireland) or Norway** after entering the EU, your dog must be treated for tapeworms by an EU veterinarian 1-5 days before entering those countries.

## "Commercial" Health Certificate

- You must use the "commercial" health certificate if you or a *designated person* \*\* *cannot* travel within 5 days of your pet, **or** you are traveling with 6 or more pets.
- The "commercial" health certificate must be issued by an Accredited Veterinarian and endorsed by the USDA **within 48 hours of departing the U.S. with your pet.**

\*\*Designated person is a family member, friend, or other person authorized by the owner to travel with the pet.

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**Note:** If a Military Veterinarian\* issues the health certificate, USDA endorsement is **not** required. However, the Military Veterinarian must issue the “non-commercial” health certificate within 10 days of arrival in the EU, or the “commercial” health certificate within 48 hours of the pet leaving the U.S.

\*Military Veterinarian is defined as a Veterinary Corps Officer, or civilian GS-0701 series government veterinarian employed by the U.S. Army Veterinary Service working at military treatment facilities. It does not apply to Army Veterinary Service non-appropriated funds or Department of Defense civilian contract veterinarians.

### **STEP 3: Have the USDA endorse the EU Health Certificate**

After your pet's Accredited Veterinarian has issued the EU health certificate, you must have the health certificate endorsed by a [USDA Endorsement Office](#).

- **"Non-Commercial" health certificate:** The endorsement must happen within **10 days** of your pet's arrival in the EU.
- **"Commercial" health certificate:** The endorsement can happen any time within the **48 hours** *after* the Accredited Veterinarian issues the certificate.

The USDA Endorsement Office will be able to provide specific information about the process and fees associated with the endorsement of the EU health certificate. Learn more about [Costs to Endorsement your Pet's Health Certificate](#).

If the pet has a valid [EU Pet Passport](#), **it may not need an export health certificate.**

- The EU encourages all EU citizens travelling to a non-EU country with their pet animals to have the anti-rabies booster administered to their pets before departure in case the period of validity of the vaccination ends during their stay in the non-EU country.
- If EU citizens vaccinate their pets in the United States, the owner must make sure that the veterinarian follows EU rabies vaccination requirements for the anti-rabies booster to be valid to return to the EU.
- EU pets **MUST** have an export health certificate in addition to the EU Pet Passport to return to the EU, if they received an anti-rabies booster in the United States.

## Health Certificates

Carefully read all the steps above before selecting a health certificate.

### Birds

**Please make sure you read all requirements for taking pet birds to the European Union (EU).**

The following applies to pet birds traveling to the EU in a group of five or less.

- Identification of the pet birds

- Pet birds must have an identification number such as a clip, leg band, microchip (transponder), or tag; or
- If the pet birds will be moved to an approved quarantine establishment (Option 3 below), a description of the birds is sufficient. In this case however, the pet birds must be sealed by APHIS in their container, and the seal number recorded on the health certificate.
- The 4 options for preparation of pet birds for export to the EU are listed below. Select the applicable option to obtain a relevant health certificate.
- For all 4 options, pet birds must be examined, and an EU health certificate issued by a USDA Accredited Veterinarian within **48 hours** of travel or the last working day prior to the date of departure to the EU. After your USDA Accredited Veterinarian issues the certificate, it must be endorsed by the USDA APHIS.
- **Note:** If the pet birds will eventually return to the United States, some requirements for the return may need to be met before export to the EU.
  - [Click here to view the requirements for pet birds returning to the United States.](#)

[Expand All](#)

**OPTION 1: The pet bird was isolated under official supervision for at least 30 days prior to the date of departure with no contact with any other birds.**

The pet bird was isolated from other birds under the USDA Accredited Veterinarian's supervision for at least 30 days prior to leaving the United States.

**OPTION 2: The pet bird was isolated for at least 14 days prior to the date of departure and tested for Avian Influenza at least 7 days after start of isolation.**

The pet bird was isolated from other birds for at least 14 days prior to leaving the United States AND tested for Avian Influenza H5 and H7 antigens or genomes with a virus isolation or RT-PCR test. Regardless of test type used, both a cloacal swab and an oropharyngeal swab must be taken by the USDA Accredited Veterinarian at least 7 days after the 14-day isolation starts. Testing must occur at a NVSL or [National Animal Health Laboratory Network \(NAHLN\) approved laboratory for Avian Influenza](#).

**NOTE: the day isolation begins is considered DAY 0.**

**OPTION 3: The owner made arrangements for a 30-day post-introduction quarantine in an approved quarantine facility in the EU.**

To use OPTION 3, the owner must:

- Make arrangements in advance for the pet bird to be quarantined for at least 30 days at an approved quarantine establishment upon arrival in the EU;
- Provide documentary evidence that such arrangements have been made

**OPTION 4: The owner has been granted a derogation from the government of the destination country in the EU.**

To use OPTION 4, the owner must:

- Request and be granted permission to deviate from the standard requirements described by the options above;
  - Note: This permission comes from the government of the destination country, NOT the USDA.
- Provide documentary evidence that this permission/derogation has been granted.

**Other Pets**

For pet travel requirements not listed, APHIS has not been officially informed by the foreign country about the requirements for your pet's travel. We recommend that you contact a government official of the country you are traveling to for more information.

## **Country of Destination Contact Information**

[World Organisation for Animal Health: Members](#)

[U.S. Department of State: Foreign Embassies and Consulates](#)

■

## **Countries Participating in the European Union**

Austria

Belgium

Bulgaria

Croatia

Cyprus

Czech Republic

Denmark

Estonia

Finland

France

Germany

Greece

Hungary

Republic of Ireland

Italy

Latvia

Lithuania

Luxembourg

Malta

Netherlands  
Northern Ireland\*  
Norway\*\*  
Poland  
Portugal

Romania  
Slovakia  
Slovenia  
Spain  
Sweden  
Switzerland\*\*

\* Northern Ireland is part of the United Kingdom (UK), but will continue to follow European Union (EU) requirements even though the UK is no longer part of the EU.

\*\* Norway and Switzerland are **not** part of the EU but have adopted EU legislation for import of most species of live animals.

## Important Travel Considerations

### Considerations for airline travel and cruises:



Airlines and shipping lines have their own policies and requirements for transporting pets. Check with your airline or shipping representative to determine what requirements they may have.

[Learn how you can improve the safety of dogs and cats during air travel.](#)

[View additional information for pet owners, airlines, and others about APHIS endorsement of international health certificates \(239.52 KB\).](#)

If pets or support animals accompany you on a cruise, you must comply with entry rules for **every** country or port where your pet or support animal exits the ship.

## Will you be returning to the United States with your pet?



[View APHIS Requirements](#)

**ALERT:** If you're traveling with a dog, be aware that the [CDC has additional requirements for bringing a dog into the United States](#). You must follow CDC's requirements, or your dog will not be allowed to enter the United States.

## If you are transiting (passing through) the European Union:



If your pet is traveling through (transiting) a country in the European Union (EU) on the way to a third, non-EU country, you will also need a transit health certificate for your pet for the EU. The transit health certificate will be the same as if your pet's final destination was the EU country. Use the information and steps above under "Travel Requirements Based on Pet Type" to determine which health certificate should be used. [View a list of EU countries](#).

See More See Less

## Need Help?

## [Guidance for Pet Owners](#)

[Read an overview of the process for taking your pet to another country and related resources.](#)

## [Frequently Asked Questions](#)

[View frequently asked questions about traveling with your pet.](#)

## **Still Have Questions?**

### USDA-Accredited Veterinarians

Contact a USDA-accredited veterinarian for questions about your destination country's entry requirements for pets (including any needed vaccinations, tests, or treatments) and for issuance of health certificates.

[Find a USDA-Accredited Veterinarian](#)

### USDA Endorsement Offices

Contact your nearest APHIS Veterinary Export Trade Services Endorsement Office for questions about endorsing a health certificate for pets.

For VEHCS help see the [VEHCS help page](#). Routine APHIS VEHCS processing services are staffed Monday through Friday from 7:00 AM to 4:30 PM Central Time (CT) excluding federal holidays, the time listed in VEHCS reflects GMT.

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Loading...

[All Contacts](#)

## **Looking for Another Country?**

Find your destination country requirements by using the dropdown menu below. If your country is not listed in the menu, visit [Pet Travel: Unknown Requirements](#).

Select Destination Country  ▼ [Go](#)  
[Print](#)