The criteria for the inclusion of a disease in the OIE List are as follows:

1. International spread of the agent (via live animals, their products or fomites) has been proven on three or more occasions.

   AND

   i) A number of countries with populations of susceptible animals are free of the disease/infection or face impending freedom (based on the animal health surveillance provisions of the *Terrestrial Code*, in particular those contained in Chapter 1.4.)

   OR

   ii) OIE annual reports indicate that a number of countries with susceptible populations have reported absence of the disease for several consecutive years (based on the animal health surveillance information notified in WAHIS)

   AND

   i) Transmission to humans has been proven, and human infection is associated with severe consequences (death or serious illness)

   OR

   ii) The disease/infection has been shown to cause significant production losses in domestic animals at the level of a country or a zone, excepting the situation where there is an efficient and affordable vaccine and vaccination is carried out by most Members

   OR

   iii) The disease/infection has been shown to, or scientific evidence indicates that it would, have a significant negative effect on wild animal populations

   AND
i) A repeatable and reliable means of detection and diagnosis exists and a precise case definition is available to clearly identify cases and allow them to be distinguished from other pathologies.

OR

2. The disease is an *emerging disease* with apparent zoonotic properties, rapid spread, or possible significant production losses and a case definition is available to clearly identify cases and allow them to be distinguished from other pathologies.

Article 1.2.2.

The following *diseases* are included in the OIE List.

In case of modifications of this list of animal *diseases* adopted by the General Assembly, the new list comes into force on 1 January of the following year.

1. The following *diseases* are included within the category of multiple species *diseases*:
   - Anthrax
   - Aujeszky’s disease
   - Bluetongue
   - Brucellosis (*Brucella abortus*)
   - Brucellosis (*Brucella melitensis*)
   - Brucellosis (*Brucella suis*)
   - Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever
   - Echinococcosis/hydatidosis
   - Epizootic haemorrhagic disease
   - Equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern)
   - Foot and mouth disease
   - Heartwater
   - Japanese encephalitis
   - New world screwworm (*Cochliomyia hominivorax*)
   - Old world screwworm (*Chrysomya bezziana*)
   - Paratuberculosis
   - Q fever
   - Rabies
   - Rift Valley fever
   - Rinderpest
   - *Surra* (*Trypanosoma evansi*)
   - Trichinellosis
- Tularemia
- Vesicular stomatitis
- West Nile fever.

2. The following diseases are included within the category of cattle diseases:
- Bovine anaplasmosis
- Bovine babesiosis
- Bovine genital campylobacteriosis
- Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
- Bovine tuberculosis
- Bovine viral diarrhoea
- Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia
- Enzootic bovine leukosis
- Haemorrhagic septicaemia
- Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis
- Lumpy skin disease
- Theileriosis
- Trichomonosis
- Trypanosomosis (tsetse-transmitted).

3. The following diseases are included within the category of sheep and goat diseases:
- Caprine arthritis/encephalitis
- Contagious agalactia
- Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia
- Enzootic abortion of ewes (ovine chlamydiosis)
- Maedi–visna
- Nairobi sheep disease
- Ovine epididymitis \( (Brucella ovis) \)
- Peste des petits ruminants
- Salmonellosis \( (S. \) abortusovis)\)
- Scrapie
- Sheep pox and goat pox.

4. The following diseases are included within the category of equine diseases:
- African horse sickness
- Contagious equine metritis
- Dourine
- Equine encephalomyelitis \( \text{(Western)} \)
- Equine infecti-us anaemia
- Equine influenza
- Equine piroplasmosis
- Equine rhinopneumonitis
- Equine viral arteritis
- Glanders
- Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis.

5. The following diseases are included within the category of swine diseases:
- African swine fever
- Classical swine fever
- Nipah virus encephalitis
- Porcine cysticercosis
- Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome
- Swine vesicular disease
- Transmissible gastroenteritis.

6. The following diseases are included within the category of avian diseases:
- Avian chlamydiosis
- Avian infectious bronchitis
- Avian infectious laryngotracheitis
- Avian mycoplasmosis (Mycoplasma gallisepticum)
- Avian mycoplasmosis (Mycoplasma synoviae)
- Duck virus hepatitis
- Fowl typhoid
- Highly pathogenic avian influenza in birds and low pathogenicity notifiable avian influenza in poultry as defined in Chapter 10.4.
- Infectious bursal disease (Gumboro disease)
- Newcastle disease
- Pullorum disease
- Turkey rhinotracheitis.

7. The following diseases are included within the category of lagomorph disease:
- Myxomatosis
- Rabbit haemorrhagic disease.

8. The following diseases are included within the category of bee diseases:
- Acarapisosis of honey bees
- American foulbrood of honey bees
- European foulbrood of honey bees
- Small hive beetle infestation (*Aethina tumida*)
- *Tropilaelaps* infestation of honey bees
- Varroosis of honey bees.

9. The following *diseases* are included within the category of other *diseases*:

- Camelpox
- Leishmaniosis.