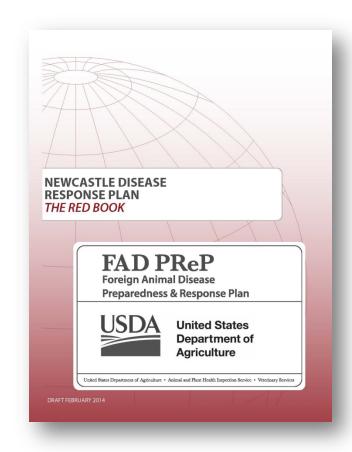


Newcastle Disease (ND) Response Plan: The Red Book (2014)





Purpose of Plan

- Provides responders with:
 - A guiding APHIS policy document to use during an ND outbreak in domestic poultry.
 - Current strategic guidance for control and eradication of ND in domestic poultry during an outbreak.

Definitions

- Avian paramyxovirus serotype 1 (APMV-1) is the etiologic agent of ND in birds.
- APMV-1 viruses that cause ND are either virulent (vNDV) or low virulence (loNDV).
- In the Code of Federal Regulations, ND refers to an infection of poultry with vNDV.
- NDV refers to the virus in general.
 - For example, when discussing environmental persistence.

Target Audience

 Animal health emergency responders, Federal, State, local, and Tribal governments as well as industry partners.



Key Components of the Plan

- Response Goals
- Response Strategy
- Critical Activities and Tools
- Framework for Incident Management



ND Response Goals

- Detect, control, and contain ND in domestic poultry as quickly as possible.
- Eradicate ND using strategies that are designed to protect public health and the environment and stabilize animal agriculture, the food supply, and the economy.
- Provide science- and risk-based approaches and systems to facilitate continuity of business for noninfected animals and non-contaminated animal products.



ND Response Strategy

- The primary control and eradication strategy for ND in domestic poultry is stamping-out.
 - Stamping-out is the depopulation of all clinically affected and in-contact susceptible poultry.
 - If the spread of ND outpaces the resources for stampingout, or if other factors direct the response away from stamping-out alone, emergency vaccination strategies may be considered.
- The response strategy will be supported by a coordinated public awareness campaign.

ND Response Strategy

Stamping-Out Policy

- Primary strategy for control and eradication of ND in domestic poultry.
- Infected birds will be depopulated in the safest, quickest, and most humane way possible.
- Based on the epidemiology of the outbreak, prioritizing the poultry to depopulate first may be necessary.
- Where resources are limited, premises will be prioritized so that those with the highest potential for active ND spread are "stamped-out" first.



ND Response Strategy

Coordinated Public Awareness Campaign

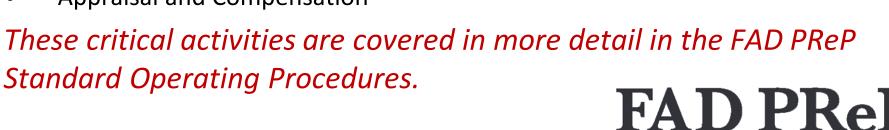
- Engages and leverages State-Federal-Tribal-localstakeholder relationships to provide unified public messages for all audiences.
- Addresses the issues and concerns relating to food safety, public health, and animal welfare.
- Addresses issues and concerns rated to continuity of business, interstate commerce, and international trade.





Response Critical Activities and Tools

- Surveillance
- Diagnostics (Sample Collection, Surge Capacity, and Reporting)
- Epidemiological Investigation and Tracing
- Communications
- Health and Safety and PPE
- Biosecurity
- Quarantine and Movement Control
- Continuity of Business
- Mass Depopulation and Euthanasia
- Disposal
- Cleaning and Disinfection
- Vaccination
- Appraisal and Compensation







Supporting FAD PReP Materials

Strategic Plans-Concept of Operations Documents

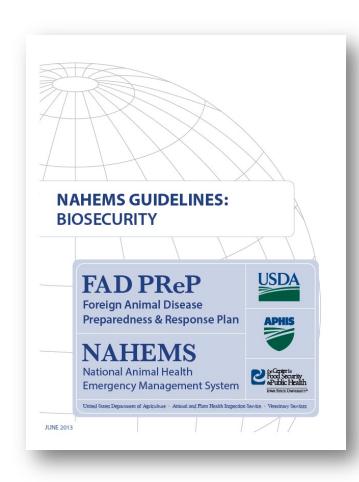
- APHIS Foreign Animal Disease Framework:
 Roles and Coordination (FAD PReP Manual 1-0)
- APHIS Foreign Animal Disease Framework:
 Response Strategies (FAD PReP Manual 2-0)
- APHIS FAD Investigation Manual (FAD PReP Manual 4-0)
- A Partial Listing of FAD Stakeholders (FAD PReP Manual 5-0)
- Incident Coordination Group Plan







Supporting FAD PReP Materials



NAHEMS Guidelines

- Health and Safety
- PPE
- Biosecurity
- Cleaning and Disinfection
- Mass Depopulation and Euthanasia
- Vaccination

Sources

- APHIS Website
 - http://www.aphis.usda.gov/fadprep
- APHIS Intranet Website
 - http://inside.aphis.usda.gov/vs/em/fadprep.shtml



Questions?