Monitoring for Periodontal Disease (PD) in Dogs

Examining each dog’s teeth and gums regularly, such as once a month, is the best way to detect and treat disease or injury early.

**STEP 1**
Gently pull back the lips and cheeks in order to see the teeth and gums. Inspect both upper and lower jaw on both sides of the mouth. *Don’t forget to look at the back teeth.*

**STEP 2**
Gently open the mouth as wide as the dog will allow to inspect the inside (nearest the tongue) areas of the teeth, both sides, and upper and lower jaws.

---

**No Disease (Grade 0)**
- **Gums:** normal, healthy
- **Teeth:** no tartar, no loose or missing teeth

**Gingivitis (Grade I)**
- **Gums:** mild redness
- **Teeth:** mild tartar, no loose or missing teeth

**Early Periodontitis (Grade II)**
- **Gums:** redness and swelling
- **Teeth:** mild to moderate tartar, no missing teeth but some may be loose

**Moderate Periodontitis (Grade III)**
- **Gums:** redness, swelling, may bleed with gentle touch or chewing, may be recessed in areas (a)
- **Teeth:** moderate to severe amount of tartar (b), there may be loose or missing teeth

**Severe Periodontitis (Grade IV)**
- **Gums:** severe redness, inflammation, bleed easily, pus may be present
- **Teeth:** large amount of tartar, loose and missing teeth are likely

---

**PRACTICAL TIP**

When visually assessing, it is best to avoid causing distress at all steps. Handle the dog gently, and only do what the dog will comfortably allow. This will be a better experience for the dog so he or she will be more likely to cooperate with future exams, and it decreases the risk of bites to the caretaker.

*Note any broken, loose, or missing teeth. Note any discharge (e.g., pus), blood, redness, or swelling of the gums.*

If you see any of these, or any other abnormal conditions, we encourage you to *consult with your veterinarian for treatment options.*

---

This Animal Care Aid is part of a series developed to provide information about PD in dogs. For more information, refer to the other topics covered in the series (“Canine PD” and “Preventive Care for PD in Dogs”).

Questions? Email us at CenterforAnimalWelfare@aphis.usda.gov

The U.S. Department of Agriculture is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

Credit: Dog illustration at upper right created by Cristiano Zoucas from the Noun Project.

Animal Care
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service
AC-18-004 • Issued June 2018