CHAPTER 7.1.

INTRODUCTION TO THE
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANIMAL WELFARE

Article 7.1.1.

**Definition—General considerations**

Animal welfare means the physical and psychological state of well-being of how an animal is coping with in relation to the conditions in which it lives and dies.

An animal is in a good state of enjoyment if (as indicated by scientific evidence) it is healthy, comfortable, well nourished, safe, it is not suffering from unpleasant states such as pain, fear and distress and it is able to express innate behaviours that are important for its physical and psychological state well-being, and if it is not suffering from unpleasant states such as pain, fear, and distress.

Good animal welfare requires disease prevention and appropriate veterinary treatment care, shelter, management and nutrition, a stimulating environment, humane handling and humane slaughter or killing. Animal welfare refers to the state of the animal, the treatment that an animal receives is covered by other terms such as animal care, animal husbandry, and humane treatment.
Glossary

Animal Welfare

means the physical and psychological state of well-being of how an animal is coping with in relation to the conditions in which it lives and dies. An animal is in a good state of welfare if (as indicated by scientific evidence) it is healthy, comfortable, well nourished, safe, able to express innate behaviour, and if it is not suffering from unpleasant states such as pain, fear and distress. Good animal welfare requires disease prevention and veterinary treatment, appropriate shelter, management, nutrition, humane handling and humane slaughter/killing. Animal welfare refers to the state of the animal; the treatment that an animal receives is covered by other terms such as animal care, animal husbandry, and humane treatment.