

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Veterinary Services

Dairy 2007 VS Initial Visit (February 26 – April 30, 2007)



National Animal Health Monitoring System

2150 Centre Ave Bldg B Fort Collins, CO 80526

Form Approved OMB Number 0579-0205 Approval expires: 4/30/2010

State FIPS:	Operation #:	Interviewer:	Date:
2 digits	4 digits	Initials	(mm/dd/yy)

Section A—Inventory

1.	Hov	w many dairy cattle of the following types are housed on this operation today?	
	a.	Lactating cows	.V001
	b.	Dry cows	.V002
	c.	Bred heifers	.V003
2.		w many dairy heifer calves were weaned (removed from a liquid ration) ile on this operation in the last 12 months?	.V004

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0579-0205. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.25 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collected.

NAHMS-189 JAN 2007

Section B—Biosecurity

Which of the following categories best describes how familiar you are with the listed d

	ı	Fairly knowledge- <u>able</u>	Know some basics	Recognized the name, not much else	Haven't heard of it <u>before</u>
a.	Foot-and-mouth disease voo	os I 1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
b.	Heartwatervoo	o6	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
C.	Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE or mad cow disease)voo	o7	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
d.	Screwwormvoo	₀₈ \square_1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
e.	Johne's disease (paratuberculosis)voo	o9 □ 1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
f.	Bluetonguevo1	0 🗖	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
g.	Vesicular stomatitisvon	1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
h.	Anthraxvo1	₂ \square_1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
i.	Mycoplasma mastitisvon	3 □1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
j.	Hemorrhagic bowel syndrome (HBS) (Jejunal hemorrhage				
	syndrome)vo1	⁴ □ ₁	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
k.	Bovine viral diarrhea (BVD)vo1	5 	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
l.	Leptospira hardjo bovisvo1	₆ □ ₁	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4

4. If an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease (or other foreign animal disease) occurred in the U.S., how likely would you be to use the following sources to get **information** about the disease?

,		Very <u>likely</u>	Somewhat <u>likely</u>	Not <u>likely</u>
a.	Other dairy producersvo17	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
b.	Private veterinarianvo18		\square_2	\square_3
c.	Extension agentvo19	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
d.	Dairy organization or cooperativevo20		\square_2	\square_3
e.	Magazinesv021	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
f.	Internetv022		\square_2	\square_3
g.	State Veterinarian's officevo23	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
h.	U.S. Department of Agriculturevo24		\square_2	\square_3
i.	Television/newspapersv025	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
j.	Other (specify:)vo260THvo26		\square_2	\square_3

5.	(or	ou had an animal you suspected of having foot-and-mouth disease other foreign animal disease) on your operation, would you ntact the following resources?		
	a.	Extension agent/universityv027	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	State Veterinarian's officevo28	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	c.	U.S. Department of Agriculturev029	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Private veterinarianvo30	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	e.	Feed company or milk cooperative representativevo31	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	f.	Other (specify:)vo32OTHvo32	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
6.	pro cor	r each of the following signs associated with a potential herd disease oblem, at what level of change (percentage or number) would you nated a veterinarian for assistance? Inter N/A if you would never contact a veterinarian for assistance.)		
				umber
	a.	-		
	b.			
	C.			
	d.	·		
	e.	Other (specify:)vo370TH vo37/604	OR	
7.	fan	average, how many paid and unpaid people, including owners and nily members, are assigned duties directly related to operation of the dairy? Acclude people that work exclusively with crop activities.)	N	umber
	a.	Full-timevv)38	
	b.	Part-timevv)39	
8.	Are	e you using any of the following biosecurity practices?		
	a.		s allowed	□ ₃ No
	b.	Guidelines regarding foreign travel by employees $_{V041}$ \square_1 Yes \square_2 No e	mployees	□ ₃ No
	C.	Written standard operating procedures (SOPs) (other than milking procedures)?	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Training for employees in performing these practices? v_{043} v_{1} Yes v_{2} No expression of the property of the pr	mployees	□ ₃ No
9.	car nei	ring an average week , how many visits were made by people who me onto your operation, including employees, veterinarians, ghbors, nutritionists, milk haulers, etc.?	visit	s/week
		the visits made above, how many involved contact h animals on your operation? ar	nimal contac	ct visits

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10.	fror	his operation sends heifers off site and cattle are not commingled with cattle m other operations, then consider "no incoming cattle" for this animal class. neifers are commingled off site, consider incoming cattle and answer appropriately.	
	sou nor	the last 12 months, were you aware of the urce and geographic origin of all, some, or ne of the cattle coming onto this eration?	ne
11	الم	ve you used any of the following practices in the last 12 months?	
11.		Footbaths for visitors entering animal areas v_{046} \square_1 Yes \square_2 No visitors \square_3 N	VIO
	b.	Disposable or clean boots for visitors	••
	٥.	entering animal areas	<mark>۷</mark> ٥
	C.	Insect control (such as sprays, foggers, treated ear tags, products administered to animals [topical/oral], etc.) $_{V048}$ \square_1 Yes \square_3 N	۷o
	d.	Rodent control (such as cats, traps, chemical/bait, etc.)	<mark>۷</mark> ٥
	e.	Bird control (such as traps, noise, chemical/bait, etc.)	V٥
	f.	Limit cattle contact with other livestock, elk, and deerv₀₅₁ □₁ Yes □₃ N	<mark>۷</mark> ٥
	g.	Control access to cattle feed by other livestock and wildlife, such as elk, deer, and raccoons	۷o
	h.	Closed herd (all replacements are from this operation, no contact	
	:	with cattle from other operations)	
	i.	Restrictions on vehicles entering animal area	NO
	J.	Restrictions on employee livestock ownership outside this operation	<mark>۷</mark> ٥
12.	use	the last 12 months, how often did this operation et the same equipment to handle both and cattle feed?	⁄er
	dor	Routinely or Rarely, which best describes cleaning procedures usually ne with equipment after handling manure and prior to handling feed? The check one only.)	
	\square_1	Wash equipment with water or steam only	
	\square_2	Chemically disinfect only	
	\square_3	Wash equipment and chemically disinfect	
	\square_4	Other (specify:)vos7oth	
	\square_5	No procedures done	057
13.	witl	he last 12 months, did this operation share any heavy equipment h other livestock operations (i.e., tractors, feeding equipment, anure spreaders, trailers)?	۷o
	If I	Item 13 = NO, SKIP to Item 16.	
14.		the last 12 months, how many times did this operation are equipment with other operations?	

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15.	usu (Ch	ich of the following best describes this operation's cleaning procedures ally done with shared equipment prior to use on your operation? week one only.) Wash equipment with water or steam only Chemically disinfect only Wash equipment and chemically disinfect			
		Other (specify:)V0600TH			
		No procedures done			V060
16.	Do	es this operation participate in any of the following kinds of nne's disease control or certification programs?			
	a.	A unique program developed specifically for this operation	. V061	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	A State-sponsored program	. V062	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	c.	Other (specify:)vossoth	. V063	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
17.	Do	cows on this operation usually calve in:			
	a.	Multiple animal area/pen?	. V064	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Individual animal area/pen cleaned between each calving?	. V065	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	c.	Individual animal area/pen cleaned after two or more calvings?	. V066	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Other (specify:)vo670TH	. V067	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
18.	Нο	w many hours are cows in the usual calving area/pen:			
	a.	Prior to calving? (Enter 0 if moved immediately; answer to nearest quarter hour if less than 1 hour.)vo68/500	d	lays OR	_ hours
	b.	After calving? (Enter 0 if removed immediately; answer to			hours
		nearest quarter hour if less than 1 hour.)vo69			_ nours
19.	Do	any of the following cows enter the usual calving area/pen?			
	a.	Sick cowsvo70		□ ₁ Yes	-
	b.	Lame cows		□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Johne's test-positive cows	'es	□ ₂ Don't test	□ ₃ No
	<mark>d.</mark>	Other (specify:)V073OTHV073		□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
20.	Wh	at percentage of calves are born in the usual calving area/pen?	. V074	_	%
21.	ls c	colostrum from Johne's test-positive cows fed to calves?vo75	'es	□ ₂ Don't test	□ ₃ No
		Section C—Source of Replacements			

22. How many dairy cow replacements entered the milking herd in the last 12 months? vo76

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State/Operation	#:
State/Oberation	#.

23. A shipment refers to movement of one or a group of animals at one time, regardless of how many trailers or trucks were used.

Of the dairy cow replacements that entered the milking herd in the last 12 months from the following sources, how many were obtained and how many shipments were required to move the animals to your operation?

	,,,,,,,,	Head	Shipments
a.	Born on this operation and raised on the operation? v077		N/A
b.	Born on this operation and raised by off-site heifer grower? vo78/084		
C.	Purchased directly from other dairiesvo79/085		
d.	Purchased from a dealervo80/086		
e.	Purchased from auction marketsvoa1/087		
f.	Purchased from other source (specify:)vos2oth vos2/088		
	Total (should equal Item 22)vo83		

Section D—Disease Confirmation

24. Were any of the following diseases confirmed via laboratory testing of cattle on this operation in the last 12 months, and if "Yes," which diagnostic samples were used to confirm the disease(s)? If "Other" is marked, write specifics in margin.

	Animals with	Animals Diagnostic Samples with							
Disease	Confirmed Disease (Y/N)	Aborted Fetus	Blood	Ear Notch	Feces	Milk	Tissues at Necropsy	Urine	Other
Example Disease	Υ	Х			X		X		
Bovine Leukosis Virus (BLV)	V089		V099				V112		V119
Bovine Viral Diarrhea (BVD)	V090	V095	V100	V105	V106	V109	V113		V120
Leptospirosis	V091	V096	V101				V114	V118	V121
Neospora	V092	V097	V102				V115		V122
Salmonella	V093	V098	V103		V107	V110	V116		V123
Johne's disease (Mycobacterium paratuberculosis)	(If No , see next row) _{V094}	1	V104		V108	V111	V117		V124
	If Johne's disease was confirmed on this operation more than 12 months ago, did any cows show clinical signs in last 12 months? V094A □₁ Yes □₃ No								

25.	How many abortions occurred in the last 12 months?v125	
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26.			of samples were submitted to deterr of be collected and submitted by	nine the	
		eterinarian or submitted directly			
	a.	Placenta		V126	<u></u>
	b.	Entire fetus		V127	<u></u>
	c.				
	d.	Other (specify:	V1290TH	V129	
27.	whi	any aborted fetuses that were ich of the following best describeck one only.)	not submitted for diagnosis, bes the reason for not doing so?		
	\square_1	Cost			
	\square_2	Lack of information obtained f	rom previous abortion submissions		
	\square_3	Inconvenience (e.g., getting fe	etus to the laboratory)		
	\square_4	Abortion not perceived as a pr	oblem on this operation		
	\square_5	Other (specify:)v	130OTH	V130
28.	wha		med at no cost , es would you submit to a veterinary	V131	%
		Secti	on E—General Managemen	t	
NO	TE:	In Items 29 and 30, "outside	area" refers to areas without per	manent roof stru	ctures.
29.	tha		pes the primary outside area access to during the summer and son. If no outside access, enter 4.)	winter seasons?	
	(1)	Pasture			
	(2)	Concrete alleyway or pen			
	(3)	Dry lot			
	(4)	None			
	(5)	Other (specify:)V132OTHV132/133	code Summer	code Winter
30.	tha		pes the primary outside area ss to during summer and and winte son. If no outside access, enter 4.)	r seasons?	
	(1)	Pasture			
	(2)	Concrete alleyway or pen			
	(3)	Dry lot			
	(4)	None			
	(5)	Other (specify	V134/135	code Summer	code Winter

31.	COV	nich of the following is the predominant flooring type ws stand or walk on when not being milked, excluded one only.)		ed pad?		
	\square_1	Concrete-groove/textured				
	\square_2	Concrete-slat				
	\square_3	Concrete-smooth				
	\square_4	Rubber mats over concrete				
	\square_5	Pasture				
	\square_6	Dirt				
	\square_7	Other (specify:)	/136OTH			V13
	If I	tem 31 = 5, 6, or 7, SKIP to Item 33.				
		_				
32.		I any of the following cow areas have rubber belting oring that reduced the time cows spent standing dire		∋?		
		Immediately in front of feed bunk			□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	b.	Walkway to parlor		V138	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
		Holding pen			□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	d.	Other (specify:)v1400TH		V140	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
33.	or f win	w would you best characterize the surface moisture flooring lactating cows stand on most of the time in the seasons? Inter one code only for each season.)				
	(1)	Usually dry				
	(2)	Wet about half the time				
	(3)	Almost always wet, but no standing water				
	(4)	Usually standing water or slurry	V141/142	cod		_ code
				Summer	Wint	er
34.	whi	overed freestall barns are used to house lactating ich type of barn setup houses the majority of those neck one only.)				
	\square_1	2-row				
	\square_2	3-row				
	\square_3	4-row				
	\square_4	6-row				
	\square_5	Other (specify:)	/143OTH			
	\square_6	Not housed in a covered freestall barn				V14

State/Ope	eration	#:	

35. During the summer months, were the following heat abatement methods provided to **lactating** and **dry** cows?

			<u>Lacta</u>	<u>ating</u>	Dr	<u>Y</u>
	a.	Shade (other than inside building)v144/149	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Sprinklers or misters	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Fans	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Tunnel ventilation	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	e.	Other (specify:)v1480THv148/153	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
36.		ring the last 90 days, did you use any of the following dding types for lactating and dry cows?				
			Lacta	<u>ating</u>	Dr	<u>Y</u>
	(1)	Straw and/or hayv154/165	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	<mark>(2)</mark>	Sand	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(3)	Sawdust/wood productsv156/167	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(4)	Composted/dried manure	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(5)	Rubber matsv158/169	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	<mark>(6)</mark>	Rubber tires	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(7)	Shredded newspaperv160/171	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(8 <mark>)</mark>	Mattresses	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(9)	Corn cobs and stalksv162/173	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	<mark>(10</mark>) Waterbedsv163/174	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(11) Other (specify:)v1640TH v164/175	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
37.	that lac	ter the number of the bedding type (1-11) from Item 36 at was used primarily during the last 90 days for both tating and dry cows?				
	(Er	nter N/A if no bedding used.)v176		code	Dry	code

38. During the last 90 days, did this operation feed **lactating** and **dry** cows:

		Lacta	<u>ating</u>	<u>Dr</u>	<u>y</u>
a.	Alfalfa hay/haylage? v178/196	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
b.	Corn silage?v179/197	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
C.	Clover as forage or pasture? v180/198	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
d.	Whole cottonseed? V181/199	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
e.	Cottonseed meal or hulls?v182/200	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
f.	Whole soybeans or soybean meal? V183/201	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
g.	Bakery byproducts? V184/202	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
h.	Brewery byproducts?	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
i.	Corn?	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
j.	Barley? V187/205	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
k.	Wheat? (not silage)	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
l.	Oats? (not silage)	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
m.	Green chop? V190/208	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
n.	Feather/poultry meal?v191/209	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
0.	Fish meal? V192/210	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
p.	Fat/tallow? V193/211	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
q.	Porcine meat and bone meal?v194/212	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
r.	Blood meal?v195/213	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
(Cl	the majority of lactating cows, which best describes the neck one only.)	e feed line?	?		
	Tie stall				
\square_2	Stanchion				
\square_3	Post and rail				
\square_4	Head locks				
\square_5	Elevated feed bunk in pen				
\square_6	Other (specify:)v2140TH				V214

39.

State/Operation #:	
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40. In the last 12 months, did any cows ever drink from: How many times per year are water sources drained and cleaned?

					aria ordari	<u></u>
	a.	A single cup/bowl waterer used by one cow only?v215/220	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No		_
	b.	A single cup/bowl waterer used by multiple cows?v216/221	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No		
	C.	A water tank or trough (covered or uncovered)?v217/222	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No		-
	d.	A lake, pond, stream, river, etc.?v218	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	N/A	
	e.	Another source? (specify:)V2190THV219/223	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No		-
41.	ls t	ne water that cows drink usually chlorinated?	224 🗖 1	Yes □	₂ Don't know	□ ₃ No
42.		ich of the following best describes how lactating cows are feleck one only.)	ed?			
	\square_1	Feed all lactating cows the same ration				
	\square_2	Feed individuals or groups based on production/stage of lac	ctation			
	\square_3	Feed individuals or groups based on lactation number				
	\square_4	Feed individuals or groups based on criteria other than prod stage of lactation or lactation number	duction/			V225
43.		es this operation feed anionic salts (e.g., BioChlor, SoyChlor, monium chloride, etc.), to prevent milk fever, to:	,			
	a.	Close-up cows (cows that are close to calving)?		V226	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Springing heifers?		V227	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
44.	Do	es this operation separate close-up cows from other dry cows	s?	V228	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
45.	mill	ich of the following best describes this operation's use of k urea nitrogen (MUN) testing to determine ration composition seck one only.)	n?			
	\square_1	Use routinely				
	\square_2	Use only if have a problem				
	\square_3	Never use				V229
46.	rea	rmanent removals are defined as cows removed from the her sons other than death. These include cows sent to other dair tion markets, or slaughter plants.				
	Ho	w many cows were permanently removed in the last 12 mont	hs?		V230	
47.		ring an average month, how many shipments of cows does the cation make to transport permanently removed cows to:	his			
	a.	Another dairy?			V231	
	b.	Market, auction, or stockyard?			V232	
	c.	Packer or slaughter plant?			V233	
	d.	Other? (specify:)v2340TH			V234	

Stat	te/O	peration #:				
48.		uring the last 12 months, what percentage or how many of these rmanently removed cows were:	<u>%</u>	OR	# removed	
	a.	Less than 50 days in milk? (early lactation)v235/239				
	b.	50 to 199 days in milk? (mid lactation)v236/240				
	C.	200 days or more in milk? (late lactation)v237/241				
	d	Dry cows				
		Total (should equal 100% or Item 46)v243	100%			
49.		ring the last 12 months, what percentage or how many of these rmanently removed cows were:	<u>%</u>	OR	# removed	
	a.	First lactation?v244/247				
	b.	2 to 4 lactactions?v245/248				
	C.	5 lactations or more?v246/249				
		Total (should equal 100% or Item 46)v250	100%			
		Total (Ground equal 10070 of hom 40)	10070			
50.	cel	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Pr nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatic ll count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.)	ocedı	ıres		
50.	cel (Cl	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Pr nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation Il count for milk shipped during the last 12 months?	ocedı	ıres		
50.	cel (Cl	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Pr nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation Il count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? Theck one only.)	ocedı	ıres		
50.	cel (Cl	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Properties of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation and the shipped during the last 12 months? The sheek one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml	ocedı	ıres		
50.	cel (Cl □₁ □₂ □₃	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Properties of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation and the following best describes the average bulk tank somation and the following the last 12 months? The section on the following the last 12 months? The section of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the following the last 12 months? **The following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the following best describes the following best de	ocedı	ıres		
50.	cel (CI)	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Proposition of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? Theck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml a 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml a 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml	ocedı	ıres		
50.	cel (Cl □1 □2 □3 □4 □5	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Provided of the following best describes the average bulk tank somaticall count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? Theck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml 300,000 to 399,000 cells/ml	ocedı	ıres		
50.	cel (Cl (Cl □ 1 □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □ 6	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Proceedings of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following bulk tank s	ocedı	ıres		V251
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{cel} \\ (CI) \\ \Box_1 \\ \Box_2 \\ \Box_3 \\ \Box_4 \\ \Box_5 \\ \Box_6 \\ \Box_7 \\ \text{WI} \end{array}$	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Promich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation of the formula shipped during the last 12 months? The sheek one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml 300,000 to 399,000 cells/ml 400,000 to 499,000 cells/ml 500,000 to 599,000 cells/ml	ocedı	ıres		V251
	cel $(CI)^{-1}$ \square_2 \square_3 \square_4 \square_5 \square_6 \square_7 Wi $(CI)^{-1}$	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Proceeding the following best describes the average bulk tank somation and the following best describes the average bulk tank somation and the following the last 12 months? The following the	ocedı	ıres		V251
	cel (CI) \Box_1 \Box_2 \Box_3 \Box_4 \Box_5 \Box_6 \Box_7 Wi (CI) \Box_1	Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Promits of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation in the last 12 months? It count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? It count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? It count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? It count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? It count for milk store only.) It count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? It count for milk store only.)	ocedı	ıres		V251

52.		uently are milkers trained? one only.)			
	□ ₁ No m	nilker training			
	□ ₂ Trair	ned as new employees only			
	□ ₃ 1 to 2	2 times per year for all milkers			
	□ ₄ 3 to 4	4 times per year for all milkers			
	□ ₅ More	than 4 times per year for all milkers			
	\square_6 Other	r (specify:)v2530TH			V253
	If Item 5	2 = 1 (No milker training), SKIP to Item 54.			
53.	Which of training r	the following training methods are used on this operation for nilkers?			
		o training		□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b. Disc	ussion/lecture	. V255	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
		ne-job training		□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d. Othe	r training (specify:) _{v2570ТН}	. V257	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
54.		by times per day are the majority of fresh cows milked? one only.)			
	□₁ Once	e a day			
	□ ₂ Twic	e a day			
	\square_3 Thre	e times a day			
	□ ₄ More	than three times a day			V258
55.		ny times per day are the majority of cows, other than fresh cows , one only.)	nilked?		
	□₁ Once	e a day			
	□ ₂ Twic	e a day			
	\square_3 Thre	e times a day			
	□ ₄ More	than three times a day			V259
56.		the following best describes how frequently forestripping n this operation? ne only.)			
	□₁ Fore	strip all cows			
	□ ₂ Fore	strip some cows (i.e., with mastitis or fresh cows)			
	□ ₃ Do n	ot forestrip any cows			V260
	If Item 5	6 = 3, SKIP to Item 58.			
57.		forestripping performed? one only.)			
	□₁ Prior	to teat disinfection			
	□ ₂ After	teat disinfection but prior to drying teats			
	□ ₃ After	disinfection and/or drying			V261

#:
#:

58. Ask the Producer to briefly describe his/her premilking teat preparation routine and determine the General Method used. After the General Method is determined, pick the Specific Procedure(s) that are typically used. It is likely that only one Specific Procedure will be checked.

If more than one procedure is checked, indicate the order in the overall routine. "Single-use" and "multiple-use" refer to cows, not teats.

	PREMILKING TEAT PREPARATION ROUTINE	Check	Order
General Method	Specific Procedure	all that apply	in routine
Wash pen	Wash animals in pen prior to entering parlor	V262	V283
Water hose	With disinfectant	V263	V284
water nose	Without disinfectant	V264	V285
	Single-use cloth towel	V265	V286
Dmessina	Multiple-use cloth towel	V266	V287
Dry wipe	Single-use paper towel	V267	V288
	Multiple use paper towel	V268	V289
	Commercial teat wipes, single use	V269	V290
	Commercial teat wipes, multiple use	V270	V291
	Towel using labeled disinfectant, single use	V271	V292
Wet wipe	Towel using labeled disinfectant, multiple use	V272	V293
	Towel using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant, single use	V273	V294
	Towel using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant, multiple use	V274	V295
	Multiple use sponge with disinfectant	V275	V296
	Applied with sprayer using labeled disinfectant	V276	V297
	Applied with sprayer using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant	V277	V298
Duadin	Applied with predip cup using labeled disinfectant	V278	V299
Predip	Applied with predip cup using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant	V279	V300
	Applied as foam using labeled disinfectant	V280	V301
	Applied as foam using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant	V281	V302
Other	Other (specify:		
)v2820TH	V282	V303

59.	Which of the following best describes how teats are dried
	prior to milking in both summer and winter seasons?
	(Enter one code only for each season.)

1	(1)	Not applicable-	–teats not	wet prior	to milking

- (2) Air dry
- (3) Single-use cloth towel
- (4) Single-use paper towel
- (5) Multiple-use cloth towel
- (6) Multiple-use paper towel

(7)	Other (specify:)	V304OTHV304	4/305	code		code
				Summer		Winter	

60.	reg	nich of the following best describes postmilking procedures arding teat disinfection in both summer and winter seasons? Inter one code only for each season.)									
	(1)	(1) Dip teats with labeled postdip product									
	(2)	(2) Dip teats with nonlabeled/homemade solution									
	(3)	Spray teats with commercial postdip product									
	(4)	Foam teats with commercial postdip product									
	(5)	Teats covered in commercial powder product									
	(6)	None									
	(7)	Other (specify:)v3060THv306/307	code	⊖ Win	code ter						
61.	this (W	rate premilking and postdip teat disinfectants does soperation use primarily during both summer and winter seasons? rite in one code for each response for each season. (See attached Initial Visit Reference Card for brand names.) Codes: 1 = lodophor (iodine containing) 2 = Chlorhexidine 3 = Fatty acid based 4 = Quaternary ammonium 5 = Phenols 6 = Chlorine product 7 = Other (specify:)v3080TH 8 = None									
	_		<u>nmer</u>		<u>Winter</u>						
	a.	Premilking teat disinfectant	code		_ code						
	b.	Postdip teat disinfectant	code		_ code						
62.	bar	nich of the following best describes this operation's use of a rier teat dip (Blockade™, Uddergold™ 5-star)? neck one only.)									
	□₁ Used on all cows on this operation all the time										
	\square_2	Used on all cows during winter or adverse weather									
	\square_3	No barrier teat dip used on this operation									
	\square_4	Other (specify:)vз120TH			V312						
63.	Do	milkers wear latex or nitrile gloves when milking all cows?	√313 □ ₁	Yes	□ ₃ No						
64.	Do	es this operation use a backflush system in milking units?	/314 □ ₁	Yes	□ ₃ No						
	If I	tem 64 = NO, SKIP to Item 66.									
65.	ls t	he backflush system currently used for every milking?	/315	Yes	□ ₃ No						
66.	Do	es this operation use automatic takeoffs?	/316	Yes	\square_3 No						
67.	Are	e clinical mastitis cows generally milked:									
	a.	Using a separate milking unit from healthy cows?	/317 	Yes	□ ₃ No						
	b.	In a separate string from healthy cows?	/318 	Yes	□ ₃ No						

Stat	e/O	peration #:			
68.		the last 12 months, how many cows—all, some, or none—ve been vaccinated for:			
	a.	Coliform mastitis?v ₃₁₉ □ ₁ Vaccines include Master Guard® J5; J5 Shield [™] ; J-5 bacterin [™] ; J-5 E. coli bacterin; J-vac®	1 All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
	b.	Salmonella?v ₃₂₀	1 All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
		Vaccines include LeukoTox® MTD; SDT-Guard; Pro-Bac®; Bo-Bac 2x; Pulmo-guard™ PH-M/SDT; Cattle-val salmo; Salmonella Dublin-Typhimurium Bacterin Endovac-Bovi®; Poly-sal™ B; Salmo shield® T; Salmo shield® TD			
	c.	Vaccines include Salmonella Newport Bacterial Extract SRP	1 All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
	d.		1 All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
		Vaccines include Pulmo-guard PH-M/SDT; Myco-Bac B; Mycomune			
	e.	Staphylococcus aureus?	1 All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
	f.	Any disease using autogenous vaccines?v324	1 All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
		tem 68f = NONE, SKIP to Item 70.			
69.	We	ere autogenous vaccines administered for the following mastitis pathoge	ns?		
	a.	Mycoplasma	V325	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b <mark>.</mark>	Staph. aureus	V326	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	c.	E. coli	V327	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Strep. spp.	V328	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	e.	Other (specify:)v3290TH	V329	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
70	۱۸۱۵	ere any of the following milk cultures performed during the last 12 month	ne?		
70.				□ Vaa	□ No
	a.	Individual cows		□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Bulk-tank milk		□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	String samples	V332	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	If I	tems 70a-c are all NO, SKIP to Item 74.			

71. In the last 12 months, were any of the milk cultures performed by:

a.	Farm personnel, done on farm?v333	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
b.	A State or university diagnostic laboratory?v334	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
c.	A commercial labv335	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
d.	A private veterinary lab (veterinary clinic)v336	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No

If Item 70a = NO (no individual cow milk cultures performed), SKIP to Item 73.

72.	In t	the last 12 months, which cows were typically selected for milk culturing?		
	a.	Fresh cowsv337	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	All clinical cases	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Chronic clinical casesv339	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	d.	Clinical cases that did not respond to treatmentv340	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	e.	High somatic cell count cowsv341	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	f.	Other (specify:)v3420THv342	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
73.	Wh in t	nich of the following organisms were identified from milk cultured the last 12 months?		
	a.	Strep. agalactiaev343	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Staph. aureusv344	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	c.	Mycoplasmav345	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	E. coli / Klebsiella / other gram negativev346	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	e.	Coagulase neg staph (Staph. spp.) non-aureusv347	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	f.	Environmental strep (Strep. spp.) non-agalactiaev348	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
74.	Do	pes this operation perform on-farm antibiotic residue testing of milk?v349	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	If I	tem 74 = NO, skip to Item 77.		
75.	for	hich test is most commonly used on this operation to screen antibiotic residues in milk? heck one only.)		
	\square_1	Snap® kit (beta lactam or tetracycline)		
	\square_2	Delvotest®		
	\square_3	CITE Probe®		
	\square_4	Charm Farm		
	\square_5	Penzyme® Milk Test		
	\square_6	Other (specify:)vз500TH		V350
76.	Ar	e milk samples evaluated for antibiotic residues from:		
	a.	Fresh cows? V351	□₁ Yes	□₃ No
	b.	Individual cows recently treated for mastitis?	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Bulk tank prior to processor pickup?v353	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Other? (specify:	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
77.	Do at t	es this operation use an external teat sealant (e.g., Stronghold™) the time of dry off? heck one only.]		
	\square_1	On all cows at drying off		
	\square_2	Cows with chronic mastitis		
	\square_3	Use on all cows at drying off but only during winter or adverse weather		
	\square_4	No external teat sealant used on this operation		
	\square_5	Other (specify:)vзssoтн		V355

78.		es this operation use an internal teat sealant (Orbeseal™) at the time of drying off? seck one only.]
	\square_1	On all cows at drying off
	\square_2	Cows with chronic mastitis
	\square_3	Use on all cows at drying off but only during winter or adverse weather
	\square_4	No internal teat sealant used on this operation
	\square_5	Other (specify:)vзs60TH
79.	wer	ring the last 12 months, approximately what percentage of cows re treated with dry cow intramammary antibiotics at drying off?
	11 10	em 19 = 0, SKIF to item 61.
80.	anti	chose cows treated during the last 12 months with dry cow intramammary biotics, what percentage were given the following antibiotics? The attached VS Initial Visit Reference Card.)
		Ceftiofur hydrochloride (Spectramast DC)v358
	b.	Cephapirin (benzathine) (Cefa-Dri®/Tomorrow)v359
	C.	Cloxacillin (benzathine) (Boviclox; Dry-Clox®; Dry-Clox® Intramammary Infusion; Orbenin-DC®)v360

d. Erythromycin (Gallimycin®-Dry).....v361

(Quartermaster® Dry Cow Treatment).....v364

h. Penicillin G (procaine)/ Novobiocin (Albadry® Plus Suspension)......v365

Total (should equal 100%)....

)V366OTHV366

e. Novobiocin (Biodry®).....v362

g. Penicillin G (procaine)/Dihydrostreptomycin

Other (specify: ___

State/Operation #:

V356

__ %

__ % __ %

_____%

%

__ % _ %

100%

State/Operation #:

Section G—Antibiotic Use

81.	diseas rations	ast 12 months, did this operation use antibiotics for e prevention or growth promotion in so for weaned dairy heifers that have not yet calved?		
	□₁ We	eaned dairy heifers not housed on this operation		
	□ ₂ Ye	s; antibiotics in heifer ration		
	□ ₃ Do	n't know if antibiotics were in heifer rations		
	□ ₄ No	; antibiotics were not in heifer rations		V367
		which of the following antibiotics were used? ttached VS Initial Visit Reference Card.)		
	a.	Bacitracin methylene disalicylatev368	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Bambermycins	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Chlortetracycline compoundsv370	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Neomycin sulfate	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	e.	Ionophores (e.g., Rumensin®, Bovatec®, Deccox®)v372	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	f.	Neomycin-oxytetracyclinev373	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	g.	Oxytetracycline compoundsv374	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	<mark>h.</mark>	Sulfamethazine	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	i.	Tylosin phosphatev376	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	j.	Virginiamycinv377	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	k.	Other antibiotics (specify:)v3780TH v378	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No

State/Operation #:	
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82. Complete the table below on antibiotics used in the last 12 months to treat **diseases** or **disorders** in unweaned heifers, heifers weaned but not yet calved, and all cows. (This does NOT apply to dry cow treatments and to preventive treatments.) (See attached VS Initial Visit Reference Card.) If antibiotic is not listed, please write in name and active ingredient.

	Disease or disorder	Number of affected animals in the last 12 months	Number of affected animals treated with ANTIBIOTICS	Primary ANTIBIOTIC used (Enter 1 code from attached list.)
	Respiratory	V379	V392	V405
Unweaned Heifers	Diarrhea or other digestive Navel infection	V380 V381	V393 V394	V406 V407
	Other (specify)	V381	V394 V395	V407
	Respiratory	V383	V396	V409
Heifers weaned but	Diarrhea or other digestive	V384	V397	V410
not yet calved	Other (specify) V3850TH	V385	V398	V411
	Respiratory	V386	V399	V412
	Diarrhea or other digestive	V387	V400	V413
All sours	Reproductive	V388	V401	V414
All cows	Mastitis	V389	V402	V415
	Lameness	V390	V403	V416
	Other (specify)			
	V391OTH	V391	V404	V417

83.		Of lactating cows treated for mastitis in the last 12 months with intramammary antibiotics, were treatments based on:							
	a.	Veterinary recommendation?v418	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No					
	b.	Historical effectiveness?	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No					
	c.	Historical culture and antimicrobial sensitivity results?	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No					
	d.	Individual cow culture results prior to therapy?v421	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No					
	e.	Other? (specify:)v4220THv422	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No					
84.	off the use	he Producer is currently enrolled in DHIA or similar record-keeping system, ase ask for a copy of their herd summary sheet. Either mark out or cut the Producer's identification and replace it with the NAHMS ID number. Submit sheet with the questionnaire. Data from the herd summary sheet will be ad to collect additional information that isn't gathered during the interview, reproductive parameters. Providing the herd summary reduces the amount interview time required to obtain this additional information.							
		the Producer agree to provide a copy of the d summary sheet?	□ ₂ N/A	□ ₃ No					

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St	ate FIPS:	Operation #:	Interviewe	r:	Date:	<u>/ /</u>	
	2-digits	4-digits		Initials	(mm	/dd/yy)	
1.	and complete the question	nclude time to discuss the ponnaire). If more than one d	ata collector pr			min	VITIME
2.		rip). If more than one data o				min	VTTIME
3.		the number for each category Federal AHT		el Otl	her (specify)	VVMO/VAHT.	/VST/VOTH
4.	one code of 0-7 that bes	if questionnaire is complete t describes the reason why	the owner			code	VRCO
	04 = Does not want to do	r no time one on operation h government veterinarians o another survey or divulge I not want to be contacted cows)					
5.	Producer data quality		□ ₁ Go	ood to Excelle	ent □ ₂ OK	□ ₃ Poor	VPDQ
6.		itten or computerized records survey?			□₁ Yes	s □ ₃ No	VREC
7.	Did the Producer provide	e a copy of the DHIA summ	ary sheet?	□₁ Yes □	₂ Not on DHIA	A □ ₃ No	VDHIA
8.		est describes the responder				code	VPOS
	4 = Other hired employe	er than owner or manager) e)vроѕотн				
Comments regarding this questionnaire or operation:							
VMO or AHT Signature:							
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE COORDINATOR:							
Field data quality □ ₁ Good to Excellent □ ₂ OK □ ₃ Poor							VFDQ