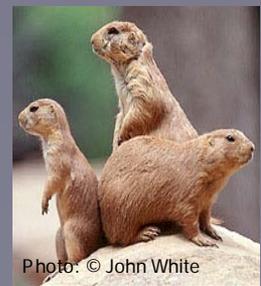


USDA/APHIS WILDLIFE SERVICES National Wildlife Disease Program

WILDLIFE DISEASE SURVEILLANCE AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE SYSTEM

Safeguarding the health of animals, humans, and ecosystems



Disease Surveillance & Management Livestock vs. Wildlife



APHIS Programs Work Together for National Animal Health

Wildlife Services

- Wild Animals
- State Natural Resources & Agriculture Agencies
- Hunters
- Public Health Agencies

Veterinary Services

- Domestic Animals
- State Agriculture Agencies
- Farmers and Ranchers



photo by Doug Wean

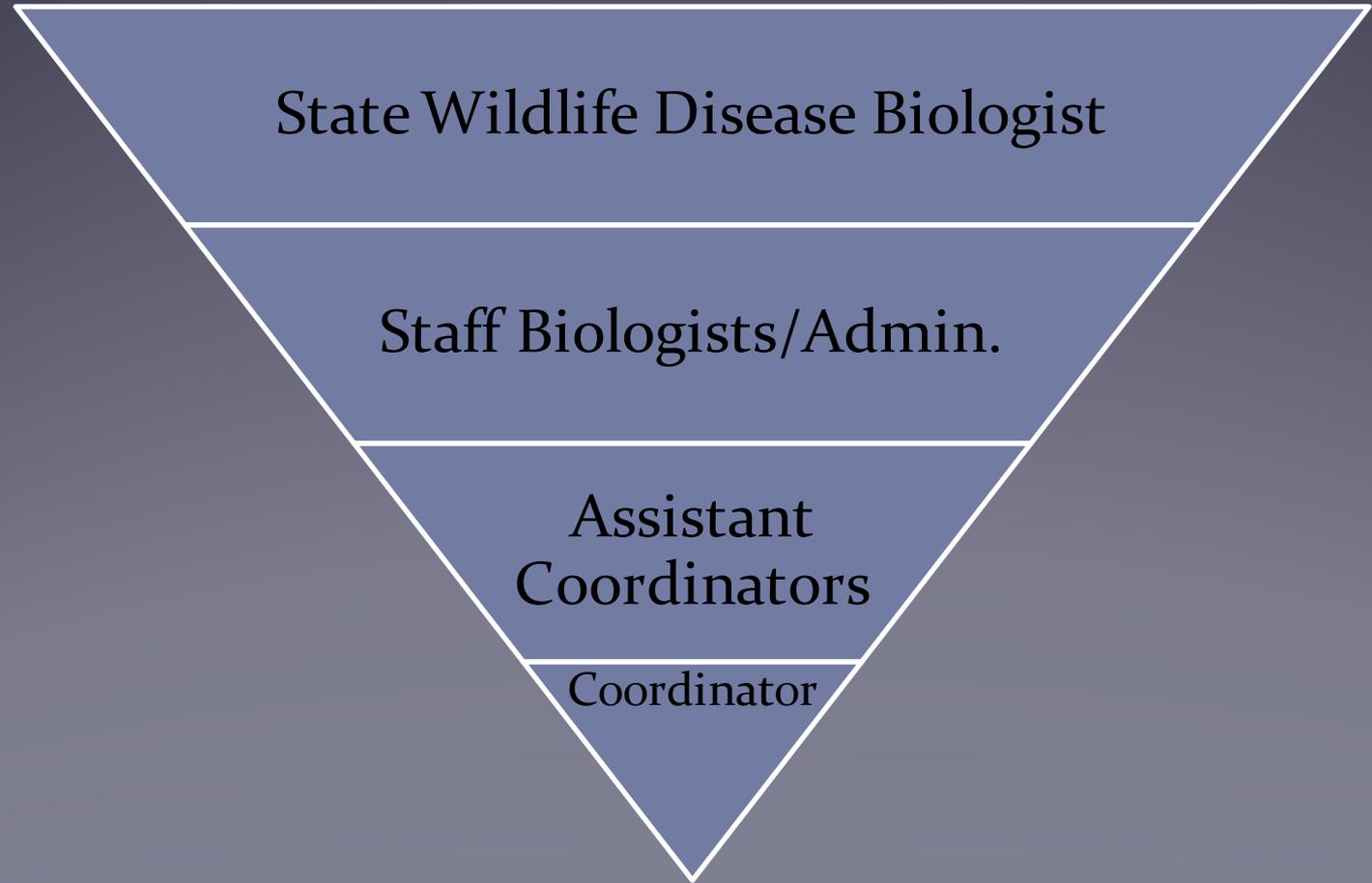
USDA/APHIS/WS

National Wildlife Disease Program

Goal

- To facilitate development and implementation of a nationally coordinated wildlife disease surveillance and emergency response system for the purpose of safeguarding
 - Wildlife populations
 - Agriculture
 - Human health and safety

USDA/APHIS/WS National Wildlife Disease Program

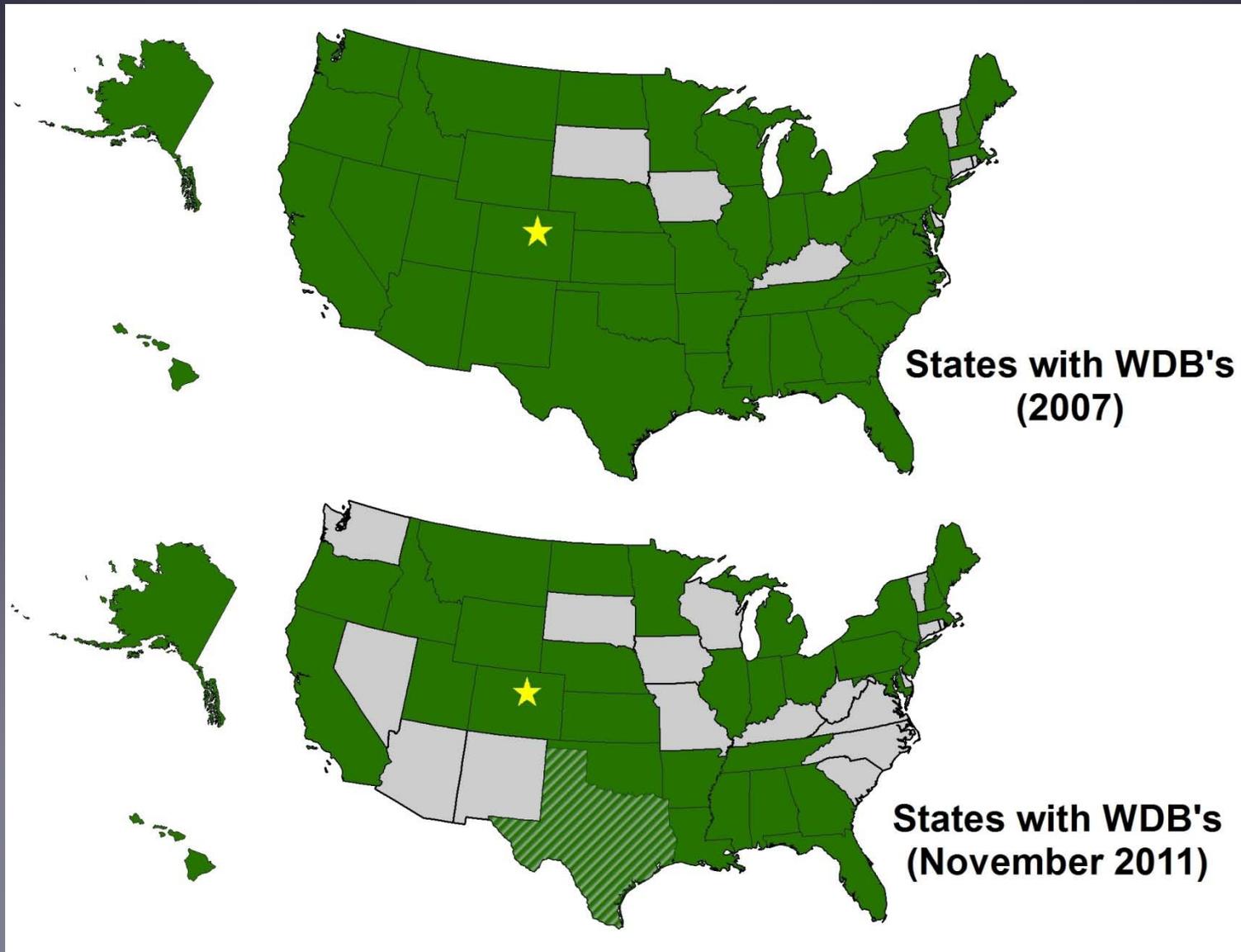


National Wildlife Disease Program

Wildlife Disease Biologist

- **Liaison with:**
 - **Veterinary Services**
 - **State Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Health**
 - **Other State, Tribal, and Federal agencies**
- **Assist these agencies in accomplishing disease surveillance and control objectives**
- **Conduct National level disease surveillance programs**
- **Respond to disease outbreaks and other emergencies**

Location of Wildlife Disease Biologists



Surveillance and Monitoring Projects

Avian Influenza

vNDV

Plague

Tularemia

CWD

bTB

BT/EHD

JE/CHKU

Leptospirosis

CSF, ASF, FMD

B. suis, PRV

PRRS, PCV-2

SIV

Hepatitis E

Trichinella

Toxoplasmosis

E. Coli O157 h7

Avian Bornavirus



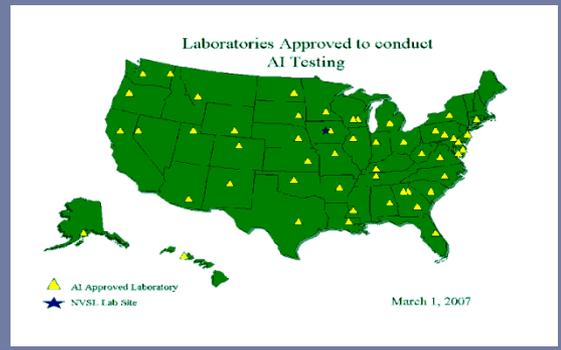
- Agricultural Concern
- Food Safety Concern
- Wildlife

- Zoonotic
- **Emerging/FAD**

Surveillance through Collaboration and Communication

Veterinary Services and National Animal Laboratory Health Network

- Allows for consistent standardized diagnostics
- Large scale sample analysis
- Reporting of results

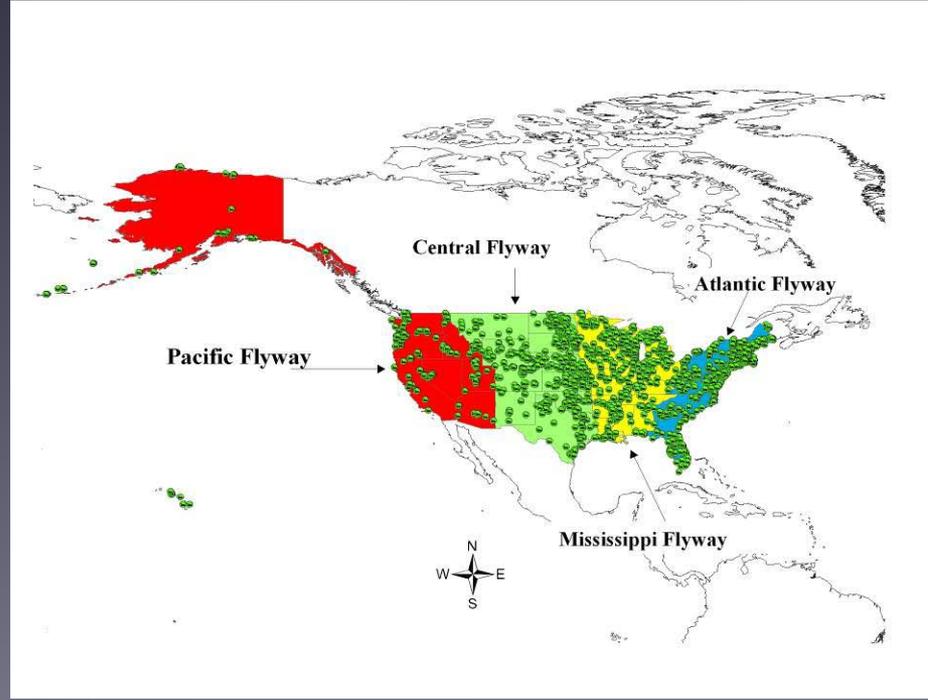


National Wildlife Health Center and Southeastern Cooperative Wildlife Disease Study

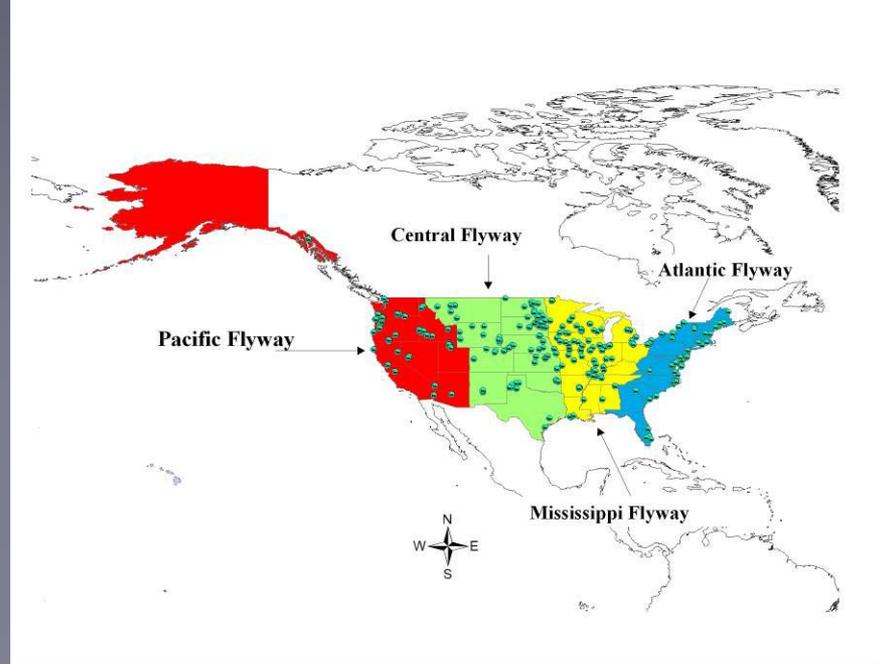
- Able to analyze mortalities of unknown origin with clinical pathology
- Expertise in identifying wildlife diseases
- Research

Avian Influenza Surveillance

Locations where wild birds were sampled



Locations where H5+ birds were sampled



Feral Swine Disease Surveillance

Procedure Manual for Comprehensive Feral Swine Disease Surveillance

Wildlife Services' Comprehensive Feral Swine Disease Surveillance Procedures Manual



October 2011

- Classical Swine Fever
- Pseudorabies
- Brucellosis
- Porcine Reproductive & Respiratory Syndrome
- Swine Influenza
- Hepatitis E Virus
- Trichinella
- Toxoplasma
- Foot and Mouth Disease
- African Swine Fever
- Leptospirosis
- E. coli 0157 h7

Emergency Response

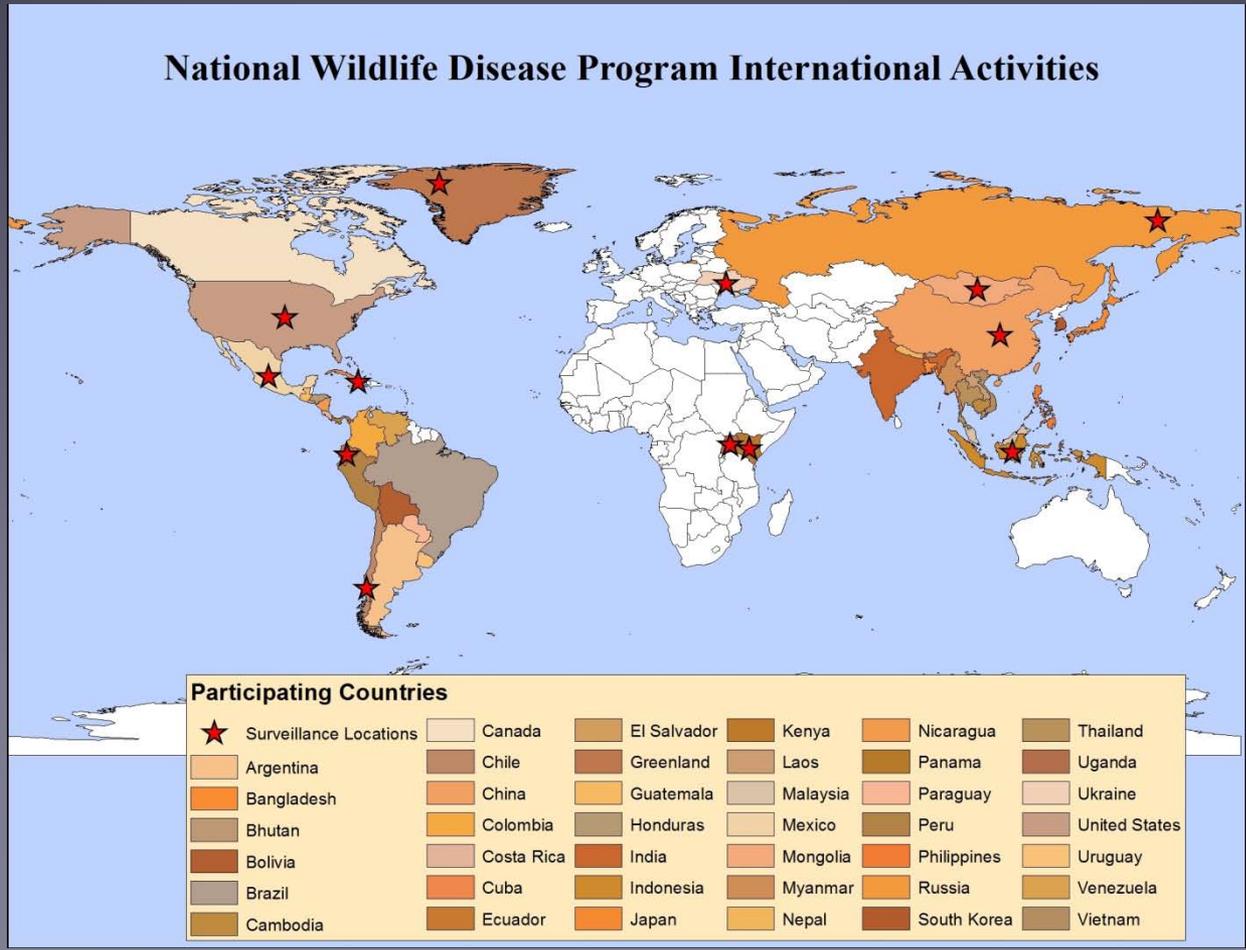
- Requires:
 - dedicated personnel and equipment
 - training
 - interagency communication and cooperation
 - Flexibility
 - Coordination



International Capacity Building

Information and Technology Exchange to Better Understand Wildlife Diseases Globally

National Wildlife Disease Program International Activities



Future Challenges

Being Prepared for the Next Disease de jour

Foreign Animal Diseases

- Foot and Mouth
- African Swine fever
- Classical Swine Fever
- Influenza
- Blue Tongue

Domestic Diseases

- Johne's
- Plague and Tularemia
- E. coli, Salmonella, Hep E
- EHD/Blue Tongue



Future Challenges

Political

Agency Turf

Within APHIS
State Agencies

Budgets

Influenza

HPAI, H₁N₁

Tuberculosis

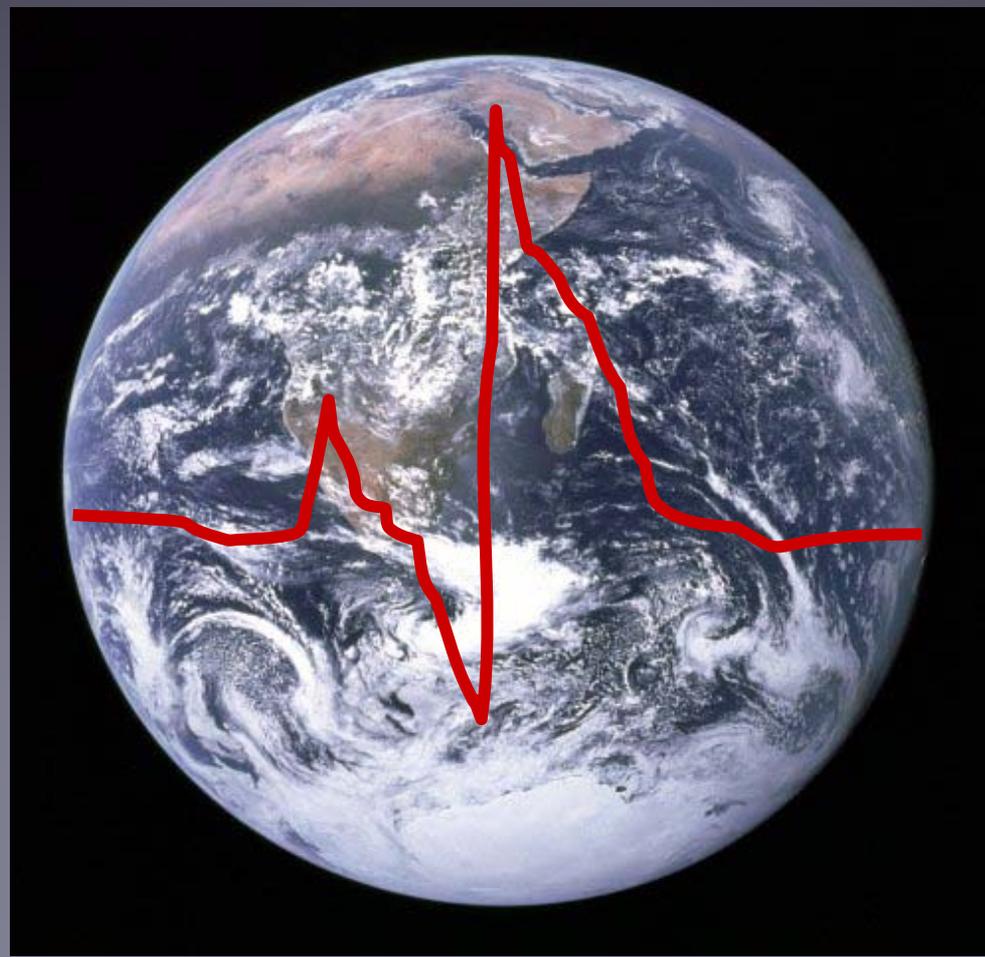
Comprehensive Feral Swine

CSF, PRV, SB, FMD, E. coli, Toxoplasma, Trichinella



“One Health”

Merging Animal Health and Public Health



Questions?



If we hide
maybe they
won't sample
us!