

CHAPTER 2.6.7.

**CLASSICAL SWINE FEVER**

Article 2.6.7.1.

The pig is the only natural host for classical swine fever (CSF) virus. The definition of pig includes all varieties of *Sus scrofa*, both domestic **breeds** and wild **bear**. For the purposes of this chapter, a distinction is made between domestic pigs (permanently captive and **owned** **farmed** free-range pigs) and wild pigs (including feral pigs).

...

Article 2.6.7.96.

When importing from countries or zones with CSF infection in domestic pigs, *Veterinary Administrations* should require:

for domestic pigs

the presentation of an *international veterinary certificate* attesting that the animals:

1. ~~have not been vaccinated against CSF nor are they the progeny of vaccinated sows, unless there are validated means of distinguishing between vaccinated and infected pigs~~ showed no clinical sign of CSF on the day of shipment;
2. were kept since birth or for the past 3 months in a CSF free compartment;
3. ~~showed no clinical sign of CSF on the day of shipment~~ have not been vaccinated against CSF nor are they the progeny of vaccinated sows, unless there are validated means of distinguishing between vaccinated and infected pigs.
3. were subjected to a virological test and a serological test performed at least 21 days prior to export with negative results.

<p><b>Rationale:</b> Live pigs originating from an infected country or zone should be tested negative for CSF prior to exportation. If vaccinated, then it must be shown that the detected titers are vaccine associated.</p>
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

USA Comments – Terrestrial Animal Health Standards Commission  
March 2007