

Summary of Studies Supporting USDA Product Licensure

Establishment Name	Boehringer Ingelheim Animal Health USA Inc.
USDA Vet Biologics Establishment Number	124
Product Code	1785.12
True Name	Newcastle-Bronchitis Vaccine, Mass & Ark Types, Killed Virus
Tradename(s) / Distributor or Subsidiary (if different from manufacturer)	Gallimune NC-BR - No distributor specified
Date of Compilation Summary	May 17, 2019

Disclaimer: Do not use the following studies to compare one product to another. Slight differences in study design and execution can render the comparisons meaningless.

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Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Infectious bronchitis virus, Arkansas type
Study Purpose	Demonstrate efficacy against infectious bronchitis virus, Arkansas
	type
Product Administration	Intramuscularly (IM)
Study Animals	Chickens
Challenge Description	
Interval observed after	
challenge	
Results	Study data were evaluated by USDA-APHIS prior to product licensure and met regulatory standards for acceptance at the time of submission. No data are published because this study was submitted to USDA-APHIS prior to January 1, 2007, and APHIS only requires publication of data submitted after that date.
USDA Approval Date	January 21, 2005

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Study Type	Efficacy
Pertaining to	Infectious bronchitis virus, Massachusetts type
Study Purpose	Demonstrate efficacy against infectious bronchitis virus,
	Massachusetts type
Product Administration	Intramuscularly (IM)
Study Animals	Chickens
Challenge Description	
Interval observed after	
challenge	
Results	Study data were evaluated by USDA-APHIS prior to product licensure and met regulatory standards for acceptance at the time of submission. No data are published because this study was submitted to USDA-APHIS prior to January 1, 2007, and APHIS only requires publication of data submitted after that date.
USDA Approval Date	January 21, 2005

Study Type	Efficacy			
Pertaining to	Infectious bronchitis virus, Massachusetts type			
Study Purpose	Demonstrate efficacy against infectious bronchitis virus,			
	Massachusetts type vaccine			
Product Administration	One dose intramuscularly (IM) on study Day 21			
Study Animals	Twelve-week-old SPF chicks; 24-25 per group; Group 9 was primed at 9 weeks of age on study Day 0 with a live IBV Mass vaccine.			
	Group 7: No priming; No vaccine; IBV Mass challenge			
	Group 9: Primed; Vaccinated; IBV Mass challenge			
	Group 13: No priming; No vaccine; no challenge			
Challenge Description	Infectious bronchitis, Mass type on study Day 42			
Interval observed after	Five days post challenge, the tracheas were harvested for trachea			
challenge	ring evaluation and virus re-isolation of the strains used for the challenge.			
Results	Tracheal ring scores : A bird was considered affected if less than 50% of a tracheal ring section had discernible ciliary activity in any of three samples (representing the upper third, middle third, and lower third of the trachea). Each bird received a score from 0-3 depending on how many sections were affected. Number of affected birds:			
	Group 7: 25/25 (unvaccinated control)			
	Group 9: 0/25			
	Group 13: 0/25 (non-challenged control)			
	Virus Isolation: A bird was considered affected if any embryos died after each tracheal swab was used to inoculate 5 embryonated eggs. Each bird received a score from 0-5 based on the number of embryos that died.			
	Number of affected birds:			
	Group 7: 25/25 (unvaccinated control)			
	Group 9: 3/25			
	Group 13: 0/25 (non-challenged control)			
	Raw data on attached page.			
USDA Approval Date	June 3, 2008			

Tracheal Ring Scores – Raw data

Tracheal Score, individual Results

Three 2 mm wide tracheal rings representing the upper third, middle third and lower third of the trachea of each bird were examined for ciliary activity. Tracheal ring sections were considered positive if less than 50% of the ring had discernible ciliary activity. Each bird received a score of 0, 1, 2, or 3 depending on how many sections were positive. A score of zero indicated that all sections were negative. A score of three indicated that all sections were positive. A score ≥ 1 is considered affected.

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
7	None	MASS	7	381	3
				382	3
				383	3
				384	3
				385	3
				386	3
				387	3 3 3 3
				388	3
				389	3
				390	3
				391	3
				392	3
			8	393	3
				394	3
				395	3
				396	3
				397	3
				398	3
				399	3
				400	3
				401	3
				402	3
				403	3
				404	3
				405	3
9	Vaccine	MASS	3	331	0
,				332	0
				333	0
,				334	0
				335	0
				336	0
				337	0
				338	0
				339	0
				340	0

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
				341	0
				342	0
				343	0
			4	344	0
				345	0
				346	0
				347	0
				348	0
				349	0
1				350	0
				351	0
				352	0
				353	0
				354	0
				355	0
13	None	N/A	1	306	0
				307	0
				308	0
				309	0
				310	0
				311	0
				312	0
				313	0
				314 315	0
				316	0
				317	0
				318	0
			2	319	0
			—	320	0
				321	0
1				322	0
				323	0
				324	0
				325	0
				326	0
				327	0
				328	0
				329	0
				330	0

 MASS = Infectious bronchitis virus, Massachusetts type $\mathsf{N/A}$ = Not applicable

Virus Isolation (VI) – Raw data

VI Score, individual results

Each tracheal swab was used to inoculate 5 embryonated eggs. Each bird received a score of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 depending on how many embryos died. A score of zero indicated that none of the embryos died and a score of 5 indicated that all five of the embryos died. A score ≥ 1 is considered affected.

Grou	upvaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
7	None	MASS	7	381	
				382	
				383	
				384	
				385	5
				386	
				387	
				388	
				389	
				390	
				391	
				392	
				393	
			8	394	
				395	
				396	
				397	
				398	
				399	
				400	
				401	
				402	
				403	
				404	
				405	
9	Vaccine	MASS	3	331	
				332	C
				333	
				334	
				335	C
				336	C
				337	C
				338	C
				339	C
				340	0
				341	C

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit		Score
				342	
			4	343 344	
			4		
				345	0
				346	
				347 249	
				348 349	
				349	
				351	0
				352	
				353	0
				354	0
				355	0
				507	0
				508	
				508	0
i				510	
				511	
				512	
				513	
				514	
				515	
				516	
				518	0
•			24	519	0
				520	0
				521	0
				522	0
				523	0
				524	0
				525	0
				526	0
				527	0
				528	0
				529	0
				530	0
13	None	N/A	1	306	0
				307	
				308	0
				309	
				310	
				311	
				312	0
				313	0
				314	
				315	
				316	0

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
				317	0
				318	0
			2	319	0
				320	0
				321	0
				322	0
				323	0
				324	0
				325	0
				326	0
				327	0
				328	0
				329	0
				330	0

 MASS = Infectious bronchitis virus, Massachusetts type $\mathsf{N/A}$ = Not applicable

Study Type	Efficacy					
Pertaining to	Infectious bronchitis virus, Arkansas type					
Study Purpose	Demonstrate efficacy against infectious bronchitis virus, Arkansas					
č I	type					
Product Administration	One dose intramuscularly (IM) on study Day 21					
Study Animals	Twelve-week-old SPF chicks; 23-25 per group; Group 3 primed at 9 weeks of age on study Day 0 with a live IBV Ark vaccine, Group 1: No priming; No vaccine; IBV Ark challenge					
	Group 3: Primed; Vaccinated ; IBV Ark challenge					
	Group 13: No priming; No vaccine; no challenge					
Challenge Description	Infectious bronchitis, Ark type on study Day 42					
Interval observed after challenge	Five days post challenge, the tracheas were harvested for tracheal ring evaluation and virus re-isolation of the strains used for the challenge.					
Results	 Tracheal ring scores: A bird was considered affected if less than 50% of a tracheal ring section had discernible ciliary activity in any of three samples (representing the upper third, middle third, and lower third of the trachea). Each bird received a score from 0-3 depending on how many sections were affected. Number of affected birds: Group 1: 25/25 (unvaccinated control) Group 3: 1/24 Group 13: 0/25 (non-challenged control) Virus Isolation: A bird was considered affected if any embryos died after each tracheal swab was used to inoculate 5 embryonated eggs. Each bird received a score from 0-5 based on the number of embryos that died. Number of affected birds: Group 1: 25/25 (unvaccinated control) State of the tracheal swab was used to inoculate 5 embryonated eggs. Each bird received a score from 0-5 based on the number of embryos that died. Number of affected birds: Group 1: 25/25 (unvaccinated control) Group 13: 0/25 (non-challenged control) Braw data on attached page 					
	Raw data on attached page.					
USDA Approval Date	June 3, 2008					

Tracheal Ring Scores – Raw data

Tracheal Score, individual Results

Three 2 mm wide tracheal rings representing the upper third, middle third and lower third of the trachea of each bird were examined for ciliary activity. Tracheal ring sections were considered positive if less than 50% of the ring had discernible ciliary activity. Each bird received a score of 0, 1, 2, or 3 depending on how many sections were positive. A score of zero indicated that all sections were negative. A score of three indicated that all sections were positive. A score ≥ 1 is considered affected.

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
1	None	Ark	11	431	3
				432	3
				433	3
				434	2
				435	3
				436	3
				437	2
				438	3
				439	3
				440	3
				441	2
				442	3
				443	3
			12	444	3
				445	3
				446	3
				447	2
				448	3
				449	3
				450	3
				451	3
				452	3
				453	3
				454	2
				455	3
3	Vaccine	Ark	5	356	0
				357	0
				358	0
				359	0
				360	0
				361	0
				362	0
				363	0
				365	0
				366	0
				367	0

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
				368	0
			6	369	0
				370	0
				371	1
				372	0
				373	0
				374	0
				375	0
				376	0
				377	0
				378	0
				379	0
				380	0
13	None	N/A	1	306	0
				307	0
				308	0
				309	0
				310	0
				311	0
				312	0
				313	0
				314	0
				315	0
				316	0
				317	0
				318	0
			2	319	0
				320	0
				321	0
				322	0
				323	0
				324	0
				325	0
				326	0
				327	0
				328	0
				329	0
				330	0

Ark = Infectious bronchitis virus, Arkansas type N/A = Not applicable

Virus Isolation (VI) – Raw data

VI Score, individual results

Each tracheal swab was used to inoculate 5 embryonated eggs. Each bird received a score of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 depending on how many embryos died. A score of zero indicated that none of the embryos died and a score of 5 indicated that all five of the embryos died. A score ≥ 1 is considered affected.

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
1	None	Ark	11	431	5
				432	5
				433	5
				434	5
				435	5
				436	5
				437	5
				438	4
				439	5
				440	4
				441	5
				442	5
				443	5
			12	444	5
				445	5
				446	5
				447	5
				448	5
				449	5
				450	5
				451	5
				452	4
				453	5
				454	5
				455	4
3	Vaccine	Ark	5	356	0
				357	0
				358	0
				359	0
				360	0
				361	0
				362	0
				363	0
				365	0
				366	0
				367	0
				368	0
			6	369	0
				370	0

Group	vaccine	challenge	Unit	ID	Score
				371	0
				372	1
				373	1
				374	1
				375	0
				376	0
				377	0
				378	0
				379	0
				380	0
13	None	N/A	1	306	0
				307	0
				308	0
				309	0
				310	0
				311	0
				312	0
				313	0
				314	0
				315	0
				316	0
				317	0
				318	0
			2	319	0
				320	0
				321	0
				322	0
				323	0
				324	0
				325	0
!				326	0
				327	0
				328	0
				329	0
				330	0

Ark = Infectious bronchitis virus, Arkansas type N/A = Not applicable

Study Type	Efficacy		
Study Type			
Pertaining to	Newcastle disease		
Study Purpose	Demonstrate efficacy against Newcastle disease		
Product Administration	Intramuscularly (IM)		
Study Animals	Chickens		
Challenge Description			
Interval observed after			
challenge			
Results	Study data were evaluated by USDA-APHIS prior to product licensure and met regulatory standards for acceptance at the time of submission. No data are published because this study was submitted to USDA-APHIS prior to January 1, 2007, and APHIS only requires publication of data submitted after that date.		
USDA Approval Date	January 21, 2005		

Study Type	Safety		
Pertaining to	ALL		
Study Purpose	Demonstrate safety under field conditions		
Product Administration	Intramuscularly (IM)		
Study Animals	Chickens		
Challenge Description			
Interval observed after			
challenge			
Results	Study data were evaluated by USDA-APHIS prior to product licensure and met regulatory standards for acceptance at the time of submission. No data are published because this study was submitted to USDA-APHIS prior to January 1, 2007, and APHIS only requires publication of data submitted after that date.		
USDA Approval Date	February 14, 2005		