# FOR INFORMATION AND ACTION DA-2016-122

## APR 20 2016

Subject:

APHIS Establishes a host list for Bactrocera latifrons, the Malaysian fruit fly

To:

State and Territory Agricultural Regulatory Officials

APHIS has developed a new fruit fly host list for the Malaysian fruit fly (*Bactrocera latifrons* or MALFF). Effective immediately, the new MALFF host list will be used for federal regulation of MALFF hosts under U.S. domestic quarantines for this pest. This action is required because the federal fruit fly host list in the Code of Federal Regulations (7 CFR 301.32) does not include MALFF. An established host list is needed to prevent the spread and establishment of this pest in the United States.

The MALFF is a destructive fruit fly in the family Tephritidae. It is native to Asia and has spread to many parts of the world, including Hawaii and most recently to Africa. The MALFF attacks more than 50 fruits and vegetables. This Federal Order, the MALFF host list, and the MALFF quarantine areas are posted at:

### http://www.aphis.usda.gov/plant-health/ff

Effective immediately, the Animal Plant Health Inspection Service will regulate the interstate movement of MALFF host articles (berry, fruit, nut, or vegetable) from all MALFF quarantine areas in the United States in accordance with the regulations in 7 CFR 301.32 et seq. and any applicable provisions of this Federal Order.

Because the regulations in 7 CFR 301.32 et seq. do not list the regulated host articles for MALFF, they are listed in the web link below under Quarantine Information. The berries, fruit, nuts, and vegetables of the plant species in the attached Federal Order are considered regulated articles for MALFF, and they are subject to all of the requirements of 7 CFR 301.32 et seq.

#### http://www.aphis.usda.gov/plant-health/ff

For additional information about the Malaysian Fruit Fly Program, you may call APHIS National Fruit Fly Policy Manager John C. Stewart at 919-855-7426.

Osama El-Lissy

Deputy Administrator

Plant Protection and Quarantine

Attachment: Federal Order

#### FEDERAL ORDER

Designation of Regulated Host Articles for the Malaysian Fruit Fly (*Bactrocera latifrons*) for Federal Quarantine Regulations in the United States

Effective immediately, this Federal Order establishes a list for the domestic federal regulation of Malaysian fruit fly (MALFF) hosts. All interstate movement of MALFF host articles from quarantine areas of the United States must be done in accordance with the regulations in the Code of Federal Regulations (7 CFR 301.32 et seq.) and any applicable provisions of this Federal Order.

This Federal Order is issued in accordance with the regulatory authority provided by the Plant Protection Act (PPA) of June 20, 2000, as amended, Section 412(a), 7 U.S.C. 7712(a). The Act authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to prohibit or restrict the movement in interstate commerce of any plant, plant part, or article if the Secretary determines the prohibition or restriction is necessary to prevent the dissemination of a plant pest within the United States. This Federal Order is also issued pursuant to the regulations promulgated under the Plant Protection Act found in the *Code of Federal Regulations* at 7 CFR 301.32.

This is the first federally recognized host list for the MALFF and is required to prevent the dissemination and establishment of MALFF in the United States. The berries, fruit, nuts, and vegetables of the plant species listed below are <u>now</u> considered regulated (host) articles for MALFF and are subject to the requirements of 7 CFR 301.32.

Scientific Name	Common Name
Baccaurea motleyana (Mull. Arg.) Mull. Arg.	Rambai
Benincasa hispida (Thunb.) Cogn.	Ash gourd
Capsicum annuum L.	Chili Pepper
Capsicum annuum L. var annuum	Bell Pepper
Capsicum baccatum	Barpeppar
Capsicum chinense Jacq.	Bonnet Pepper
Capsicum frutescens L.	Bird Pepper
Capsicum spp.	Pepper
Citrullus Ianatus (Thunb.) Matsum. & Nakai	Watermelon
Coccinia grandis (L.) Voigt	lvy gourd
Coffea arabica L.	Arabian coffee
Cucumis dipsaceus Ehrenb. Ex Spach	Hedgehog cucumber
Cucumis melo L. subsp agrestis (Naudin) Pangalo var conomon (Thunb.)	Oriental pickling melon
Makino	
Cucumis sativus L.	Cucumber
Diplocyclos palmatus (L.) C. Jeffrey	Lollipop-climber
Gmelina philippensis Cham.	
Lagenaria siceraria (Molina) Standl.	Bottle gourd

Lagerstroemia indica L.

Linociera parkinsoni

Linociera xanthocarpum

Lycianthes biflora (Lour.) Bitter

Momordica trifoliolata Hook.f.

Murraya paniculata (L.) Jack

Passiflora foetida L.

Physalis peruviana L.

Psidium guajava L.

Punica granatum L.

Sapindus rarak DC.

Solanum aculeatissimum Jacq.

Solanum aethiopicum L.

Solanum americanum Mill.

Solanum anquivi Lam.

Solanum donianum Walp.

Solanum granulosoleprosum Dunal

Solanum incanum L.

Solanum lanceifolium Jacq.

Solanum lasiocarpum Dunal

Solanum linnaeanum Hepper & P.-M.L. Jaeger

Solanum lycopersicum L. var. cerasiforme (Alef.) Fosberg

Solanum lycopersicum L. var. lycopersicum

Solanum macrocarpon L.

Solanum mammosum L.

Solanum melongena L.

Solanum nigrescens M. Martens & Galeotti

Solanum nigrum L.

Solanum pimpinellifolium L.

Solanum pseudocapsicum L.

Solanum scabrum Mill.

Solanum spp.

Solanum sisymbriifolium Lam.

Solanum stramoniifolium Jacq.

Solanum torvum Sw.

Solanum trilobatum L.

Solanum viarum Dunal

Solanum violaceum Ortega

Terminalia catappa L.

Ziziphus jujuba Mill.

Ziziphus nummularia (Burm.f.) Wight & Arn.

Crape myrtle

Da chi hong si xian

Chinese boxwood

Wild passionfruit

Cape-gooseberry

Guava

Pomegranate

Dutch eggplant

Chinese scarlet eggplant

American nightshade

Bitter apple

Indian nightshade

apple-of-Sodom

Cherry tomato

Tomato

African eggplant

Macawbush

Eggplant

Divine nightshade

Black nightshade

Currant tomato

Jerusalem-cherry

serasaiem enerry

Garden huckleberry

Sticky nightshade

Devil's fig

Purple-fruited pea eggplant

Tropical soda apple

Ci tian qie

Indian almond

Common jujube

The MALFF is an insect pest of mainly Solanaceous crops such as pepper and eggplant. It is a native of Asia and was first detected in Hawaii in 1983. Important crops at risk in the United States include eggplant, peppers, tomatoes, watermelon, and others. Damage occurs when the female lays eggs in the

fruit. The eggs hatch into larvae that tunnel through the flesh of the fruit, making it unfit for consumption. The U.S. Malaysian fruit fly quarantine areas and the requirements to transport host plant material are described on the Plant Protection and Quarantine website:

#### http://www.aphis.usda.gov/plant-health/ff-quarantine

Plants included in the host list have recorded infestations by *B. latifrons* under natural field conditions. Each validated host plant in this document satisfies the definition and attributes of a suitable host plant as stipulated in the North American Plant Protection Organization Regional Standard for Phytosanitary Management No. 30, "Guidelines for the Determination and Designation of Host Status of a Fruit or Vegetable for Fruit Flies (Diptera: Tephritidae)," and "Guidelines for Plant Pest Risk Assessment of Imported Fruit and Vegetable Commodities" of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Plant Protection and Quarantine. Unless proven otherwise, all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of the plant species listed herein are considered suitable hosts of *B. latifrons*.

For additional information on the MALFF host list and MALFF quarantine programs, you may call APHIS National Fruit Fly Policy Manager John C. Stewart at 919-855-7426.