

Summary of Studies Supporting USDA Product Licensure

Establishment Name	Boehringer Ingelheim Animal Health USA Inc.
USDA Vet Biologics Establishment Number	124
Product Code	49W5.21
True Name	Encephalomyelitis-Rhinopneumonitis-Influenza-West Nile Virus Vaccine, Eastern & Western & Venezuelan, Killed Virus, Tetanus Toxoid
Tradename(s) / Distributor or Subsidiary (if different from manufacturer)	Vetera Goldxp + VEE - No distributor specified
Date of Compilation Summary	February 06, 2019

Disclaimer: Do not use the following studies to compare one product to another. Slight differences in study design and execution can render the comparisons meaningless.

124 49W5.21 Page 1 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Clostridium tetanus
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against Clostridium tetanus
Product Administration	One dose, administered intramuscularly
Study Animals	10 guinea pigs (10 vaccinates)
Challenge Description	Not applicable
Interval observed after	Not applicable
challenge	
Results	6 weeks after the injection, vaccinate serum samples were collected and pooled, then tested for antitoxin content by indirect Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay. A satisfactory value which met the requirements per 9 CFR 113.114(c) was achieved.
USDA Approval Date	February 15, 2011

124 49W5.21 Page 2 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Eastern equine encephalomyelitis
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against Eastern equine
	encephalomyelitis
Product Administration	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 14 to 21 days apart
Study Animals	12 guinea pigs (10 vaccinates, 2 controls)
Challenge Description	Not applicable
Interval observed after	Not applicable
challenge	
Results	Serum samples were tested by a plaque reduction, serum neutralization test, 14 to 21 days after the second injection. Vaccinates and controls were evaluated in terms of Eastern equine encephalomyelitis per the criteria in 9 CFR 113.207(b) and the requirements were met.
USDA Approval Date	February 15, 2011

124 49W5.21 Page 3 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against Venezuelan Equine
	Encephalomyelitis
Product Administration	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 14 to 21 days apart
Study Animals	12 guinea pigs (10 vaccinates, 2 controls)
Challenge Description	Not applicable
Interval observed after	Not applicable
challenge	
Results	Serum samples were tested by a plaque reduction, serum neutralization test, 14 to 21 days after the second injection. Vaccinates and controls were evaluated in terms of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis per the criteria in 9 CFR 113.207(b) and the requirements were met.
USDA Approval Date	February 15, 2011

124 49W5.21 Page 4 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Western equine encephalomyelitis
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against Western equine
	encephalomyelitis
Product Administration	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 14-21 days apart
Study Animals	12 guinea pigs (10 vaccinates, 2 controls)
Challenge Description	Not applicable
Interval observed after	Not applicable
challenge	
Results	Serum samples were tested by a plaque reduction, serum neutralization test, 14 days after the second injection. Vaccinates and controls were evaluated in terms of Western equine encephalomyelitis per the criteria in 9 CFR 113.207(b) and the requirements were met.
USDA Approval Date	February 15, 2011

124 49W5.21 Page 5 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy												
Pertaining to	Equine he	erpesvirus	type 1 (F	EHV-1)									
Study Purpose				gainst respiratory disease caused by									
Product Administration	Two dose	s, adminis	stered inti	ramuscularly, 21 days apart									
Study Animals				controls), 4-5 months of age									
Challenge Description	Equine he vaccination		type 1 ac	dministered 15 days post-final									
Interval observed after challenge	Horses we	ere observ	ed daily	for 14 days post-challenge									
Results	See raw d	ata on fol	lowing pa	ages.									
	signs of r classified following Disease st Normal Mild												
	The numb	ch category were: Moderate 10 3											
USDA Approval Date	January 2	8, 2009											

124 49W5.21 Page 6 of 28

Nasal Discharge:

Day Postchallenge

Treatment	ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	1					1.5			1.5	1.5	1	1.5				
	2						1.5		1.5	1.5	1	1.5	1.5	1		
	3						1.5			1.5	2			1.5		
	4			1		2	1.5		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5				1.5
	5				2	2	2	1	4	2	2	1.5	1.5		1.5	
	6			1		4	6	4	4	4	4	2	2	2		
	7					1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2	4	1		1	1
	8								1.5	2	2	4	1.5	4	2	1.5
	9				1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2	1.5				
Controls	10			1			1		1.5	1.5	2	4	4		1.5	1.5
(20 horses)	11						1.5	1.5	1.5		2		1.5	1.5	1.5	
	12						1.5	1.5		2						1.5
	13						2	1.5	1.5	2	2	2	1.5	1.5	1.5	4
	14				1.5	2		1.5		1.5	1.5	1.5			2	2
	15				1	2	1.5	1	1.5		4		1		4	1.5
	16					1.5	1.5	2	2	2	2	1.5	1	1	4	2
	17					1.5		1			1.5	2		1.5	1.5	
	18						1	1.5	1.5	4	4	2	1.5	4	1.5	2
	19				1	2	1.5		1.5	2	4	1	1.5		1	
	20						1.5	1.5	2	1.5	2				1.5	
	1					1		1				1.5				
	2				1											
	3						1	1.5	4		1.5	1.5			1	
	4				1						2	1				
	5				1				1	1						
	6				1	1.5						1.5	2	2	2	1.5
	7							2					1.5			
	8															
	9					2	1.5	2	2	6	2	1.5		1.5	4	2
Vaccinates	10								1				1	1.5		
(20 horses)	11				1		1.5		2	2	1	1.5				
	12				1		1.5	2	1.5	2	2	2		2	2	1.5
	13				1.5						1.5	1.5			1.5	1.5
	14							1	1			1			1.5	
	15				1											
	16				1		1.5	1.5	1			1.5				
	17															
	18						1			1.5		1.5				
	19														6	2
	20															

Scoring:

Blank is 0 = none;

- 1 = slight serous, as may be observed in both normal and diseased horses;
- 1.5 = very slight mucopurulent discharge;
- 2 = moderate clear serous discharge, or slight mucopurulent discharge;
- 3 = abundant serous discharge;
- 4 = moderate mucopurulent discharge;
- 6 = heavy mucopurulent discharge

124 49W5.21 Page 7 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy											
Pertaining to	Equine herpesvirus ty											
Study Purpose	Demonstration of effi EHV-4	cacy against respira	tory disease cau	ised by								
Product Administration	Two doses, administe	red intramuscularly,	, 21 days apart									
Study Animals	40 horses (20 vaccina	tes, 20 controls), 4 r	nonths of age									
Challenge Description	Equine herpresvirus ty vaccination	ype 4 administered	14 days post-fin	al								
Interval observed after challenge	Horses were observed	l daily for 14 days p	ost-challenge									
Results	See raw data on follow	wing pages.										
	The horses were assessed for the presence of nasal and ocular discharge as signs of respiratory disease. The severity of the combined findings (nasal and ocular discharge) were classified as "mild" or "moderate" according to the following classification:											
	Disease status Nasal score Ocular											
	N. 1 0	0 1	score									
	Normal = 0	0 or 1	0 or 1									
	Mild = 1 Mild = 1	0 or 1	2									
		1.5, 2, or 3	any									
	Moderate = 2 4 or 6 any Moderate respiratory disease was observed in 8/20 placebo controls and 1/20 vaccinated horse, and mild disease was obse in 12/20 placebo controls and 17/20 vaccinated horses. None of the placebo controls remained healthy following challenge, whereas 2 vaccinates showed no signs of respiratory disease.											
USDA Approval Date	May 31, 2011											

124 49W5.21 Page 8 of 28

Ocular Discharge:

Day Postchallenge

Treatment	Animal	0	1	2	3	Jay P	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Treatment	1	-	1	-	3	-	3		2	0	2	2	2	12	2	2
I	2	 	├──		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-
-	3	 	├──		2	2	-	2	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	2
	4	 	├──		2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2		2	-
	5	 	├──			2	-	-	-	-	2			2	2	2
	6	 	├──		2	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-
	7		\vdash	_		2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	-	2
	8		\vdash		2	-	2	2	-	2	-	-		-		-
	9				2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Controls	10				2	2	2	2	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	
Controls	11		 		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	12		\vdash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
	13												-		-	
	14				2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2		2
	15				-	2	2	2	+	2	2	2	2	-		<u> </u>
	16					-	-	2		2	2	2	2			
	17		\vdash			2		2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	18				2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
	19				2	2	2	2			2				2	2
	20		\vdash		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				
	1		\vdash									2	2	2		
	2					2										
	3						2		2	2				2	2	2
	4				2			2			2					
	5								2							2
	6									2	2					
	7						2	2								
	8					2	2	2	2		2					
	9															2
Vaccinates	10							2					2		2	2
vaccinates	11															
	12										2	2	2			2
	13					2	2		2					2	2	2
	14															
	15						2	2								
	16	<u> </u>							<u> </u>							
	17	<u> </u>			2			2	2	2		2		2	2	2
	18									2		2		2	2	
	19															
	20															

Scoring:

Blank is 0=none 1=mild or moderate 2=severe

124 49W5.21 Page 9 of 28

Nasal Discharge:

Day Postchallenge

Day Postchallenge

Treatment	Animal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
2.2	1	Ť	<u> </u>	- -	1	1	<u> </u>	Ť	1	2	3		3	<u>-</u> -	3	+
	2				2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	4	3	3	2
	3				3	3	-	2	4	- -	- -	3	3	2	2	+
	4					4	4	3	3	4	3	3			2	2
	5					2	3	3	3		3	2	2		2	3
	6						3		2	4	3	3	2	3	2	\vdash
	7				1	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2		2	2
	8								2		2					
	9							2	2	3	2	2	2	3		
Controls	10				3	4	3	3	3	2		2	2	2	2	2
	11															1
	12						3		2	2	2				3	3
	13					3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2			
	14				2	3	4	4	2	4	2	4	3	4	3	
	15				1		3	3	3	3		3	3			2
	16				3	3	3	4	2	4	4	3	4	2	2	2
	17					1		2	2	3	2		3	3		
	18				2		3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2
	19						1	4	2	3		3			2	3
	20				2			2	2		3		2	2	2	
	1								2					2	3	
	2															
	3									1	2				3	
	4				1											<u> </u>
	5								2				3			2
	6										3					—
	7					1				ļ.,						—
	8							2	3	1	3	ļ.,				
	9										_	1	_			2
Vaccinates	10								2		3		2			
	11								2	2	2	1	2			1
	12							-	3	2	3	1	3	2	2	2
	13							1	3	2			2	2	2	
	14								2	2				- 2		
	15	_							2	-	-	1			-	
	16 17	_			2				-	3	-	1		3	2	
	18				-				_	4	2		2	,	2	
	19								_	4	-		-		-	
		_			_	_			2			2	2			-
	20								2			3	3			

Scoring:

Blank is 0 = none

- 1 = slight clear serous, as may be observed in both normal and diseased horses;
- 1.5 = very slight mucopurulent discharge, one or both nostrils;
- 2 = moderate clear serous discharge, easily seen in one or both nostrils;
- 3 = abundant clear serous discharge typically seen only in diseased horses;
- 4 = moderately mucopurulent, in large quantities in both nostrils;
- 5 = heavy mucopurulent discharge in large amounts in both nostrils

124 49W5.21 Page 10 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Equine influenza virus
Study Purpose	Demonstration of 6-month duration of immunity against
_	respiratory disease caused by equine influenza
Product Administration	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 21 days apart.
	Vaccinates received test product, and controls received
	adjuvanted diluent.
Study Animals	30 horses (20 vaccinates, 10 controls), 5-6 months of age
Challenge Description	Influenza A/eq/Ohio/2003 administered 184 days post-final
	vaccination
Interval observed after	Horses were observed daily for 10 days post-challenge
challenge	
Results	See tables at the end of document for data.
	Clinical Signs: An animal was considered positive (affected by challenge) if the animal exhibited: • Fever (temperature >102.5°F), OR • Nasal discharge (moderate serous discharge or mucopurulent discharge), OR • Ocular discharge A total of 9/10 (90%) controls were positive as compared to only 9/20 (45%) vaccinates. There were no adverse reactions to vaccine administration at any timepoint.
USDA Approval Date	September 7, 2010

124 49W5.21 Page 11 of 28

					D	ays P	ost-ch	alleng	ge .			
Treatment	Clinical Sign	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Controls												
	Fever											
1	Nasal discharge						+	+	+	+		
	Ocular discharge						+			+		+
	Fever											
2	Nasal discharge			+			+		+	+	+	
	Ocular discharge						+	+			+	+
	Fever											
3	Nasal discharge							+		+		
	Ocular discharge			+			+			+		+
	Fever											
4	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge						+	+	+			+
	Fever											
5	Nasal discharge					+	+	+	+	+	+	
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
6	Nasal discharge					+			+		+	+
	Ocular discharge											+
	Fever											
7	Nasal discharge			+			+		+			+
	Ocular discharge			+				+				
	Fever								+			
8	Nasal discharge						+	+	+			+
	Ocular discharge			+	+		+	+				+
	Fever											
9	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
10	Nasal discharge						+	+	+	+	+	
	Ocular discharge					+	+		+	+	+	

124 49W5.21 Page 12 of 28

					D	avs P	ost-ch	allen	ze			
Treatment	Clinical Sign	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Vaccinates												
	Fever											
1	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
2	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
3	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge						+			+	+	
	Fever											
4	Nasal discharge								+			
	Ocular discharge											
5	Fever											
	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
6	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
7	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
8	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
9	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever						+					
10	Nasal discharge							+	+			
	Ocular discharge									+		+
	Fever											
11	Nasal discharge						+			+	+	+
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
12	Nasal discharge									+		
_	Ocular discharge											

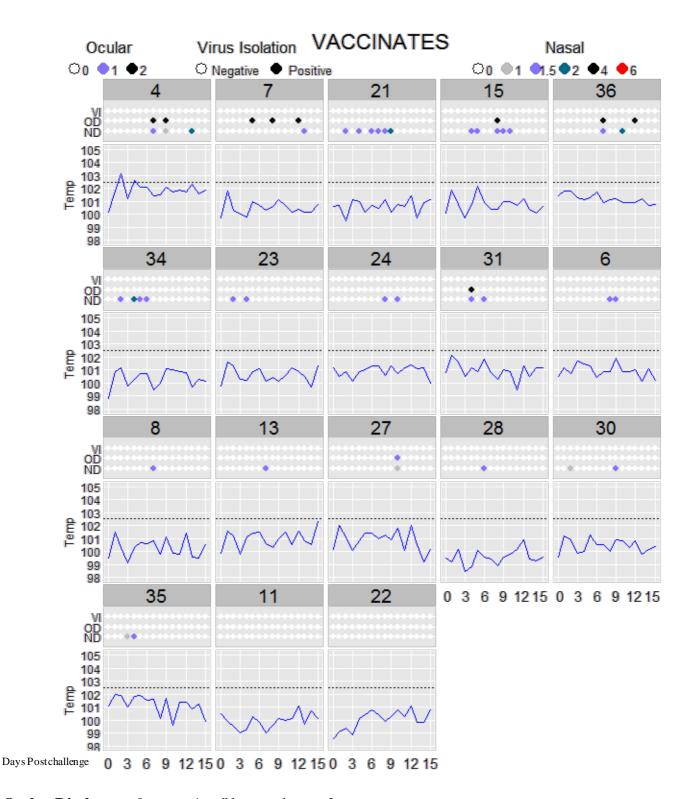
124 49W5.21 Page 13 of 28

					D	ays P	ost-ch	allen	ge			
Treatment	Clinical Sign	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Vaccinates												
	Fever											
13	Nasal discharge					+						+
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
14	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
15	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge						+		+			
	Fever											
16	Nasal discharge							+				
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
17	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
18	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
19	Nasal discharge							+		+		
	Ocular discharge											
	Fever											
20	Nasal discharge											
	Ocular discharge											

124 49W5.21 Page 14 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Equine influenza virus
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against respiratory disease and shedding caused
	by equine influenza
Product	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 21 days apart.
Administration	
Study Animals	37 horses (18 vaccinates, 19 controls), approximately 9-10 months of age
Challenge	Influenza A/eq/Ohio/2003 administered 3 weeks post-final vaccination
Description	
Interval	Horses were observed, and nasal swabs were collected, daily for 15 days
observed after	post-challenge.
challenge	
Results	See tables at the end of document for data.
	Clinical Signs:
	An animal was considered positive (affected by challenge) if the animal
	exhibited the following at any post-challenge observation point:
	• Fever (temperature $\geq 102.5^{\circ}$ F), OR
	Ocular discharge, OR
	Nasal discharge (very slight mucopurulent discharge, or worse)
	Duration of disease was calculated from the date the animal was first observed to be positive to the date of last positive observation for that animal. Based on this calculation, the median duration of disease for the controls was determined to be 11 days as compared to 3 days for the vaccinates.
	Nasal shedding of influenza virus was evaluated through nasal swab virus isolation results. An animal was considered positive if virus was isolated from nasal swabs on one or more occasions following challenge.
	0/18 vaccinates shed virus and 12/19 controls shed virus.
	There were no adverse reactions to vaccine administration at any timepoint.
USDA	April 8, 2013
Approval Date	

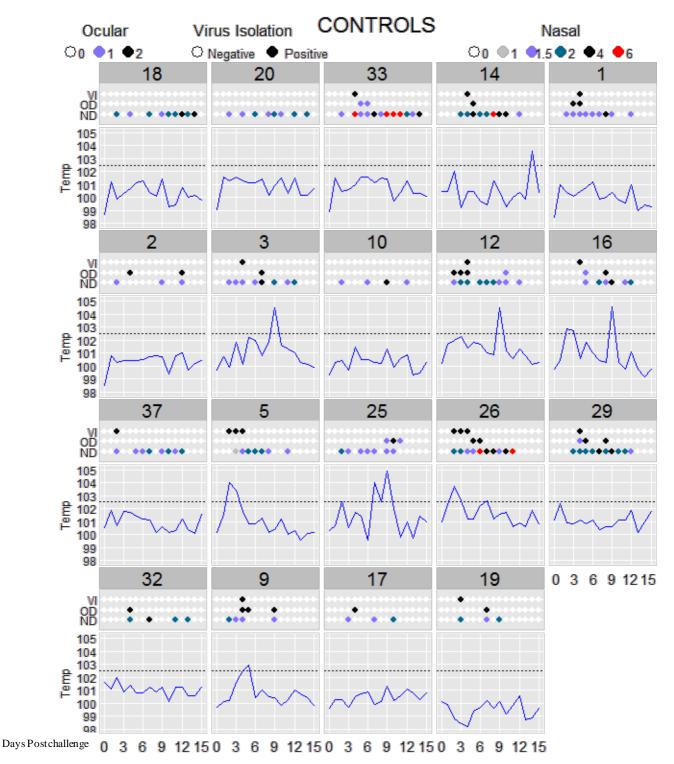
124 49W5.21 Page 15 of 28



Ocular Discharge: 0=none; 1=mild to moderate; 2=severe

Nasal Discharge: 0=none; 1=slight clear serous, as may be observed in both normal and diseased horses; 1.5=very slight mucopurulent discharge, one or both nostrils; 2=moderate clear serous discharge, easily seen in one or both nostrils; 3=Abundant clear serous discharge typically seen only in diseased horses; 4=moderately mucopurulent, in large quantities in both nostrils; 5=heavy mucopurulent discharge in large amounts in both nostrils

124 49W5.21 Page 16 of 28



Ocular Discharge: 0=none; 1=mild to moderate; 2=severe

Nasal Discharge: 0=none; 1=slight clear serous, as may be observed in both normal and diseased horses; 1.5=very slight mucopurulent discharge, one or both nostrils; 2=moderate clear serous discharge, easily seen in one or both nostrils; 3=Abundant clear serous discharge typically seen only in diseased horses; 4=moderately mucopurulent, in large quantities in both nostrils; 5=heavy mucopurulent discharge in large amounts in both nostrils

124 49W5.21 Page 17 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Equine influenza
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against respiratory disease caused by
	equine influenza A2 strain Richmond 07
Product Administration	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 21 days apart
Study Animals	20 horses (20 vaccinates), 12 months of age
Challenge Description	Not applicable
Interval observed after	Not applicable
challenge	
Results	This product class allows the manufacturer to update micro- organisms in this vaccine under expedited procedures to respond to emerging needs. Abbreviated data to support influenza strain updates to the product composition were evaluated by USDA- APHIS and found to be acceptable based on regulations and policies at the time of approval. Full vaccination-challenge studies may not have been required for these updates.
USDA Approval Date	February 2, 2012

124 49W5.21 Page 18 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Equine influenza
Study Purpose	Demonstration of efficacy against respiratory disease caused by
	equine influenza A2 strain Kentucky 95
Product Administration	Two doses, administered intramuscularly, 21 days apart
Study Animals	20 horses (20 vaccinates), 12 months of age
Challenge Description	Not applicable
Interval observed after	Not applicable
challenge	
Results	This product class allows the manufacturer to update microorganisms in this vaccine under expedited procedures to respond to emerging needs. Abbreviated data to support influenza strain updates to the product composition were evaluated by USDA-APHIS and found to be acceptable based on regulations and policies at the time of approval. Full vaccination-challenge studies may not have been required for these updates.
USDA Approval Date	February 2, 2012

124 49W5.21 Page 19 of 28

Study Type	Efficacy							
Pertaining to	West Nile Virus (WNV)							
Study Purpose	Demonstration of twelve me	onth duration of	immunity against disease					
	caused by WNV							
Product Administration	Two doses, administered intr	amuscularly, 25 da	nys apart					
Study Animals	30 horses (20 vaccinates, 10	placebo controls) 4	1-5 months of age					
Challenge Description	West Nile Virus was admin	istered at 380 day	ys (10 vaccinated and 5					
	placebo control animals) or	408 days (10 v	accinated and 5 placebo					
	control animals) post-final va	accination.						
Interval observed after	Horses were observed twice	e daily for 14 da	ys post-challenge and					
challenge	once daily for an additiona	l 7 days post-cha	llenge.					
Results	An animal was considered	affected by chall	enge if it developed					
	neurological disease, as me	easured by morta	lity and microscopic					
	evidence of virus-induced	brain disease (his	stopathology).					
	Animals were also monitor	red for viremia (d	letection of WNV in					
	the blood).							
	Results are summarized as follows:							
	Outcome Controls Vaccinates							
	Mortality	7/10 (70%)	1/20 (5%)					
	Viremia at least one day	10/10 (100%)	2/20 (10%)					
	See raw data on following	pages.						
USDA Approval Date	September 3, 2010							

124 49W5.21 Page 20 of 28

Treatment	#	Died or Euthanized due	Severity Histopat	chological lesions
Treatment	#	to disease severity	Medulla	Pons
	1	Yes	3	3
	2	Yes	3	3
	3	Yes	3	3
	4	Yes	3	3
Controls (10 horses)	5	Yes	3	3
	6	Yes	2	2
	7	Yes	1	1
	8	No	1	1
	9	No	1	1
	10	No	1	0.5
	1	Yes	3	3
	2	No	2	0.5
	3	No	1	1
	4	No	1	0.5
	5	No	1	0.5
	6	No	1	0.5
	7	No	0.5	0.5
	8	No	0.5	0.5
	9	No	0.5	0
Vaccinates	10	No	0	0.5
(20 horses)	11	No	0	0
	12	No	0	0
	13	No	0	0
	14	No	0	0
	15	No	0	0
	16	No	0	0
	17	No	0	0
	18	No	0	0
	19	No	0	0
	20	No	0	0

Scoring of hi	stopathological lesions:
0 =	No significant lesions.
0.5 =	Rare, small, multifocal glial nodules scattered throughout the parenchyma.
1 =	Mild, nonsuppurative encephalitis characterized by mild multifocal perivascular cuffs with lymphocytes and plasma cells and a rare neutrophil and scattered multifocal glial nodules composed of glial cells with a few mononuclear inflammatory cells. Occasionally within this grade, there may be minimval perivascular cuffing and more moderate scattered glial nodules.
2 =	Moderate nonsuppurative encephalitis characterized by moderate lymphoplasmacytic perivascular cuffs around many vessels and multifocal accumulations of glial nodules scattered throughout the parenchyma.
3 =	Severe nonsuppurative encephalitis characterized by severe and thick lymphoplasmacytic perivascular cuffing with multiple scattered glial nodules throughout the parenchyma.

124 49W5.21 Page 21 of 28

Viremia:												000								
Tuccotte	#	٠		1		2	3		4		3		9		r	۰	٠	10	-	7
I reatment		•	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	-	•	ý	AT.	1	77
	_				15	25	10				2								h	<u> </u>
	7					30		S	20		Š								h	h
	က				25	470	160	210	175	75	100							A	þ	h
	4			'n	20	205	175	96	2	8								h	þ	h
Controls	w			40	130	30	55	20	10									Δ	þ	h
(10 horses)	9				165	110	65	55	2										h	h
	-			2	330	200	180	225	Ĥ	2									z	h
	90				20	96	33	105	20	2										
	6			'n	30	95	55	135	240	9	22									
	01					80	70	40	10											
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	6																			
Vaccinates	0I																			
(20 horses)	=																			
	12																			
	13																			
	14																			
	12																			
	9I																			
	17																			
	18																			
	F)																			
	20																			
Actual value in plaque-forming units per milliliter equivalents (PFUeg/mL) = Positive for virus isolation Blank = Negative for virus isolation (<5 PFUeg/mL)	n plaque tive for v	Formi irus is	ng units olation	s per m (<> RE	illiliter Ueg/m	equival L)	ents (P	FUeg/n	aL) = P	ositive	for viru	s isolat	ion							
D = Dead N = Not recorded: horse was circling with sporadic head / neck tremors	ded hors	Se Was	circling	v with s	moradic	head /	neck fr	emors												
TANAL TOLL I	dee, mer	SC WAS	يستحساك	WHILE S	SUSTAINE	Trace :	17.77													

124 49W5.21 Page 22 of 28

	Ecc.								
Study Type	Efficacy								
Pertaining to	West Nile V	irus (WNV)							
Study Purpose					ty against WNV				
Product Administration	Two doses,	administered i	intramuscularl	y 22 days a	part				
Study Animals	30 horses (2	0 vaccinates,	10 placebo co	ntrols) 4-5	months of age				
Challenge Description	Challenged	with West Nil	e Virus at 201	days (Gro	up 1:				
	10 vaccinate	d and 5 place	bo control ani	mals) or 22	2 days				
	(Group 2: 10) vaccinated a	nd 5 placebo	control anim	nals) after the				
	second vacc	ination.	_						
Interval observed after	Horses were	bled on the d	ay of challeng	ge, twice da	ily for 6 days				
challenge	post-challen	ge, once daily	for an addition	nal 4 days	post-challenge,				
	and on day 1	4 post-challe	nge	-	_				
Results		_	viremia (dete	ction of W	NV in the				
			onsidered to be						
			ne or more oc	-					
				•	C				
	The number	of animals po	sitive for vire	mia at least	once is				
		for as follows							
	Challenge	Controls	Vaccinates						
	Group								
	1	5/5 (100%)	1/10 (10%)						
	2	5/5 (100%)	3/10 (30%)						
	The outcome for viremia is as follows for the first group of horses								
	challenged 201 days following the second vaccination:								
	Horse ID Challenge Group 1								
	S16 Positive								
	Controls S21 Positive								
	(5 horses) S23 Positive								
	(5 horses)	S23	Posi	tive	-				
	(5 horses)	S23 S26	Posi Posi	tive tive					
	(5 horses)	S23 S26 S30	Posi Posi Posi	tive tive tive					
	(5 horses)	S23 S26 S30 S17	Posi Posi Posi Nega	tive tive tive					
	(5 horses)	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive					
	(5 horses)	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
		\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
	Vaccinates	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$\$	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Posi	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
		\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$20 \$22 \$24	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
	Vaccinates	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$20 \$22 \$24 \$25	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
	Vaccinates	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$20 \$22 \$24	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
	Vaccinates	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$22 \$25 \$25 \$27	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
	Vaccinates (10 horses	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$20 \$24 \$25 \$27 \$28 \$29	Posi Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive	s post-challenge				
	Vaccinates (10 horses	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$20 \$24 \$25 \$27 \$28 \$29	Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
	Vaccinates (10 horses	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$20 \$24 \$25 \$27 \$28 \$29	Posi Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					
	Vaccinates (10 horses	\$23 \$26 \$30 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$20 \$24 \$25 \$27 \$28 \$29	Posi Posi Posi Posi Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega Nega	tive tive tive tive tive tive tive tive					

124 49W5.21 Page 23 of 28

		as follows for the seco following the second v	•
	Horse ID	Challenge Group 2	1
	S32	Positive	
Controls	S36	Positive	
Controls	S39	Positive	
(5 horses)	S40	Positive	
	S43	Positive	
	S31	Negative	
	S33	Positive	
	S34	Negative	
	S35	Positive	
Vaccinates	S37	Negative	
(10 horses)	S38	Negative	
	S41	Negative	
	S42	Negative]
	S44	Negative]
	S45	Positive	
		od on one or more occasion ood on zero occasions post-	

USDA Approval Date November 2, 2009

124 49W5.21 Page 24 of 28

Study Type	Safety								
Pertaining to	All fractions								
Study Purpose			nder field condi		ree differ	ent test sit	tes		
Product	2 doses given	n intramusc	ularly 21 days a	ıpart					
Administration									
Study Animals			th two doses inc	luding:					
			nonth-old foals						
			month-old foals						
Challenge	Not Applicat	1 year or ol	uer norses						
Description	Not Applicat	ne							
Interval	Horses were	observed or	n Days 0, 1 and	3 followi	ng the firs	st vaccinat	tion and		
observed after			wing the second		_				
vaccination	injection site		g uic second	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1011 101 05.		. 10 0 0 0 1		
Results			reactions obser	ved at any	of the thi	ree sites.	Local		
		-	re summarized	-					
	North Dakot	a Site:							
	Cummony	Total	Number		sient on Site	Number	Normal		
	Summary	Number	with 2 doses	_	on site lling	Number	Normai		
	Age			1 st dose	2 nd dose	1 st dose	2 nd dose		
	2-4 mo 149 149 0 0 149 149								
	5-7 mo 0 0 n/a n/a n/a n/a								
	8-11 mo 0 0 n/a n/a n/a n/a								
	1 yr-5yr	23	23	0	0	23	23		
	6-15 yr	121	121	0	0	121	121		
	>16 yr	3	3	0	0	3	3		
	Total	296	296	0	0	296	296		
	California Site: Total Number Transient Line Site Number Number								
	Summary	Number	with 2 doses		on Site	Number	Normal		
	Age			1 st dose	lling 2 nd dose	1 st dose	2 nd dose		
	2-4 mo	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	5-7 mo	5	5	0	0	5	5		
	8-11 mo	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	1 yr-5yr	25	25	0	4	25	21		
	6-15 yr	15	15	0	3	15	12		
	>16 yr	6	6	0	1	6	5		
	Total	51	51	0	8*	51	43		
			were minimal. T	The reported	d reactions	were mild,	transient,		
	non-painful i	njection swell	lings.						

124 49W5.21 Page 25 of 28

	r •		α	
N/	100	ouri	C 1	to
10	1155		٠ ٦ ١	10.

Summary	Total Number	Number with 2 doses	Transient Injection Site Swelling		Number Normal	
Age			1st dose	2 nd dose	1st dose	2 nd dose
2-4 mo	55	54	0	0	55	54
5-7 mo	15	14	0	0	15	14
8-11 mo	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1 yr-5yr	134	132	0	0	134	132
6-15 yr	68	68	0	0	68	68
>16 yr	7	7	0	0	7	7
Total	279	275	0	0	279	275

Total Across Three Sites:

Site	Total Number	Number with 2 doses	Transient Injection Site Swelling		Number Normal	
			1st dose	2 nd dose	1st dose	2 nd dose
North Dakota	296	296	0	0	296	296
California	51	51	0	8*	51	43
Missouri	279	275	0	0	279	275
Total	626	622	0	8*	626	614

^{*}Postvaccination reactions were minimal and described as mild, transient, non-painful swellings after the second vaccination in eight (8) older, heavily vaccinated horses. There were no systemic reactions observed.

USDA Approval Date February 14, 2012

124 49W5.21 Page 26 of 28

Study Type	Safety
Pertaining to	All fractions
Study Purpose	To demonstrate safety in pregnant mares under field conditions at
	two different test sites
Product	Two intramuscular doses, given 16-28 days apart. 54 pregnant mares
Administration	were injected with placebo and 325 pregnant mares were vaccinated
	with test product.
Study Animals	Three hundred seventy-nine pregnant mares at two locations were
	included in the study. The mares were confirmed to be pregnant by
	serum hormonal evaluation on the day of the first vaccination.
Challenge	Not applicable
Description	
Interval observed	1 st and 2 nd trimester: Mares observed immediately after vaccination
after vaccination	and daily for overall health and for abortion. Resulting foals were
	observed daily for 7 days following birth.
	3 rd trimester: Mares observed immediately after vaccination and
	daily for overall health and for abortion. Resulting foals were
	observed daily for 30 days following birth.
Results	Results shown on next page

124 49W5.21 Page 27 of 28

Results

Study 2013-PM-1009

North Dakota Site:

Group	Vaccinated	Confirmed	Foals	Parturition
		Pregnant		Rate
1 st trimester/ product	143	127	114	90%
1st trimester/ placebo	59	54	49	91%
2 nd trimester/ product	6	6	6	100%
3 rd trimester/ product	140	117	117	100%
Total – all animals	348	304	286	94%
Total – product only	289	250	237	95%
Total – placebo only	59	54	49	91%

Study 2013-PM-1009

Misssouri Site:

Group	Vaccinated	Confirmed Pregnant	Foals	Parturition Rate
2011 3 rd	5	5	5	100%
trimester				
2012 1st	1	1	1	100%
trimester				
2012 2 nd	53	43	39	91%
trimester				
2012 3 rd	26	26	25	96%
trimester				
Total –	85	75	70	93%
product				

Study 2014-PM-1009

North Dakota Site:

Group	Vaccinated	Confirmed Pregnant	Foaled	Parturition Rate	Foals Survived to End of Observation Period
2 nd trimester vaccinated	52	52	52	100%	51*
3 rd trimester vaccinated	69	69	67**	97.1%	67

^{*}Lost foal affirmed by study cooperator to be due to causes other than vaccination.

All other foals were normal and healthy

USDA Approval Date

September 12, 2014

124 49W5.21 Page 28 of 28

^{**}One mare died due to causes other than vaccination, as affirmed by study cooperator.