U.S. Import procedure for pet birds originating from countries affected with Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

2020

This document refers to imports of pet birds originating from countries that APHIS considers affected with highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI). A current list of affected countries can be found at the following link:

Animal Health Status of Regions

APHIS defines ‘pet birds’ as those birds that are imported for the personal pleasure of their individual owners and are not intended for resale. Importers of pet birds must be able to demonstrate that they have owned the bird(s) prior to when they apply for an import permit, and are capable of providing the required certification statement of ownership. We will accept the following documents as proof of ownership: veterinary health records (listing importer as the owner), bill of sale from the purchase of the bird from company XXX; or a CITES or other government issued documents listing the bird and the ownership of the bird. Ownership proof may be requested on arrival at the first U.S. port of entry.

Note: Pet birds that originate from an HPAI-free country, but which may be transiting through an HPAI-affected country en route to the United States, are not required to undergo pre-export isolation. Such transits will require special handling/monitoring, and are treated on a case-by-case basis. Importers should contact the National Import and Export Services (NIES) for further details. Additional user fees will be incurred for transit monitoring by APHIS staff in HPAI-affected countries.

I: Pre-export activities

a. The importer must apply for an Import permit thru the National Import and Export Services only. Applications must be received by NIES at least 10 days in advance of any intended importation under this accommodation. NIES contact information: 301-851-3300 (menu option 2); or by email at: VS.Live.Animals.Import.Permits@aphis.usda.gov
b. The application (VS form 17-129) and instructions can be accessed via the following link: VS Forms
c. The user fee must be submitted along with the application. Access the following web link for current rates. VS User Fees
d. Permits will be delivered per the instructions of the importer- via email attachment or courier (at the importer’s expense). We urge the importer to read the permit upon receipt for: accuracy and entry instructions.
e. Reservations for quarantine space, and all costs associated with veterinary inspection,
testing and quarantine must be paid before the start of the quarantine period. The importer should
commence these arrangements upon receipt of the import permit.

f. The importer should communicate any diet issues unique to the bird to the staff at the
quarantine center at reservation confirmation.

g. At least 72 hours before the bird is due to arrive in the United States, the importer must
contact the veterinary port office (at the phone number listed on the import permit) to
confirm flight arrangements.

h. The bird must meet all other applicable U.S. import requirements, including those of the
U.S Fish and Wildlife Service. That agency can be reached at: (703) 358-2104.

2. The bird must undergo a 21 day pre-export isolation in the exporting country, supervised by the
competent authority or their designee. The pre-export isolation:
   a. must be performed immediately prior to export to the U.S.
   b. must be supervised by an official government veterinarian, or by a veterinarian in
      the exporting country who issues the export health certificate and who has been
      authorized by the government to supervise the quarantine.APHIS recommends the
      bird be tested for avian influenza and avian paramyxovirus during this time period,
      but does not require pre-import testing.

3. The health certificate issued for the pet bird must:
   a. be issued by a veterinarian and endorsed by an official government veterinarian of
      the exporting country of origin;
   b. be dated within 30 days of the time the bird is shipped to the United States;
   c. list the seal numbers that were applied to the carrier by the official veterinarian
      (seal numbers can be placed anywhere on the health certificate, but must match
      the seals on the carrier)
   d. contain the following statements:

      i. the bird was inspected within 24 hours of consignment for export and
         was without clinical signs of any communicable disease;

      ii. the bird was not vaccinated against any H5 or H7 subtype of avian influenza;

      iii. the issuer should use only the applicable choice below on the health certificate:

        • the bird has been vaccinated against Newcastle disease (avian
          paramyxovirus) at least 21 days prior to export, using vaccines that
          do not contain any velogenic strains of Newcastle disease virus

        OR
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• the bird has not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease; (strike out which one does not apply)
the bird has not been exposed to other birds during the pre-export isolation until the time of consignment for export; the bird was isolated for a minimum of 21 days immediately prior to export; the isolation was supervised by an official government veterinarian, or by a veterinarian in the exporting country who issued the export health certificate and who has been authorized by the government to supervise the isolation period. [Note: this statement is not required if the pet bird originates from a HPAI-free country but transits an HPAI-affected country.]

i. the bird was placed in new or appropriately sanitized packing materials at the premise from which the export process began.

ii. the bird was moved directly from the pre-export isolation location to the port of embarkation to the United States

II: Port of Entry activities

1. The bird:
   a. must travel with original documents - import permit, health certificate, and in a sealed carrier
   b. must undergo APHIS veterinary inspection at the port of entry.
   c. must be imported only through the ports of New York, NY., Miami, FL or Los Angeles, CA. Birds using the port of Los Angeles is allowed to arrive at LAX, on its way to either JFK, New York or to Miami, Florida.
   d. will move directly after arrival through a bonded broker, or by USDA personnel, to a USDA-operated quarantine facility for a 30-day import quarantine.

2. Importer or agent:
   a. Will meet with the Port veterinarian and complete import documentation. Forms (VS 17-8, VS 17-29) are supplied by the port veterinarian and are completed during the veterinary inspection.
   b. Will pay User fees if not already done so.

III. Import quarantine

1. Payment for the 30 day USDA quarantine must be submitted to the federal quarantine center prior to the bird entering quarantine. Contact information for USDA quarantine facilities is located below:
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*These are the only ports of entry available for importing non-U.S. origin pet birds.*

**New York Animal Import Center (NYAIC)**
USDA, APHIS VS
230-59 Rockaway Blvd
Suite 100, Room 101
Jamaica, NY 11413
Telephone – (718) 553-3570
Fax – (718) 553-3572

**Port of Entry:** JFK International Airport

**Miami Animal Import Center (MAIC)**
USDA-APHIS-VS
6300 NW 36 Street
Miami, FL 33122
Telephone – (305) 876-2200
Fax – (305) 876 – 2201

**Port of Entry:** Miami International Airport

2. Birds must test negative for avian influenza and Newcastle disease while in quarantine or they will be refused entry and disposed of in accordance with APHIS policies.

3. At the conclusion of the 30 day quarantine, the importer must remove the bird from the quarantine. Non-immediate removal of the bird by the importer will result in additional costs.